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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi.

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"Restore Sudan & Quit Egypt"

"BRITISH MID-EAST POLICY ENDANGERS WORLD PEACE"

Nokrashy Pasha's Appeal To Security Council To Order Total & Immediate Withdrawal

LAKE SUCCESS, July 11. (U.P.A.): Egypt appealed to the United Nations Security Council to order British troops out of Egypt complaining that the British position in Egypt has caused a situation likely to endanger world peace.

The long promised compiaint by Egypt also aimed at getting the United Nations to break the stalemate in the Anglo-Egyptian Treaty negotiations, particularly over the future of the Sudan.

"RETURN SUDAN TO EGYPT"

Egyptian officials said their complaint called specifically for "firstly, the withdrawal of British troops immediately and unconditionally from the Nile Valley, including the Sudan. Secondly, termination of the British administration in the Sudan and the return of that territory to Egypt." Egyptian Premier Mahmoud Nokrashy Pasha will come here personally to argue Egypt's case when the Council takes it up—probably within a week, the officials said.

Mahmoud Hasan Pasha, Egypt's Ambassador to Washington, came here to present the formal complaint personally this morning to acting United Nations Secretary General Ivan Kerno. The case promised to be one of the hottest yet handed to the Security Council and was bound to have serious repercussions in another difficult case now before the United Nations—the problem of Palestine.

Egyptian officials described the filing of the complaint as a last-resort attempt to break the bitter deadlock over the completion of the treaty terminating Britain's long role in Egypt.

"PACIFIC SETTLEMENT" CHARTER

The contents of the Egyptian complaint were not immediately available, but the Egyptian Ambassador said, the case was advanced to the United Nations' peace enforcing agency under the provisions of the "pacific settlement" chapter of the United Nations charter. That chapter enables a country to bring to the Security Council any dispute on a situation which is likely to endanger peace and security.

Hassan Pasha told reporters, "Egypt and Sudan are one. Britain has contended that the people of the Sudan must be given a voice in determining the future status of the territory and so far has refused to relinquish its predominant share in the control of the Sudan."

No Pakistan Consembly Session In Delhi

NEW DELHI, July 11. (A.P.I.): There is no proposal to hold the inaugural session of the Pakistan Constituent Assembly in Delhi and therefore the question of taking any action in this matter does not arise, writes Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru in reply to a letter addressed to him by the General Secretary of the Socialist Party (Delhi Provincial Branch).

HENDERSON AS NEW MINISTER?

Interim Link Between India And Pakistan Dominions

LONDON, July 11, (Reuter): Prediction with regard to the identity of the new Minister of State to serve as interim link between the India and Pakistan dominions today took an entirely new turn in London, speculation suggesting the India under-Secretary, Mr. Arthur Henderson as one possibility for the new post, cables Fraser Wighton, Reuter's political correspondent.

Lord Listowel's name has already been coupled with the idea but as I suggested yesterday — in mentioning this entirely unofficial speculation—there are reasons that might make Lord Listowel's appointment impracticable. One is that with Lord Addison as senior Commonwealth Relations Minister, this would involve both Commonwealth Ministers being answerable to the House of Lords with an under-Secretary for the House of Commons.

Another reason is that while Lord Listowel with the transfer of power automatically ceases to be Secretary of State for India, he will remain Secretary of State for Burma.

The cabinet has so far taken no decision on the subject.

MAHATMA MAY GO BACK TO NOAKHALI

NEW DELHI, July 11 (A.P.I.): In the course of his post-prayer speech Mahatma Gandhi gave an indication that he might go back to Noakhali in the near future.

Mahatma Gandhi said that his real place was either in Noakhali or in Bihar, the worst sufferer of communal violence. He prayed to God that he should be in Noakhali as early as possible.

ADDRESS TO PRAYER MEETING

When the Muslims went mad in Noakhali, Mahatma Gandhi said, he felt it his duty to go there and later when Hindus in Bihar did likewise and worse he went there too, for, how could he tell only one side that they were committing crimes?

He had vowed that he would do or die in Noakhali. He had to be true to his word—both the Hindus and the Muslims of Noakhali had to assure him that he could leave the District without having any anxiety before he could leave them.

He was told that if it was all right with the rest of India it would be well with Noakhali and Bihar. He could not take that view and leave the work he had chosen. In Noakhali he shared the difficulties of the people there. The climate was bad too. But what did it matter?

HE WOULD LIKE TO BE IN FIERY FURNACE

He, therefore, wanted them to pray that he might soon be able to go to Noakhali where he felt he would be at peace. He could not say that he was happy or at peace here. He could not describe to them the agony of mind he suffered. How could it be otherwise when violence raged in the land? He would like to be in the fiery furnace and pray that, like Dhruva, he might be enabled to dance with joy even while in it. He had placed the truth before them. He implored them never to forsake truth. It was the only anchor that held.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER.
NEW YORK, July 11.

Previous Closing	33.87
Today's Opening	33.83
Difference	—4
Today's Closing	34.32
Difference	+45

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.
NEW YORK, July 11

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:—
Anaconda Copper Mining $37.
General Motors $60.
United States Steel Common $72-7.8.
United States Steel Preference unquoted.—(Reuter).

MILK

The production of milk in Bombay has decreased. Milk from Anand also does not come in sufficient quantity. The position of milk is getting acute day by day and it is becoming very difficult to get required quantity of milk from any source. If you are a customer of a well-known dairy you are sure to get pure milk in sufficient quantity.

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Mahatma Gandhi with Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan, Sardar Vallbhbhai Patell, Miss Manlben Patel and Miss Manu Gandhi coming out of his hut at Delhi, to attend the evening prayer.

AHMEDABAD CONSTABLE STABBED

Calcutta Order For Painting Jeeps

AHMEDABAD, July 11 (API).—A police head constable was stabbed today by a person in Jamalpur area and was removed to hospital.

It is stated that the assailant was trying to escape after having attempted to stab a provision merchant on account of dispute. The head constable, who chased him, was himself sabbed.

21 INCIDENTS IN CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, July 11 (API): Reports of 21 incidents were received today from the affected localities in Calcutta upto 9 p.m., says Bengal Government Press Note issued tonight.

The Press Note adds, over 60 arrests were made on the spot.

Muchipara police station reports a further case of shooting causing injury to one person. A case of gun fire by the miscreants was also reported from Belliaghata. Two incidents of firing at the police pickets occurred in Jorasanko and Amherst Street areas. The police opened fire in both cases and made three arrests.

There were four incidents involving the use of bombs and brickbats in some localities falling under Amherst Street, Jorasanko, Wagunj and Maniktala police stations. Today's stray assaults totalled 12.

GOVT. ORDER TO PAINT JEEPS

An order issued in Howrah today prescribes that jeeps, weapon carriers and other military type vehicles owned by private parties should be painted immediately in white, red, orange or yellow.

A similar order issued in Calclutta yesterday prescribed red, pink and white as the colours for privately-owned jeeps in the city. Howrah jeep owners will thus have a larger variety of colours to choose from.

Both orders have been issued in view of the fact that "such vehicles are being used for committing offences against the public safety and therefore it is essential that they should have distinctive colours."

DAY CURFEW

Day curfew from 6 A.M. to 7 P.M. tomorrow has been imposed by the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, on an area under Watgunge police station, as "there has been a further recrudescence of rioting and other breaches of the peace with loss of life."

The area is already under night curfew. The effect of the new order: therefore, is to bring it under continuous thirty-five hours' curfew commencing from 7 P.M. today.

4 KILLED: 43 INJURED

Four persons were killed and 43 others were injured in today's incidents in Howrah and Calcutta, according to bulletin issued by the Relief Welfare Ambulance Corps tonight. An earlier bulletin issued by the Indian National Ambulance Corps gave the casualty figures as 9 killed and 37 injured. These figures, however, have not been officially confirmed.

EXPLOSION IN LAHORE MARKET

LAHORE, July 11 (A.P.I.): An explosion occurred in the fruit market this morning. It is stated the missile hit a deserted house but did not cause any damage.

CURFEW EXTENDED

The curfew imposed on certain areas in Lahore has been extended for a further period of three weeks.

COLLECTIVE FINE

A collective fine of Rs. 37,360 has been imposed on the Muslims of Hazro, Urtak, Abdul. Pirad and Bhangi in the Attock District by the Governor of the Punjab under the Punjab Safety Act on the ground that they have been concerned in the commission offences and other acts which are prejudicial to the maintenance of law and order since March 9.

MULTAN RETURNS TO NORMAL

MULTAN, July 10. (A.P.I.): The situation having returned to normal the District Magistrate of Multan has lifted curfew from today. The curfew restrictions had been imposed within the Municipal Limits since March 5 when communal disturbances broke out.

KARACHI BAN ON PROCESSIONS EXTENDED

KARACHI, July 11. (A.P.I.): The order under Sec. 144 of the Criminal Procedure Code, banning processions and demonstrations in and around the Sind Secretariat due to expire on July 14, has been extended and will continue to remain in force, says a Government notification today.

COLLECTIVE FINE ON DONGRI

The Director of Publicity, Government of Bombay, writes:—

A collective fine of Rs. 1,230 has been levied on the inhabitants of one Petrol Pump station and five shops, three stalls and 19 tenements from Botawalla Building from Ibrahim Rahimtulla Road, Dongri, in connection with the recent disturbances in Bombay.

GOODWILL ENVOY RECALLED

Indonesian Mission To Middle-East And Dutch Govt. Attitude

BATAVIA, July 11. (Reuter): The Indonesian Republican Government today announced that it had recalled Hadj Augus Salim, the Foreign Minister, from a goodwill mission to the Middle East after yesterday's demand by M. Louis Beel, Dutch Prime Minister, that the Republic should break off unauthorised foreign relations.

M. Beel made his demand in a statement to the Dutch Second Chamber in the Hague.

In a press statement replying to M. Beel's points, the Republican Government said it was already clear from its reply on Tuesday that the Republic had met Dutch objections and that speedy formation of an Interim Government would remove the difficulties M. Beel had mentioned.

The Republicans considered that the most important step was the demilitarisation of the demarcation lines agreed between the Dutch and the Indonesians.

NO STATEMENT ON STERLING TALKS

LONDON, July 11 (U.P.I.): Mr. Naraharl Rao, leades of the Indian delegation engaged in Sterling Balance talks here told the United Press of India representative in a private talk last night that at his own request both sides had agreed not to make any public statement until their task was over. He however promised to meet the Indian journalists for a frank background talk at a suitable moment.

Viceroy Meets Leaders

NEW DELHI, July 11 (API).—In the morning the Viceroy received the Nawab of Chhatari, Nawab Ali Yawar Jung, Mr. Abdul Rahim, Mr. Reddy, Mr. Nizamuddin and Sir Walter Monckton.

Her Excellency received Lieut.-Col. M. Jafar.

The following came to luncheon:—Mr. and Mrs. S. Khurshid, Mr. and Mrs. Krishna Prasad, Malik Sir Khizar Hayat Khan Tiwana, Lieut.-Col. and Mrs. J. L. Mewton, Sardar Bahadur and Mrs. Balwant Singh Puri, Mr. and Mrs. Hodson, Mr. R. Trumble, Mr. D. R. Mankekar.

In the afternoon, the Viceroy received the following:—The Hon'ble Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, the Hon'ble Mr. I. I. Chundrigar. Her Excellency received Mr. Ian Stephens. In the evening the Viceroy received the Hon'ble Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.

Lieut. the Hon. R. B. Beaumont, RNVR., has arrived.

JAWAHARLAL ADDRESSES EDITORS

Impending Constitutional Changes Discussed

NEW DELHI, July 11. (A.P.I.): Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Vice-President of the Interim Government to-day lunched with the members of the Standing Committee of the All-India Newspaper Editors Conference and later addressed them for over 90 minutes on the present political developments and the impending constitutional changes.

Dr. John Matthai, Transport Member and Mr. S. N. Mazumdar, Secretary, Information and Broadcasting Department were also present.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Information Member, who was also expected to address the Committee was unable to do so owing to pressing preoccupations in connection with the partition work.

The Editors are meeting Mahatma Gandhi on Monday July 14 night.

The Editors who met the Viceroy yesterday for about 90 minutes had an exhaustive discussion with him on the present political situation.

A.I.N.E.C. SESSION.

The Standing Committee of A. I. N. E. C. held two sessions to-day to transact routine business. Mr. Devdas Gandhi presided.

The following were present:—Lala Deshbandhu Gupta ("Tej", Delhi), Messrs. K. Srinivasan ("National Standard", Bombay), B. Shiva Rao ("Sunday Hindu", Madras), Tushar Kanti Ghosh ("Amrita Bazar Patrika", Calcutta), Ian Stephens ("Statesman", Calcutta), S. A. Brelvi ("Bombay Chronicle", Bombay), Amritlal D. Seth ("Janmabhoomi", Bombay), S. Sadanand ("Free Press Journal," Bombay), S. C. Mazumdar ("Anand Bazar Patrika", Calcutta), D. V. Gokhale ("Kesari", Poona), A. D. Mani ("Hitavada", Nagpur), Joachim Alva ("Forum", Bombay), S. Sambhu Prasad ("Andhra Patrika", Madras), J. N. Sahni ("Indian News Chronicle", New Delhi), Satyendranath Majumdar ("Swaraj", Calcutta) B. P. Misra ("Bharat", Allahabad), Moinuddin Haris ("Ajmal", Bombay), K. N. Narendra ("Pratap", Lahore), A. S. Bharatan ("Associated Press of India", Bombay), B Sen Gupta ("United Press of India", Calcutta), Hilal Ahmed Zuberi "Ansari", Delhi), P. D. Sharma and Sir Francis Low ("Times of India", Bombay), Mr. Arthur Moore, Mr. Jang Bahadur ("Tribune", Lahore) and Mr. A. C. Bali were present by special invitation.

The Committee is to meet tomorrow.

TWO KILLED IN BRAZILIAN PLANE CRASH

RIO DE JANEIRO, July 11, (Reuter): Two persons were killed and six injured today when a Brazilian air force plane crashed at Sao Paulo.

NANKING, July 11, (Reuter): A military source here predicted today that the Chinese Government would soon launch an intensified war by land sea and air against Communist forces in the northern province of Shantung.

STOP PRESS

GREEK GUERILLAS' BID FOR 'FREE STATE'

ATHENS, July 11 (A.P.A.): An estimated force of 4,000 guerillas, fighting for the first time along pitched battle lines, held grimly yesterday to what they hope will become their "Free State" on the jagged slopes of towering Grammos, near the Albanian border.

Czech Withdrawal Upsets France

But Bevin And Bidault Optimistic About Success Of "Save Europe" Talks

LONDON, July 11 (Reuter).—Despite the refusal of the Eastern European Countries to take part in the Paris "Save Europe" talks, Britain still holds the view that the Conference which is due to open tomorrow, will not split Europe in two, a British Foreign Office spokesman declared today, cables Reuter's diplomatic correspondent.

The spokesman declined to comment directly on the last minute withdrawal by Czechoslovakia of her decision to attend the Conference tomorrow.

He said, however, that Britain had made it clear, when Soviet Foreign Minister Vyacheslav Molotov had suggested that the Anglo-French proposals were a device for splitting Europe, that these proposals might be a means of bringing Europe together.

Britain held that the Paris Conference was to be a purely economic conference designed to help European countries to help themselves and also to obtain outside aid.

BEVIN & BIDAULT OPTIMISTIC

The spokesman recalled that since the breakdown of the Three-Power talks in Paris last week, Mr. Ernest Bevin and the French Foreign Minister, M. Georges Bidault, had both made it clear that they hoped that Europe as a whole would join in the conference.

Anything that had happened subsequently, the spokesman said, was therefore not the responsibility of Britain.

Finland's "No" announced by Moscow Radio today, brought the number of countries who will not be represented to eight—Albania, Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Finland, Poland, Rumania and Yugoslavia.

The 14 countries who will attend are: Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Greece, Iceland, Eire, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Sweden, Switzerland and Turkey.

SINISTER MEMORIES

In Paris today, most papers, except for those of the extreme left, expressed dismay over the Czech's last minute withdrawal from the talks. Typical comments were: Prague submits to Stalin's threats and "drastic news from Prague revives our most sinister memories."

It was reported from Prague that the news of the withdrawal had surprised most Czechs. The Czech Press was equally astonished.

NO SERIOUS TROUBLE IN TRIBAL AREAS

NEW DELHI, July 11. (A.P.I.): Reports of an alarmist nature have recently appeared in the press predicting imminent and serious trouble in the tribal areas of the North-West Frontier, where it is alleged that discontent is being inflamed and instigated by outside agents, says a Press note.

There are references to an ominous situation and fighting at Miranshah in Waziristan and to a genuinely unsatisfactory attitude on the part of the tribal leaders and jirgas. The Government of India feel it necessary to point out that these reports are not in accordance with reality.

There is undoubtedly some tension and anxiety in the tribal areas arising from the uncertainty which the tribesmen naturally feel about their future; but to talk of highly difficult and inflammable situation which may cause the tribes to take up arms is a distortion of the facts. The tribes of the North-West Frontier, while watching political developments in India with the closest interest, have, as a whole, behaved with remarkable steadiness and restraint and there is no truth in the statement that the Government of India have received and are considering reports of an alarming nature from the Frontier administration.

The trouble at Miranshah was of a minor nature involving the shelling of a scouts post by a country-made gun operated by a gang of hostiles—a not in frequent occurrance in Waziristan in recent years.

HYDERABAD PRISONERS' ONE-DAY HUNGER STRIKE

HYDERABAD (Dn.), July 11 (A. P. I.): Fourteen hundred prisoners lodged in Central Jail, Hyderabad, went on one-day hunger strike on July 4 as a protest against alleged illtreatment of prisoners and the death of one of them caused thereby according to a joint statement issued by Mr. S. B. Giri and Mr. B. G. Rao, two political prisoners released from jail. Mr. Giri is a Congress Socialist worker of Secunderabad. It is understood, two jail officers have been suspended in this connection.

ANMOL GHADI
Silver Jubilee Celebration

To The World of the Connoisseurs of the Movie-Art,

YOU all simply LOVE the Silver screen. Nevertheless, even the best of the great pictures, if it but dares to disregard your fastidious choice, only lives in obscurity soon to disappear into oblivion; and the picture which you choose to confer your loving friendship on, shines constant in the silvery canopy of the sky, like the MOON.

FOR these very reasons, the Mehboob production "Anmol Ghadi" has proved the only unrivalled and peerless picture of the day It has won a smash-hit triumph over the erstwhile song-ridden musicals. Its tunefully scintillating, heart throbbingly fascinating songs are today reverberating in the nooks and corners of the whole City. Commended by the Citizens and graced by popular fancy this great favourite of the people "Anmol Ghadi" is having this week its Silver Jubilee Celebrations at the Majestic, thanks to our appreciative patrons of the City of Bombay.

AND for thus acclaiming the Mehboob production 'Anmol Ghadi' as the best picture of this year, allow us to express our deepest and most sincere feelings of obligation to the beloved denizens of Bombay to whom,

We ever remain,
Jubilantly, Heartfully, Thankfully Yours
RAJAB & THAKKUR
Sole Distributors for Bombay Province.

MAJESTIC CINEMA
25th SILVER WEEK

KIRKEE GYMKHANA RACES

Handicaps And Selections

BOMBAY, Friday.
(By Our Racing Correspondent)

The following are the handicaps and selections for to-morrow's Kirkee Gymkhana meeting:—

The first race starts at 2-30 p.m.

THE DAPURI STAKES—Distance 1 1/2 furlongs.

Shadhuri 9-0 (—80 yds); Bright Star 9-12 (—80 yds); Dimple 8-12 (—70 yds); Pistol 9-4 (—60 yds); The Beetle 10-6 (—50 yds); Tanajee 8-7 (—30 yds); Magar Rani 9-0 (—20 yds). Alantoppo 7-7 (—10 yds); Laskar King 7-7 (Scr); Mohan 8-10 (Scr); Fun Fair 9-0 (+10 yds).

SHAHDHURI ..... Win
PISTOL ..... Next Best

THE DELHI STAKES—Distance 5 furlongs.

Coeur d'Or 8-7; Cuckoo 8-7; Bold Bandit 8-7; Veer Kumar 8-7; Ratan 8-7; Queen of Harlem 8-4; Nek Parwin 8-4; Mukti 8-4; Puri Pakodi 8-4; Padma Rani 8-4.

COEUR D'OR ..... Win
BOLD BANDIT ..... Next Best

THE DEHU STAKES. Division I—Distance 3 1/2 furlongs.

Kotor 10-4 (—100 yds); Langford 11-2 (—90 yds); Royal Command 9-7 (—80 yds); Raja Ram 9-7 (—80 yds); Sugar Palm 9-4 (—80 yds); Luminary 9-4 (—80 yds); Dealwood 10-10 (—70 yds); Miss Shade 10-6 (—70 yds). Christmas 11-4 (—60 yds); Sunflower 10-4 (—60 yds); Taylor 10-6 (—50 yds); Sunday Eve 12-6 (—50 yds). Chandrika 13-0 (—40 yds); Pukar 10-0 (—40 yds); Black Gold 9-5 (—40 yds); Jeremy 12-0 (—30 yds); Buster 9-10 (—30 yds).

PUKAR ..... Win
BLACK GOLD ..... Next Best

THE DEHU STAKES. Division II.—Distance 3 1/2 furlongs.

Chandrakant 9-0 (—80 yds). The Pie 10-5 (—70 yds), Wellesley 9-7 (—70 yds). Cinders 11-2 (—70 yds); Allegro 10-0 (—60 yds); South Wave 12-0 (—50 yds); Patricia 11-8 (—40 yds); Rosanna 13-0 (—40 yds); Assut Mahmud 9-10 (—40 yds). Black Tulip 10-4 (—40 yds); Shivaji 8-11 (—30 yds); Dempsey 12-0 (—30 yds). Super Mouse 10-4 (—30 yds); Peter 9-0 (—20 yds); Sonia 12-11. (—10 yds); Black Hussar 12-11 (Scr); Dahman Navroz 8-7 (+10 yds); Bobb 11-10 (+40 yds).

BOBB ..... Win
BLACK HUSSAR ..... Next Best

THE DHOND CHASE—Distance 1 1/2 miles.

Cinders 11-2 (—120 yds). Black Velvet 12-0 (—90 yds); The Pie 10-5 (—90 yds); Sunday Eve 11-2 (—60 yds); Buster 9-10 (—60 yds); East Stream 10-7 (—50 yds); Paul 10-7 (—40 yds).

THE PIE ..... Win
SUNDAY EVE ..... Next Best

THE DIGHI STAKES—Distance 6 furlongs.

Inside Information 9-9; Firkhan 9-6; A.C.C. 9-1; Yipee 8-10; Good Venture 8-9; Crown Jewel 8-7; Lakhpat 8-3; Hooray (late Peace Treaty); 8-3; Home Spun 8-2; Zindabad 8-2; Royal Command 8-1; Star in a Million 8-1; My Baby 8-0; Bright Maid 8-0; Dradpadi 7-13; Rajkanya 7-12; Sugar Palm 7-12; Wellesley 7-12.

CROWN JEWEL ..... Win
HOORAY ..... Next Best

THE DEVARKONDA STAKES.—Distance 3 1/2 furlongs.

Winny 11-2 (—80 yds); Brown Sugar 12-0 (—80 yds); Beauty 11-2 (—50 yds); Shadhuri 9-0 (—50 yds); Bright Star 9-12 (—50 yds); Malon 9-3 (—40 yds); Wine Glass 11-0 (—30 yds), Chink 10-7 (—30 yds); Charity 10-4 (—30 yds). Family Pride 10-11 (—30 yds); Pistol 9-4 (—30 yds); Leone 9-0 (—30 yds); African Star 8-7 (—20 yds); Bobb 11-10 (—20 yds; Zambo 8-7 (—10 yds); Tanajee 8-7 (Scr); Advance 9-7 (Scr). Mohan 8-10 (+20 yds); Lashkar King 7-7 (+20 yds); Fun Fair 9-0 (+40 yds).

FAMILY PRIDE ..... Win
SHADHURI ..... Next Best

THE DADAR STAKES—Distance 6 furlongs.

Medallion 11-7; Cougar 11-4; Count Ten (late Avon Song) 11-4; On Trust (late Lord Carlton) 11-1; Air Ace 9-5; Inside Information 9-5; Sunrich 9-0; Shringarpur 8-4; Crown Jewel 8-3; Hooray (late Peace Treaty) 7-13; Montreal 7-13; Home Spun 7-12; Runaway 7-10.

ON TRUST ..... Win
MEDALLION ..... Next Best

THE DECCAN STAKES—Distance 1 mile.

Cougar 10-0 (—180 yds); Trois Cent 10-0 (—130 yds); Cinders 11-2 (—20 yds); The Pie 10-5 (—90 yds); Montreal 9-0 (—90 yds); Black Velvet 12-0 (—80 yds); Jesting Maid 10-4 (—70 yds), Hari Singh 9-0 (—60 yds); Buster 9-10 (Scr); Jeremy 12-0 (Scr); Super Mouse 10-4 (+40 yds); Black Hussar 12-11 (+50 yds); Dahman Navroz 8-7 (+80 yds).

SUPER MOUSE ..... Win
BUSTER ..... Next Best

VICTIMS OF DRAW AT WIMBLEDON

Vital Need To Increase Number Of "Seeds"

LONDON, July 11, (Reuter): So many champions clashed in the opening rounds of the men's singles in the Wimbledon Lawn Tennis Championships that the Seeding Committee for next year's event will have to give serious consideration to a suggestion that the number of "seeds" be increased to 16 at least and, if workable, to 32.

Champions and number one players of no less than 26 nations were among 128 entries for this year's event; yet only 8 players were seeded and of these three were American and three Australian. It is felt that champions from abroad who had to travel probably thousands of miles should be protected from possible elimination in the first round. Several of the ace players knocked out in the opening rounds would, with better luck in the draw, have expected to reach the last 16. Eric Sturgess, South Africa's number one, for instance, had dominated British courts prior to Wimbledon and seemed a certainty for the last 16 but fate decreed that he should meet Tom Brown at the first hurdle.

WONDERFUL FIGHT

In one of the most exciting matches of the whole championships, Sturgess put up a wonderful fight only losing in the fourteenth game of the deciding set to Brown, who went on to reach the final. Yet, many players who could not have taken a set off this brilliant South African, advanced simply through the luck of the draw.

Other casualties of the all-star first round clashes included the Belgian Champion Phillips Washer and the tall Dutchman Van Swol, who reached the last 16 at 1946 Wimbledon; Jost Spitzer, Swiss number one; Pancho Segura colourful champion of Equador and Louis Carles, the Spanish Davis Cup ace. Lennart Bergelin, blonde Swedish champion quarter-finalist last year and one of the best stylists in the world, was another victim of the draw. He was unlucky enough to come up against Australia's number one John Bromwich in the second round which abruptly ended his singles chances for another year.

However, no matter how the draw had been arranged this year, it was quite certain the result would have been the same. Jack Kramer was so superior to the rest of the field that barring accidents he still would have won even had he met each of the other seven seeded players in turn.

LONDON LETTER

Potato Famine

(From Our Own Correspondent).
(By Air Mail).

Potato is the talk of the town. It has assumed importance in daily conversation because we are at the moment suffering from a shortage of potatoes, spuds as Englishman calls them. Sir Walter Raleigh was supposed to have introduced potato to England. But today he is being denied the credit. Whatever that be, the fact remains that Europe did not know what a potato was before the seventeenth century. But today no meal is complete without potato. That is the reason why the shortage of potatoes has caused so much hullabaloo. The shortage is the outcome largely of short supply but is in no small measure, also due to the activities of black markets. Sometimes the vegetable sellers will not sell potatoes, of which the price, is controlled, unless one agrees to buy in addition things like peas of which price is not controlled. Attention of the Government was drawn to this scandal in the House of Commons last night. The Government did not deny the existence of scandal, but refused to take over the distribution of potatoes even while the shortage lasted. But in any case the Government have promised to consider the whole question and take plans to beat the racket by improving the distribution of fruits and vegetables. This would be done thoroughly and if that called for legislative sanction it will be obtained.

COAL SITUATION

The coal output is not satisfactory This is being blamed on the introduction of five day week. But in actuality the five-week inovation has little to do with it. In any case there can be no question of going back on the recent change. For it would easily meet with such resistance from the men that the remedy would be found to be worse than the disease. But there are two factors which may stimulate increase in the output. First, the urgent need of plant maintenance and extensions, from which mines suffer seriously, must be immediately attended to. Men cannot be expected to do with the old plant. Secondly, a feeling of confidence and trust must be created by the coal Board in the men. At present it will be useless to pretend that the men look upon the Coal Board with unlimited confidence. The Board includes many former managers and owners. Their presence on the Board and the absence of representatives of the miners on it do not indicate to them that mines are today the nation's property. Nor does the introduction of red-tapism make things easy. "You could talk straight to the management before" say the miners, "but under the Coal Board we must keep quite. If a man over sleeps he loses half an hour's pay and his bonus shift. For merely, they say, discretion was exercised in applying rigidly the clocking on time". This mentality is not good for the future of nationalisation. The Government should administer the regulation with human touch and make the men feel that they are the owners of the mines. This will be done only when they are allowed to participate in the administration of the mines.

WASTE OF COAL

While we are suffering from an acute shortage of coal, several private industries appear to be wasting it. The report just received from the Parliamentary and Scientific Committee says that we are not making the best use of the coal. In fact, only 30 per cent of the potential energy in coal is turned to useful account. Even if 33 per cent of the coal energy were used twenty million tons of coal could be saved. The Committee suggests that index showing the efficiency with which coal is used in different industries. This would not only show where improvements are needed but also enable the Government to decide which factories should be closed on in case closing becomes unavoidable. Above all. The publication of the index will provide stimulus to private firms to use coal as efficiently as possible. The Committee opines we may have 13,000,000 tons less coal this year. This means some factories must close down. But if coal were used more efficiently the closing, if not completely avoidable, might be restricted.

HEAT WAVE AND STORM

For the last few days, except for one hour yesterday, when, thunderstorm overtook London, we have been experiencing suffocating heat. Men have cast off their coats and some young men can be seen driving their cars without shirt as they used to do on the Burma front. Women are in their cotton clothes, with legs unwrapped in stockings. Some of them are sitting in the gardens with in their brassieres and panties. Then suddenly, at lunch time the city was plunged in darkness and a hot wind started to blow through the streets while a minute before there was not breath of air. It soon became gale with the speed of mile a minute. Rain followed flooding several buildings. Even the House of Commons was flooded. Water streamed down from the bomb-damaged roof of the Commons and a member got up and asked for umbrellas. Many houses were hit by lightning, roads were flooded and telephone lines 'killed'. But the rain blits did not last more than fifty minutes. The sun again appeared and the heat wave is on. This freakish weather, it is said, came from Paris which was sweltering in hundred degree heat wave. Usually moist heat is followed by thunderstorms in Paris. But on the present occasions the thunderstorms were exported to Britain.

WORDS OF WISDOM

In the present days when much careless talk is being indulged in about the Soviet Union it was relief to hear and read the views of the Archbishop of York which are expressed in the York diocesan leaflet. Britain and U.S.A., he says, must conclude an understanding with Russia. He flatly declares that religion is growing in the Soviet Union and that the Church in Russia enjoys more freedom than it did under Czarist regime. Year by year more churches are opened. The Russian church is of course, loyal to the existing regime and believes it is more in accordance with Christianity than other social and economic systems. But its faith and worship are independent of the State. The Archbishop warns that mere friendship between Britain and U.S.A. will not secure the peace of Europe. For peace it is essential that an understanding should be reached with Russia. A war becomes certain, he adds, if Europe becomes divided into hostile camps. But this is absolutely true but unfortunately Mr. Bevin does not seem to be fully realising the dangers of a split Europe. In fact what the top-rank British politicians have said about the Soviet Union during the last few days is not calculated to lead to the consummation of the understanding for which the Archbishop pleads.

Indian Art For Royal Academy

NEW DELHI, July 11, (API): The All India Fine Arts and Crafts Society, New Delhi, has been invited by the Indian Committee, Royal Academy Exhibition of Indian Art, London 1947-48, to select paintings for the ensuing Indian arts exhibition in London from the artists residing outside Calcutta, Madras and Bombay.

Separate selection committees have been appointed for the three places.

The society has appointed a committee for proper selection.

Kerosene Oil Prices Revised

The Government of Bombay has issued a notification revising the prices of kerosene oil in Bombay City and the Bombay Suburban District with effect from July 1, 1947.

The revised prices are as follows:—

	Bombay City Rs. as. ps.
Per 1 gallon	0 15 9
Per 3/4 gallon	0 11 9
Per 5/8 gallon	0 9 9
Per 1/2 gallon	0 8 0
Per 1/4 gallon	0 4 0
Per 1/8 gallon	0 2 0

	Bombay Suburban Dist. Rs. as. ps.
Per 1 gallon	1 1 3
Per 3/4 gallon	0 13 3
Per 5/8 gallon	0 11 0
Per 1/2 gallon	0 9 0
Per 1/4 gallon	0 4 6
Per 1/8 gallon	0 2 3

The kerosene oil shop keepers have been asked to display a list of the retail prices at a prominent place in their shop.

Largest U.S. Grain Harvest

WASHINGTON, July 11. (Reuter). The United States grain harvest will be the largest in history, according to United States Department of Agriculture estimates to-day.

The wheat crop was expected to yield 1,436,000,000 bushels—280,000,000 more than last year—while the rice crop was forecast at 75,400,000 bushels.

Output of rye, estimated at 25,000,000 bushels, would be about onethird greater than the 1946 harvest.

The agriculture department also announced a probable increase in sugar production—about 20 per cent higher than last year's if crops produced normal yields.

Although wet summer weather had washed away much of the maize crops it was estimated that this year's harvest would near the average for ten years ending 1945.

The drop in the maize harvest, however, would be offset by the larger-than-average oats crop—estimated at 1,247,000,000 bushels—and increased supplies of barley.

Fresh Security Demand On Poona Daily

POONA, July 10. (A.P.I.): A fresh security of Rs. 5,000 was demanded to-day by the Government of Bombay from Mr. N. V Godse, Editor and Publisher of 'Agrani' a local Marathi daily, at the time of making a fresh declaration of the paper before the District Magistrate following the forfeiture this week by the Government of the security of Rs. 3,000 paid by him earlier as the publisher of the paper. Consequently no declaration was made by Mr Godse to-day.

The Government by an order passed this week had also demanded a fresh security of Rs. 3,000 for the keeper of the press where the 'Agrani' is printed.

Dehydrated Potato Prices Reduced

Price of dehydrated potatoes, dehydrated Cabbages and dehydrated rutabages sold through Government Grain Shops in Bombay City and the Bombay Suburban District and through Government Godowns at DeLisle Road will be further reduced from July 14, 1947. The reduced rate will be As. 4/- per lb. of each of the dehydrated vegetables. There will be no restriction as to the quantity a customer can purchase.

IV—STUDY HOMOEOPATHY—IV

(1) Study & Practise it, if you would serve your country. The greatest service you can do is to relieve the sufferings of the sick. Homoeopathy is easily learnt & practised. unlike other healing systems.

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BOVRIL

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The great body builder

Byculla Table-Tennis

PORECHA WINS KEEN MATCH

BOMBAY, Friday: The third round in the men's singles was decided at the Byculla Y.M.C.A. this evening when 14 matches were decided. Easily the most keenly contested match of the evening was the tie between Porecha and V. N. Vaidya which went into the fifth game before any decision would be arrived at. The final score of 21-17, 17-21, 22-20, 20-22 and 23-21 is a correct index of the fluctuation of either contestants' fortunes. There was little to choose between the rivals.

Two other matches had to be decided in the fifth game. But the most pleasing and spectacular match of the evening was the tie between D. H. Kapadia and O'Dyer. The match was far more interesting than the final score might indicate.

The following are the results of the third round of men's singles:—

D. H. Kapadia beat O. Dyer 21-13, 21-15, 13-21, 21-15, A. S. Amladi beat T. R. Mahadevan 21-5, 21-9, 21-9; J Ezekiel beat N. J. Nancey 21-19, 21-13, 21-16; G. Shahadeo beat S. R. Kapoor 21-17, 21-11, 18-21, 14-21, 23-21; V. D. Kalewai beat S. D. Balsara 21-19, 19-21, 21-13, 17-21, 21-17; B. Abraham beat Y. K. Nadana 21-9, 21-18, 21-11; N. D. Mistry beat O. S. Bangera 21-23, 21-5, 21-12, 21-19; T. D. Porecha beat V. N. Vaidya 21-17, 17-21, 22-20, 20-22, 23-21; K. Satha beat A. E. Pradhan 21-18, 21-10, 21-18; M. Lavji beat N. Radhakrishnan 21-15, 21-9, 21-4, D. N Bhatkal beat A. I. Jacob 21-15, 21-18, 21-19; H. M. Khanchand beat K. N. Shah 21-13, 21-8, 21-18; A. H. Khan beat A. Vasudeorao 21-11, 21-12, 21-10; A. B. S. Mani beat A. V. Price 21-14, 18-21, 24-22, 21-14.

There will be no matches on Saturday.

The programme for Sunday, beginning from Sunday will be:

Postponed matches of men's singles, followed by first and second round of women's doubles, followed by first and second round of mixed doubles, followed by second and third round of men's doubles.

County Cricket: Fagg's First Century For Season

LONDON, July 10, (Reuter): Rain again severely interfered with county cricket today and not a ball was bowled in matches at Chesterfield and Cardiff. Rain limited the play at Hull to three hours in which time Yorkshire were placed in a position which carried the threat of their fifth successive defeat, Kent were largely indebted to Arthur Fag who scored his first century of the season. Essex had to thank Trevor Bailey and Tom Pearce for rescuing them from the moderate start against the lively fast deliveries of Northampton's lefthander E. W. Clark and lever slow bowling of West Indian test cricketer C. B. Clarke. Bailey and his captain put on 101 at the rate of a run per minute but Essex finished at 72 behind on first innings.

AT BIRMINGHAM: Warwickshire versus Lancashire: Warwickshire, first innings 207; Lancashire first innings 100 for 2 (Place not out 244 (Fagg 121).

AT WORCESTER: Worcestershire versus Hampshire: Worcestershire, first innings 155, second innings 72 for 0: Hampshire, first innings 239 (Arnold 125 Jackson, rightarm fast medium 6 for 52).

AT CHESTERFIELD: Derbyshire versus Surrey: No play today owing to rain.

AT HULL: Yorkshire versus Kent: Yorkshire, first innings 79, second innings 1 for 0; Kent, first innings 244 (Faff 121).

AT NORTHAMPTON: Northamptonshire versus Essex: Northamptonshire, first innings 303 for 9 declared, second innings 7 for 1, Essex, first innings 231 (Bailey 67).

AT CARDIFF: Glamorgan versus Leicestershire: Glamorgan, first innings 77 for 7; Leicestershire, first innings 175, No play today owing to rain.

Henrich Shield Football

Bom. Gym. Earn First Point

BOMBAY, Friday.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA	.. 3
SOMERSET L.I.	 3

(Result of the first by Somersets 4-0)

The last team in this year's Senior Harwood League Football earned the first point this evening when they drew with Somerset Light Infantry sharing six goals equally. This was their ninth engagement in the league.

Not since the 23rd of May when they scored their first goal against the Tatas had the Bombay Gymkhana found the net again. Centre forward Shakespeare, however, broke the spell by scoring the equaliser when his side was put in arreas by centre-forward Adams. Inside-right Jillert who had changed places with pivot Clark to the profit of both then proceeded to put the local side in the lead for the first time in this year's Harwood League. The lead, however, was short-lived for Mole equalised. The Gymkhana took the lead again when Rutz scored the third goal for their side. Some seven minutes from the end when the Gymkhana side looked like scoring both the points Adams restored equality.

The soldier's pivot Hadlee was absent from among their rank and this left a gap in their defence which Bruckshaw was not quick enough to cover.

Nelson, as usual, under the Gymkhana gave a splendid account of himself

The teams:

BOMBAY GYMKHANA. — Nelson; Sharpe and Castle; Collins, Clark and Hickey; Rutz, Jillert, Shakespeare, Paul and Cockburn.

SOMERSET LIGHT INFANTRY.—Stone; McNair and Dando; Chater, Bruckshaw and Gilcox; Sobey, Mole, Adams, O'Donnell and Warwick.

Saturday's Match at 5-45 p.m. Trades vs. Rangers (Heinrich Shield final).

French Lawn Tennis Championships

PARIS, July 10, (Reuter): Many of the leading international players who competed at Wimbledon have entered for the French Lawn Tennis Championships, which will be held at the Roland Garros stadium here from July 14 to July 27.

Men's Singles has attracted an entry of 59, while there are 38 in the women's event. Miss Margaret Osborne, the new Wimbledon champion, is defending the women's singles title she won last year. Another American star, Tom Brown, beaten finalist at Wimbledon, is among the challengers for the men's title held by Marcel Bernard, of France.

The Sportsman's Sportsfolio

What About National Soccer Championship?

(BY J. C. MAITRA.)

What about the National Soccer Championship? Will it be held this year at all or not? Every soccer enthusiast has been asking these questions recently. But nobody seems to know the answer. In view of the recrudescence of trouble in Calcutta it will be impossible to stage it there in the near future. The alternative venue fixed by the A.I.F.F. is Mysore. From a press statement issued by M. Dutt Roy, Hon. Secretary of the Federation it appears that Mysore is not willing to shoulder the financial responsibility of running the tournament unless most of the affiliated associations take part in it. And it seems that some of them are not in a position to do so owing to the communal disturbances prevailing in their areas.

MUST BE HELD.

I think it was a mistake on the part of the officials to alter the dates for the competition without consulting the constituent bodies. Now the difficulty lies in fixing them suitable to most if not all of them. The Secretary has made an appeal to all the Associations to see their way to join the lists and participate in the tournament. I do not know what response he will have from them. It will be a matter of great pity if it cannot be held owing to the paucity of entries.

Unless it is held annually, we can make little progress, nor can we gauge the strength of each association. I understand the W.I.F.A. is very reluctant to change its programme to suit the A.I.F.F. Knowing their difficulties I would still suggest that they should try to fit in their programme to accommodate the Santosh Trophy, which is, after all, the most important competition in the whole country.

K. ZIAUDDIN ACTS.

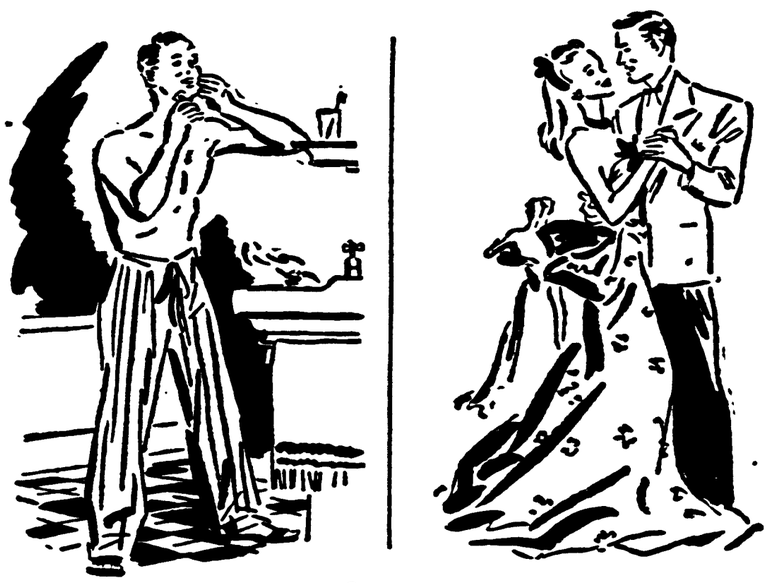
The honour of acting on the first Indian Honorary Secretary of the W.I.F.A. has actually fallen on K. Ziauddin, although the person elected to officiate in place of G.W.Z. Benny is M. K. Rao. Since his appointment Rao has been very busy with his own business affairs or has been ill. So he has not been able to devote as much time to his secretarial duties as he should have. It stands, therefore to the credit of Ziauddin that he stepped into the breach whenever he has been called upon. I would however suggest to the Cooperage rulers that they should engage a full-time manager to carry on its administration as the B.P.H.A. has done. Then the work will go on smoothly and nobody would be put to any inconvenience.

TABLE TENNIS STARS FOR INDIA.

As if not to be outdone by the A.I.L.I.A., the B.P.T.T.A. has invited two of the world-famous table tennis players, Bergman and Vana to play exhibition matches in Bombay and other centres of India in September and October. It is said that Bergman has already accepted the invitation. If Vana cannot come, some other famous player will be persuaded to make the journey.

A few years ago we had a visit from two Hungarian stars, Berna and Bellack, who created a good deal of enthusiasm in India by their superb displays. As a result of which the game received a lot of impetus here. How far our men have improved will be seen when they are pitted against the visitors. Any way, great treats are promised for the fans.

7 o'clock and all's well...



MORNING AND EVENING

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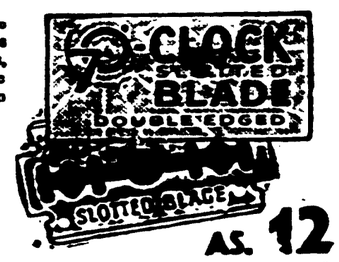
You get *extra* sharpness with 7 o'clock blades — the extra sharpness that only triple-grinding can give. That's why 7 o'clock give you such amazingly close, clean shaves, which last all day and keep your chin smooth for the evening. You get better shaves and more of them with 7 o'clock.

7 o'clock
SLOTTED BLADES



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Anderson's Solicitude For Princes

INDIAN INDEPENDENCE BILL MAY BECOME LAW NEXT THURSDAY

LONDON, July 11, (Reuter): The India Independence Bill may become law next Thursday, thus advancing the date which the Government had fixed for its passage by three days radios Fraser Wighton, Reuter's Political Correspondent.

It appears likely that both the Houses of Parliament will complete their work by next Wednesday and that the Bill may receive the Royal assent the following day.

The Royal Commission and the King's assent are the only remaining processes for the announcement of the passage of the Bill.

This earlier passage of the Bill will depend on how quickly a Royal Commission can be got.

Monday and Tuesday will be devoted to the Committee report and the third reading stages with a suspension of the standing orders to allow a late sitting on Monday night.

Sir Stafford Cripps, who has been so vitally identified with all the India independence negotiations will be the Chief Government speaker and Mr. Arthur Henderson, Under Secretary of State for India, will probably wind up.

NOTHING SPECTACULAR

Yesterday's debate in the House of Commons of the India Independence Bill has little of the spectacular quality that might have been associated with an occasion of such historical importance.

The House was fairly full and the public galleries were crowded, but the atmosphere was placid and the Prime Minister's speech, pregnant in contest though it was had the dry quality of an academic discourse.

Distinguished Indians present included Mr. Jagjivan Ram, Labour Member of the Government of India Mr. Achyut Patwardhan, Indian Socialist Leader, Mr. B. K. Nehru and Mr. Narahari Rao, two sterling balance experts now in London and Sir Mohammed Zafarullah Khan, Legal Expert to the Bhopal Group of States. Mr. Sudhir Ghosh, Public Relations Officer of the Indian Government represented the Indian High Commissioner.

The Secretary of State for India, Lord Listowel, looked down from the Peers' gallery. There was not the usual congregation of Ambassadors in the diplomatic gallery and the number of Indian visitors in the general gallery was smaller than usual.

The Bill got a unanimous second reading, which means that it was agreed to in principle. On Monday the Committee stage will begin when it will be debated point by point.

SYMPATHETIC ATMOSPHERE

The Prime Minister Mr. Attlee spoke in a completely sympathetic atmosphere and there were murmurs of appreciation from both sides of the House as he proceeded.

The Government front bench was filled, the Ministers present including the Lord President Mr. Herbert Morrison, the India Cabinet Mission Members Sir Stafford Cripps and Mr. A.V. Alexander, the Home Secretary Mr. Chuter Ede, the Under-Secretary for India Mr. Arthur Henderson and others.

An important passage in his speech underlined once more the British policy in connection with the princely states. It re-affirmed the hope that the states would enter one or other of the Constituent Assemblies and counselled any state contemplating cutting adrift from its fellows against any irrevocable decision.

His closing thought that the transfer of power was not a sign of British weakness but of strength and vitality of the British Commonwealth of Nations was loudly cheered by both sides.

Political quarters had expected the two principal points disclosed by the Prime Minister. These were the creation of two separate Govrnors-General and the appointment of an additional Minister of State to act as India link at the Commonwealth Office.

A point of great interest to Parliament, though not a complete surprise to all, was the identity of the Pakistan Governor General president of the Muslim League. Mohammed Ali Jinnah.

VERY UNCOMFORTABLE

The chief interest in the latter part of the debate was a speech by Sir John Anderson, former Governor of Bengal, he felt "Very uncomfortable" about the states. "Britain's attitude should be further considered." He suggested that Britain having regard "to the responsibility for the position in which the states found themselves" should do her utmost to ensure that they were not exposed before the appointed day or there after to any economic political or physical pressure to take and course other than that which they decided was in their best interests."

In winding up the debate Mr. Arthur Henderson said that he frankly could see no real means of resolving such a deadlock. It was quite clear that the deadlock or difference could only be resolved by some action on the part of the Governors and by nothing that could be put into the bill.

Mr. Henderson declined to say anything about the states beyond that which the Prime-Minister had said earlier.

PATRIC SPENCE RESIGNING

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, July 11: The Chief Justice for India, Sir Patric Spence is resigning. He is expected to become the Chairman of the Arbitration Tribunal to be set up under partition procedure.

JINNAH TO MEET JOURNALISTS

NEW DELHI, July 11 (API). Mr. M. A. Jinnah, President of the All-India Muslim League, will meet journalists at his residence at 12 noon on Sunday July 13. His secretary Mr. Khurshid stated today that the press conference is open to all 'bona fide' representatives of the press.

WHY CONGRESS FAVOURED MOUNTBATTEN

Did Not Want To Upset Existing Arrangement

NEW DELHI, July 11. (U.P.I.): Prime Minister, Attlee's speech in the House of Commons announcing the names of Congress and Muslim League nominees for Governor-Generals of the two Dominions, has been widely commented upon in political circles in New Delhi.

It is strongly emphasised in Congress circles here that their recommendation in favour of Lord Mountbatten continuing as the Governor-General of the Indian Dominion should be regarded as the desire on the part of the Congress not to upset the existing arrangement till the inauguration of their republican constitution.

It is further maintained that the constitution prepared by the Union Sub-committee of the Constituent Assembly provides for the President to be the supreme head of the State and there can be no justification to necessarily appoint an Indian national to be the Governor-General for the brief period between the conferment of dominion powers and the inauguration of the republic constitution. Moreover, it is stated that Lord Mountbatten in his capacity as the Governor-General of the Indian dominion would only be a constitutional head acting on the advice of his Ministers.

On the contrary nomination of Mr. Jinnah by the Muslim League to be elected as the first Governor-General of the Pakistan State is interpreted as an indication of the Pakistan State remaining within the British Commonwealth. This nomination is taken to indicate further that the constitutional set-up of the Pakistan State is not likely to undergo any drastic transformation in the near future.

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"Times" Surprised; 'M.G.' Critical; Rest Hopeful Of Eventual Unity

LONDON, July 11, (Reuter) The news that Mohammed Ali Jinnah will become the Governor-General of Pakistan and that Lord Mountbatten will become the Governor-General of the other Dominion of India, was given great prominence in today's British Press.

The display given to the account of yesterday's debate on the second reading of the Indian Independence Bill in the House of Commons reflected the interest of British Public opinion in the beginning of a new era in the history of India.

Some sections of the press expressed an urgent hope that cooperation and eventual unity in India may prevail.

WORK FOR COMMON GOOD

An editorial in the "London Times" said: "The course of the debate, no less than the cordiality of the welcome given to the Bill from every side of the House, will make clear to the peoples of India the determination of all sections of opinion in this country to lend the fullest aid and support to the two dominions so shortly to emerge into nationhood But for this support to be effective it is essential that the new partners in the Commonwealth should agree to work together for the common good of both.

"Each will be in every sense an independent state; but independence by itself is not enough to ensure the benefits of freedom. The progress and prosperity of the Indian Union and of Pakistan, as well as of the peoples who compose their populations must depend above all upon the determination of the statesman on either side to conduct their mutual relations in the same fraternal spirit from which the Commonwealth itself derives its abiding strength and vitality."

UNUSUAL

Referring to the question of the Governors-General for the Indian Union and Pakistan the "Times" said "The Congress Party's nomination of Lord Mountbatten for subsequent appointment as Governor-General for the Indian Union, though not unexpected, will be widely welcomed. The decision of the Muslim League to choose Mr. Jinnah as the first Governor-General of Pakistan is more surprising. There are doubtless good reasons why Pakisan should prefer to have its separate Governor-General from the outset; but it is unusual for a statesman at the height of his power and reputation to accept an office, however dignified and influential, which by its very nature entailed withdrawal from direct day-to-day administration.

"But those who will be called to rule Pakistan may hold that the relatively undeveloped politics which make up much of its territory must be guided by a Governor-General capable of exercising the functions of higher control and co-ordination which formerly vested in a Canning or a Curzon, certainly Mr. Jinnah will be a force with which his Cabinet must reckon."

An editorial in the liberal "Manchester Guardian", in discussing the desire of the Muslim League to have Mr. Jinnah as Governor-General of Pakistan said, "it would have been more helpful had the League's choice been the same as that of Congress, but we must remember that Mr. Jinnah was Pakistan's creator. He sees his ambitions realised and on him appropriately falls the responsibility for making an artificial entity work—if it will work."

The "Manchester Guardian" added, "it is gratifying that both sides have agreed that Lord Mountbatten should be the Chairman of the Joint Defence Council during the difficult transition period. The Indian Independence Bill has, as yesterday's debate showed, the support of all parties in the British Parliament."

A warning that a difficult period of adjustment lies before the leaders of the Indian people was given by the Conservative "Daily Telegraph" which also stresses that "high statesmanship" will be needed to avoid the possibility of chaos. The "Daily Telegraph" editorial said. "The future of the Indian States remains uncertain, but they should think long before claiming that independence for themselves that some of the larger seek. There lies before the leaders of the Indian people a long period of adjustment to new conditions that will call for high statesmanship if chaos and its dread consequences are to be avoided.

"There has been evidence in their later negotiations of the birth of a spirit of tolerance and of co-operation in the difficult problems of the division of power and of material assets. If that persists and develops, the day may yet come when union will again be possible, and the two dominions will think no more of separation from the Commonwealth. Then, indeed, we could feel that the British mission had been fulfilled, and that our work in India had reached its destined end."

ENCOURAGING SIGNS

Expressing the hope that unity may come" to India an editorial in the liberal "News Chronicle' said, "our mission has not been abandoned. We are handing over to a divided India and by that much we have failed in our highest hope. But there is still reason to trust that, nourished in the calmer air of 'independence,' unity may come and all the stronger for being self-sought.

9 MONTHS' R. I. FOR CHEATING

BOMBAY, Friday.

Husseinmia Haji Hasham, a servant of the Bandra Bakr-Kasai Trust and also an employee of a Government Grain Shop was sentenced to 9 months' R.I. to-day by Mr. R. S. Parekh, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court, on charges of criminal breach of trust and misappropriation.

The Court also imposed a fine of Rs. 1,000 on the accused or in default further 3 months' R.I.

The accused was an old servant of the Trust and had served for about 12 to 13 years. In this capacity he used to collect moneys on behalf of the Trust and keep accounts.

The Trust has a Paisa Fund which is collected by levying a pice on every got slaughtered in the Bandra abattoir. The accused used to handle the Fund.

The auditor's reports for 1941-42-43 showed that Rs. 10,000 were not accounted for.

A complaint was filed and as the offence covered a period of three years, according to the Criminal Procedure Code charges were framed for offences committed within 12 months involving Rs. 6,000 only. The case went on for nearly 2 years.

The Court delivered judgment this morning convicting the accused and sentencing him as above.

Mr. M. M. Shaikh instructed by Mr. N. M. Mulla appeared for the Trust and the accused was defended by Mr. F. J. Patel.

Quarrel Ends In Death

BOMBAY, Friday.

A sudden quarrel is said to have been responsible for the death of Rama Shiplunkar a resident of the B.D.D. Chawls De Lisle Road who was said to be assaulted by Ramchandra Pendarkar early this morning. The alleged assailant was arrested at his residence by the Police this morning.

The deceased died on the way to the hospital.

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INDIAN ARMY

REGULAR COMMISSION

To maintain the reputation of the Indian soldier as a great fighting man the Army of India requires its best youth to join as Officers. Only young men of quality, character, vigour, grit, lovers of rough outdoor and adventurous life need apply.

Indian Military Academy Fourth Course

Commences 1st January, 1948.

129 trainees will be accepted for the Fourth Course. Number of vacancies to be allotted for subsequent courses will be notified later.

Last date of Application Extended to 30th September, 1947.

Application forms with instructions are available from the University or College, Headquarters of Military Sub-Area or Brigade Group located at the places mentioned below. Completed application forms must be submitted to the nearest Military Headquarters before 30th September, 1947.

QUALIFICATIONS

EDUCATION—Matriculation 1st or 2nd division, Senior Cambridge with not less than two credits, or Indian Army Special Certificate.

AGE—18 to 21 years on 1st January, 1948.

DOMICILE—British Subject of Indian domicile or descent, ruler or a subject of an Indian State.

MEDICAL—Candidates must be medically fit in all respects.

Location of Military Headquarters

AMBALA, AVADI, ALLAHABAD, BANNU, BANGALORE, BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, COIMBATORE, DEOLALI, DELHI, DINAPORE, DERAISMAIL KHAN, GARDAI, JUBBULPORE, JULLUNDUR, JHELUM, KARACHI, KOHAT, KAMPTEE, LAHORE, LUCKNOW, MADRAS, MEERUT, NOWSHERA, PESHAWAR, PISKA, POONA, QUETTA, RAWALPINDI, RAZMAK, SIALKOT, SHILLONG, SECUNDERABAD, WANA, ZHOB (Ft. Sandeman)

Direct Regular Commission to University Graduates

A number of Regular Commissions in the Indian Army will be granted to suitable University graduates holding scientific, engineering and certain other degrees. During 1947 approximately 148 such trainees will be accepted. The number of vacancies to be allotted during 1948 will be notified later.

QUALIFICATIONS

EDUCATION—Candidates will be required to hold one of the following degrees :—

(i) ARTS & SCIENCE—for service in the Indian Armoured Corps, Royal Indian Artillery, Infantry, Royal Indian Army Service Corps, Indian Army Ordnance Corps or Indian Army Educational Corps.

(ii) CIVIL ENGINEERING—for service in the Royal Indian Engineers.

(iii) ELECTRICAL & MECHANICAL—for service in the Indian Signal Corps or Indian Electrical & Mechanical Engineers.

(iv) AGRICULTURAL—for service in the Military Farms Dept.

AGE LIMITS—Candidates to be eligible for a commission must normally be between their 20th and 23rd birthday on the day they apply. Those with Civil Engineering, E & M and Agricultural degrees, however, will be accepted upto their 25th birthday.

MEDICAL STANDARD—Candidates must be in medical category 'A'.

Other considerations being equal preference will be given to members of the U.T.C. in possession of Certificate 'A' Parts I & II and Certificate 'B' Parts I & II.

Selection and Terms & Conditions of Service

Candidates will have to pass an Army Selection Board.

Candidates selected will be required to undergo pre-commission training. On successful completion of training candidates will be commissioned in the rank of 2nd Lieutenant.

Pay & allowances, pension, leave and other conditions of service will be identical with those applicable from time to time to other Regular Indian Commissioned Officers.

Detailed list of acceptable Degrees and Diplomas of various Universities is obtainable from the University or College.

APPLICATION FORMS

Applications with instructions are available from Registrars of Universities or Principals of Colleges and all Military Headquarters mentioned alongside. Completed forms should be submitted to the Selection of Personnel Directorate, Armed Forces Headquarters, Meerut Cantt. as soon as possible, and in no case later than 15th August, 1947.

At 377

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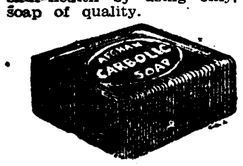
AFGHAN CARBOLIC SOAP

The foundation of good health is laid in skin asepsis. Preserve skin-health by using only, the Soap of quality.



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JERBAI WADIA HOSPITAL FOR CHILDREN

Report Of Activities For 1946

In their report for the year ended 31st December 1946, the Board of Management of Bai Jerbai Wadia Hospital for Children, Bombay, state that during the year, 2,965 patients were admitted at the hospital, of whom 1,817 were medical and 1,148 surgical. Owing to the increase in prices of milk, medicines and food materials, the expenses for the year amounted to Rs. 2,38,526-3-7. The Bombay Corporation sanctioned a grant of Rs. 1,20,000 for running expenses and Rs. 18,000 for waterproofing portion of hospital terraces. The management propose to approach the Corporation for the extra grant of Rs. 12,500, which was promised but not paid.

The total number of new outpatients treated during the year in the hospital was 13,328.

Post-graduate students took advantage of the clinics in the hospital for their course of studies, 11 nurses had been sent for junior examination during the year.

Dr. R. N. Cooper worked as Honorary Principal Medical Officer during the year.

HARDSHIPS OF KASHMIR JAIL DETENUS

Workers of the Kashmir National Conference detained in the Kashmir Central Jail have addressed a letter to the Kashmir State authorities protesting against the unsuitable food resulting in serious illness and the absence of newspapers. They state that the political prisoners should not be locked up in the hot season and urge the authorities to provide sanitary arrangements for the detenus They also demand that the detenus should be repatriated to their native places.

Import Permits For Stored Foodgrains And Sugar

The Government of Bombay has very recently allowed persons who had stored foodgrains and sugar at places outside the City of Bombay and Bombay Suburban District in years of war, to import these commodities into Bombay and Bombay Suburban District against cancellation of coupons on individual ration cards of the members of their families. Pulses stored under similar circumstances would also be allowed to be imported. On presentation of an export permit from the District Magistrate concerned, an import permit for the pulses will be issued by the Office of the Director of Civil Supplies (Civil Supplies Department Branch I) Secretariat, Fort, Bombay. This concession for import of foodgrains, sugar and pulses can be availed of only up to August 15, 1947. Applications received after that date will not be entertained.

CHANGE IN WHEAT RATION

In view of the fact that supplies of wheat from overseas have been made in the form of wheat-flour than wheat-grains, the Government of Bombay has ordered that with effect from July 13, 1947, an adult ration cardholder in Bombay City and Bombay Suburban District should get out of his weekly wheat ration of 5|8 seer, wheat grain upto 1|4 seer and the remaining of the wheat ration in wheat flour. He will be able to obtain his entire wheat ration of 5|8 seer in wheat flour, if he so chooses.

A heavy manual worker will be allowed to take his entire wheat ration of 1|8 seer (out of 1 seer of supplementary ration) only in wheat flour. One Bombay seer of wheat will be equal to 1-1|2 lbs. of wheat flour.

The necessary amendments to the City of Bombay Rationing Regulation, 1943, and the Bombay Suburban District Rationing Regulation, 1943, are being published in Part I of the Bombay Government Gazette Extraordinary of July 12, 1947, says a Press Note issued by the Supply Commissioner, Bombay.

SUPPLY MINISTER TO FLY TO DELHI

Mr. Dinkarrao Desai, Minister for Law and Civil Supplies, Bombay, will leave for Delhi by air on Saturday (July 12) and will return to Bombay on Monday (July 14).

Mr. Desai will hold informal discussions with Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Food Member of the Interim Government, on the food position in the Province.

Madras To Nationalise Entire Motor Transport

Taking Over City's Services First Step In Comprehensive Scheme

MADRAS, July 11 (API).—The Madras Government have decided to nationalise the entire motor transport in the Province within five years' time at an estimated cost of ten crore of Rupees. A comprehensive scheme has been drawn up and as a first step in this direction the Government is taking over the entire bus transport service in Madras city from October 1 at a cost of sixty-seven lakhs.

The Railways, local bodies and existing private operators will be invited to participate in the scheme on a limited scale.

While the Provincial Government will hold 51 per cent of the Share capital floated for this scheme, local bodies will be allotted 20 per cent, Railways 15 per cent and private operators 14 per cent.

The Shares of the private operators will not be transferable but can be sold only to the Provincial Government or according to instructions which may be issued by them in this regard. A dividend not exceeding 6-1.4 per cent is promised to the financing parties.

A statutory transport board consisting of representatives of the participants in the scheme as well as the travelling public will be set up. The exact composition of this Board is still under consideration. The day to day administration of the service in each district will be vested in a single officer called the District Transport Officer.

As regards the question of payment of compensation to existing operators the Government has decided to follow he Bombay Government's plans.

STERLING DEVALUATION SCARE SCOTCHED

LONDON, July 11. (Reuter): Rumours from places as far apart as Hong Kong and the London Stock Exchange, of the imminent devaluation of sterling and a corresponding rise in the price of gold, drew prompt and categorical official denials from both the Treasury and the State-owned Bank of England, writes Sydney Gampell, Reuter's financial editor.

In Hong Kong, the price of gold jumped late yesterday afternoon on rumours of possible devaluation of sterling after July 15 (when all current sterling is to become convertible) and the unofficial selling rate of sterling notes there fell to the equivalent of less than 16 shillings.

A Treasury spokesman in London told Reuter there was "no foundation at all" for this rumour which, he thought, might have arisen from the statement by the Under-Secretary of the Egyptian Minister of Finance that the Egyptian Delegation could not obtain a guarantee in the agreement on Egypt's sterling balance that sterling would not be devalued in the future.

It was emphasised in London official circles that while no country could guarantee that its currency would never be devaluing sterling in the foreseeable future, Britain has consistently refused to give such guarantees, regarding them as a derogation from sovereignty. A temporary guarantee to American holders of sterling as an exceptional wartime measure was withdrawn as soon as the war in Europe ended, and actually before Vj-Day.

Hyderabad Delegation Meets Viceroy

NEW DELHI, July 11, (A.P.I.): The Hyderabad Delegation which is now here to negotiate standstill agreement with the Government of India had a two—hour interview with the Viceroy this morning.

The delegation is led by the Nawab in Delhi for two or three weeks during which they will have frequent conferences with the Vceroy as well as the newly set up States Department.

The delegation is led by the Nawab of Chhatharı, Prime Minister, Hyderabad and consists of Sir Walter Monckton, Constitutional Adviser to the Nizam, Nawab Ali Yaver Jung Bahadur, Mr. Abdur Rahim and Mr. Pingle Venkatrama Reddi, Ministers.

HYDERABAD BAN ON BOMBAY WEEKLY

HYDERABAD, (Dn.), July 10 (API).—A press note issued by the Nizam's Government contradicts the report published in certain British Indian newspapers to the effect that the Nawab of Chhatari, Prime Minister of Hyderabad State, has tendered resignation of his office.

"The report is without foundation," says the press note.

Another press note says: The Nizam's Government has decided to ban the entry of the "Blitz", a Bombay weekly into the Nizam's Dominions.

Redistribution Of Provinces On Linguistic Basis

Karnatak Congress Committee's Appeal To Consembly

MYSORE, July 10. (A.P.I.): The Karnatak Provincial Congress Committee which met here to-day passed a resolution urging that the ensuing session of the Constituent Assembly should accept the principle of redistribution of provinces on linguistic basis in the Indian Union so that the provinces may be enumerated in the constitution.

The resolution demands appointment of a commission to fix up the boundaries of provinces.

By another resolution the Committee expressed concern over the recent incidents in Warangal, in Hyderabad State, and urged an immediate public enquiry into the happenings at Ralkod.

The committee expressed suprise that the Nizam should have declared independence and promised support to the State Congress in its struggle for realisation of the ideal of responsible Government integrated to the structure of the Indian Union.

Yet another resolution passed by the Committee supported the demand that the Nilgiris should be added as a district in Karnatak, having regard to the history, culture, language and geography of the area.

Indian Premiers To Be Invited To Royal Wedding

LONDON, July 11, (Reuter): King George VI is inviting all the Dominions Prime Ministers including those of India and Pakistan, to the wedding of Princess Elizabeth heiress-presemptive to the Throne of England and Lieutenant Philip Mountbatten, it was stated in informed quarters today, cables Fraser Wighton, Reuter's Political Correspondent.

As the wedding date has not yet been fixed the invitations have still to go out, but London political quarters think that most of the Dominions Prime Ministers will be able to attend together with Mr. Clement Attlee, Prime Minister of the United Kingdom.

If, as most people expect, the wedding takes place in the autumn—probably October—opportunity might be taken by the Government to avail itself of the expected presence of the Dominions Ministers to call a Commonwealth Conference on defence, economic and other questions.

BOMBAY GOVERNOR'S GREETINGS TO PRINCESS ELIZABETH

BOMBAY, July 11 (API).—Sir John Colville, Governor of Bombay, has sent the following message of congratulations to H.R.H. Princess Elizabetn on Her Royal Highness' engagement to Lt. Philip Mountbatten:

'On the occasion of Your Royal Highness' betrothal, I send on behalf of the Government and people of the Province of Bombay cordial congratulations and sincere wishes for long life and happiness."

FRONTIER GOVERNOR'S SON WEDS

BOMBAY, July 11 ((A.P.I.): The wedding took place this morning of Cajtain N. N. Cambell Lockhart, son of the Frontier Governor. Lt. Gen. Sir Rob Lakhart, and Miss Audrey Caroll Beadon, daughter of Brig H. D. Beadon, at all Saints Church, Malabar Hill, the bride was given away by her father.

Among the prominent guests attending the ceremony were the Governor of Bombay, Sir John Colville, Lady Colville and Lt. Gen. E. N. Goddar, G.O.C. in C. Southern Command.

The wedding reception was held at Government House. The oride and bridegroom with Lady Lockhart sailed for United Kingdom this evening.

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A woman's 'difficult days' are never more difficult than in the hot season. That is why *internal* sanitary protection is such a boon to comfort *and self-confidence.* Using TAMPAX means no belts, pins or external pads; think how much cooler, more free you are!

No deodorant needed.

No risk of offending with TAMPAX—it will be odourless. You can take a bath or shower *without removing it*—swim or play tennis with perfect safety. It is invisible—no lines or bulges to show beneath thin, hot-weather clothes. And, to the daintily-minded woman, its simple, hygienic method of insertion or changing is a joy; the hands need never touch the 'sealed' TAMPAX in its special applicator.

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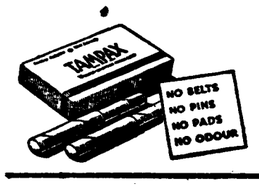
It embodies the well-known medical principle of 'internal absorption'. Made from softest long-fibre surgical cotton, it is as fully effective as an outside pad seven times its size. Being worn internally, there is no risk of hot-weather chafing or soreness. You are *safe* with TAMPAX—today the accepted choice of millions of women all over the world; *more* comfortable, *more* hygienic, *more* sensible. A month's supply fits the handbag. From all chemists.



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Four Lakhs Damages

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Chagla).

Sorabji Dhunjibhoy Medora and another ..... Plaintiffs.

Versus

The Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Co. Ltd. ..... Defendants.

His Lordship passed a decree for Rs. 4,32,000 with interest at 6 per cent from 18th December 1940 and costs in favour of the plaintiffs who were formerly Chief Agents of the defendant company for Gujrat. This included a sum of Rs. 82,000 already paid to the plaintiffs under the original decree passed by His Lordship as damages for the wrongful termination of their employment.

The defendant company had terminated the plaintiffs' employment as agents as from 31st December 1939. The plaintiffs thereupon filed the present suit for damages for breach of contract claiming inter alia damages for being deprived of earning commission on renewal premiums even after the termination of their employment under Section 44 of the Insurance Act.

Mr. Justice Chagla had held that the contract was terminable by reasonable notice, that 3 1/2 months' notice given by the defendant company was not reasonable, and on the basis that 2 years' notice was required, His Lordship had awarded Rs. 82,000 as damages for wrongful termination to the plaintiffs, but His Lordship had held that the plaintiffs were not entitled to commission on renewal premiums. This judgment had been confirmed by the Appeal Court but the Privy Council held that as the termination was wrongful and the plaintiffs had obtained a license as insurance agents on 1st January 1940 before there had been any proper termination of their employment, they were insurance agents within the Act and were entitled to commission on renewal premiums. The Privy Council had therefore remanded the case back to the trial court to assess the damages according to certain directions given by them.

His Lordship held that the renewal premiums were not liable to be reduced for payment to sub-agents and the plaintiffs were entitled to renewal commission without deduction from 16th September 1941 to 8th November 1944. The parties agreed that the amount of this commission should be fixed at Rs. 3,50,000 on a decremental basis in addition to Rs. 82,000 already paid as damages for wrongful termination.

Mr. V. F. Taraporewala and Mr. M. M. Javeri instructed by Messrs. Little and Co. appeared for the plaintiffs.

The Advocate-General and Mr. Y. B. Rege instructed by Messrs. Ardeshir Hormusji Dinshaw and Co. appeared for the defendant company.

1947 MACHINE TOOL SHOW

The 1947 Machine Tool Show presented by the National Machine Tool Builders' Association, Cleveland, Ohio, U.S.A. will be held in Chicago in the Dodge plant, the only factory building large enough to hold an exhibit of such magnitude, from September 17 to 26, inclusive. More than 1,000 machine tools and related equipment and appliances will be shown in actual operation. The Show will be more than double the size of the last show held in Cleveland in 1935. According to the National Machine Tool Builders' Association, there are some 220 types of machine tools made in the United States, with additional variations and sizes of each type, and combinations of various types, especially along the line of special-purpose machines designed for mass-production techniques. When to these are added forging machines, various other sorts of metalworking equipment, appliances and accessories, it is expected that the show will be "the world's greatest machine shop." More than 250 American manufacturers will be represented in the show.

Concurrently with the show will be held the Machine Tool Congress, with nightly sessions at which papers and discussions will touch upon the latest developments in the metal-working industry.

TRAVANCORE CONGRESS LEADER STABBED

(From Our Correspondent.)

TRIVANDRUM.

Mr. K. A. Mathew, President of the Thiruvalla Taluk Congress Committee, was stabbed on July 8th when he was addressing a meeting in Kizhakkemuthoor. The meeting was organised to protest against the independence move of the Travancore Government. Mr. Mathew, while he was offering his concluding remarks, was surrounded by a gang of goondas who appeared on the scene all on a sudden. At first, they tried to interrupt him, but he did not yield. Some of the rowdies then got up on the platform and attacked him, beating him with belts. Meanwhile, somebody from among them stabbed Mr. Mathew with a knife on the neck behind the ear.

Mr. Mathew was immediately removed to a hospital. The injury was however, not serious.

UNDERTRIALS BREAK HUNGER-STRIKE

CALCUTTA, July 11, (A.P.I.): Twohundred and fifty undertrial prisoners, Hindus and Muslims, who resorted to a hunger-strike yesterday at the Presidency Jail demanding certain amenities, broke their fast today on the intervention of the Minister for Jails, Mr. Kalipada Mookerjee.

The grievances were in respect of diet, interviews with friends and relations and other amenities.

MONTGOMERY ARRIVES IN SYDNEY

SYDNEY, July 11 (Reuter).—Field Marshal Lord Montgomery, Chief of the British Imperial General Staff, has arrived here by air from Perth, Western Australia.

He drove to Government House where he will rest in readiness for a strenuous week-end programme.

(1) FOR SALE AT REDUCED PRICES LARGE QUANTITY OF NEW AMERICAN PHOTOGRAPHIC EQUIPMENT:

Still motion Aerial and Process type cameras, enlargers, printers, dryers, 16 m.m. and 35 m.m. still and motion projectors, photographic and cinematographic film, bromide, chloride, chloro-bromide paper, aerial films and paper, portable and standard laboratory and film developing plants, lenses, filters, trays, timers, camera repair kits and accessories of all types. All these goods are stored in air conditioned warehouses. Apply Sales Manager, Tata Aircraft Ltd., Titaghur Air Depot, 24, Parganas, Bengal. Tel. No.: Cal. 3081-87. Telegram: Tatacraft Titaghur Air Depot.

(2) FOR SALE AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES LARGE QUANTITIES OF AMERICAN RADIO AND COMMUNICATION EQUIPMENT:

Aircraft receivers and transmitters, test equipment, oscilloscopes, frequency meters, test sets, and large quantities of components, coils, condensers, valves, dynamotors, resistances, tuning shafts, etc. Apply Sales Manager, TATA AIRCRAFT LTD., Titaghur Air Depot, 24 Parganas, Bengal. Tel. No.: Cal. 3081-87. Telegram: Tatacraft, Titaghur.

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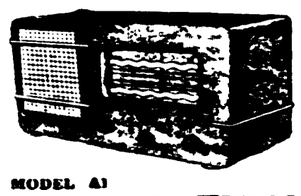

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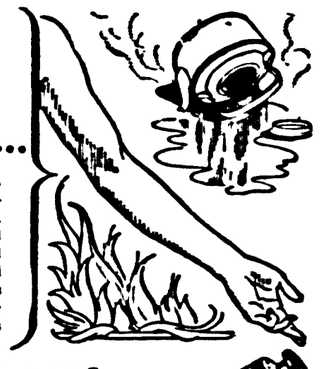

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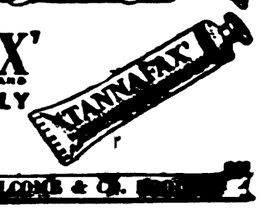

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CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Ashad Vad 9, 2003.
Muslim: Sabaan 22, 1366.
Parsi: Behman 12, 1316.
Sunrise: 6-08 a.m., Sunset: 7-20 p.m.
Hightide 06-07, 17-49 Lowtide 11-39, —.

Today's Engagements

MUNICIPAL HEALTH DEPARTMENT: Entertaining and Educational films exhibition, at Hindu Gymkhana Shivaji Park, Dadar, today (Saturday) at 7-30 p.m. (S.T.). Admission free.

Anti-Typhoid inoculations will also be performed free at B.I.T. Chawls, St. Mary's Road, commencing from 4 p.m. (S.T.).

INDIAN WOMEN'S UNIVERSITY: Annual Convocation at 5-30 p.m. at the Sunderbai Hall. Sir H. V. Divatia, the Chancellor, will preside and confer degrees on successful candidates. Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit, Minister of Health, United Provinces, will deliver the Convocation Address.

LABOUR COLLEGE: Inaugural address by Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan at 6-30 p.m. in Hall No. 4, Podar College, Matunga.

MAITRI SANGH: Lecture by Mr. Vijay Bhatt on 'International market for Indian pictures' at the Blavatsky Lodge, French Bridge, Chowpatty, at 5-30 p.m.

BALKAN-JI-BARI: Meeting of the Governing Council of the All-India Balkan-ji-Bari at 3-30 p.m. at the Bombay Government Secretariat, in the Premier's Chamber. Mr. B. G. Kher will preside.

SOCIAL WORKERS' SOCIETY: For sanitary rounds and visiting cnawls, the members of the Socie.. will meet 5-15 p.m. at Wadala Railway Station.

YOUNG MEN'S HINDU ASSOCIATION: Quarterly meeting of the members of the Association at Laxmi Baug, New Bhatwadi Sandhurst Road at 4-30 p.m. Mr. Morarji Desai, Home and Revenue Minister will address the members.

BOMBAY LICENSED HAWKERS' UNION: The Inaugural meeting of the Union will be held at Anjuman-e-Islam High School Hall at 4 p.m.

ADULT EDUCATION ASSOCIATION: Classes in Greek (for beginners), Latin (Jr.) and Radio Servicing (Sr). begin today in St. Xavier's College at 6, 5 and 4 p.m. "respectively;" Radio Communication (Jr.) in Radio Electric Institute today at 4-30 p.m.

SEVIKA DAL: Mrs. Safia Khan, G.O.C. of the Congress Sevika Dal writes:

As the members of the Dal are aware, the Working Committee has some time back framed a new constitution for the volunteer organisation of the Congress with a view to revitalise the whole unit to make it a fitting instrument for meeting new problems facing our country. The new constitution introduces certain vital changes in the organisational structure and methods of work of the Dal. In order to explain and acquaint members with the implications of these changes before they are actually put into effect, a general meeting of all the members is being called today at 4-30 p.m. at the Congress House.

NORTH KANARA G. S. B. INDUSTRIAL AND EDUCATION SOCIETY: A special general meeting of the Society will be held on Sunday the 20th July at 3 p.m. in the Hall of the N. K. G. S. B. Sangh, 361, Laxmi Sadan Vithalbhai Patel Road, to consider amendments to existing bye-laws of the Society recommended by the Sub-Committee appointed at the annual general meeting held on the 14th October 1945, together with the changes made in the bye-laws by the managing committee.

FREE EYE-TREATMENT: The "Jyoti-dan Yagna" (free treatment for defective eye-sight) which is being conducted by Yogeshwar Swamiji Hari Maharaj at Narnarayan Mandir, Kalbadevi, every morning is stated to have been taken advantage of by 11,921 persons up to now.

NATIONALIST MUSLIMS: The Socialist leaders Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan and Mr. Ashok Mehta will speak at a Public Meeting of Nationalist Muslims on July 13 at 4-30 p.m. at the St. Andrews School Hall, Morland Road, Byculla.

ADDRESS TO GOPALDAS DESAI: Patidars of Bombay and Suburbs will present an address to Darbar Gopaldas Desai on July 13 at 5 p.m. at Mafatlal Bag, Patidar Samaj, French Bridge, Chaupati.

At the end of the meeting Darbar Saheb will perform the unveiling ceremony of the oil paint portrait of the late Sheth Mafatlal Gagalbhai donor of Patidar Students Boarding.

RAMAKRISHNA MISSION

The following religious discourses will be held by Swami Sambuddhanandaji of Ramakrishna Mission, Khar Road. To-day at 3-45 p.m. at Bazaar Gate High School Fort; (in English) On Vedanta Philosophy; also at 5-30 p.m. at Ramawrishna Vivekananda Centre, Dadar, Upanishads (in English) Sunday at 9-30 a.m. at Mission Library Hall, Khar Road, Bhagwat Geeta (in English) Sunday at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Mission Library Hall, Khar Road. In English) Teachings of Bhagawan Shree Ramakrishna paramahamsa.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Governor of Bombay received Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas.

His Excellency and Lady Colville, accompanied by Miss Colville, attended the wedding of Captain N. N. C. Lockhart and Miss A. Beadon at All Saints Church, Malabar Hill. The reception was afterwards held at Government House.

His Excellency and Lady Colville, accompanied by Miss Colville, and attended by their Personal Staff, left Bombay for Ganeshkhind.

His Excellency will return to Bombay on Tuesday, 15th July.

Lady Lockhart and Captain and Mrs. N. N. C. Lockhart have left.

Bohra Community's Presentation

Dr. Fulton, Keeper of Oriental Books and Manuscripts at the British Museum, has accepted from Mr. Abdul Qayum, on behalf of the Dawoodi Bohras of Bombay, collected writings of their religious leader, His Holiness Dai-I-Mutlaq.

No Corporation Control Over Municipal Bus Service!

Best Talents To Run City Transport: No Political Influences

BOMBAY, Friday.—The nine-member managing committee of the municipalised bus and tram service organisation in Bombay, that will come into force shortly, is to have only one corporator on it. The "best talents" would be brought to run the services and due care exercised to keep them out of political influences.

These points emerged from a debate in the Municipal Corporation today on the draft ordinance enabling the municipality to take over and run the BEST organisation. Nine amendments seeking to modify certain clauses of the ordinance were summarily rejected and the draft was accepted by the House, only four members dissenting.

Stating that nothing more loose and confused in draftmanship could be found, Mr. J. Mehta harged that the provision enabling only one member of the Corporation to sit on the managing committee of he BEST was a "ruse" to bring it under the control of speculators and other self-seeking persons. Every department of urban life was being administered to by the Corporation but themanagement of the transport service in the city was sought to be kept out of its control zealously. He move an amendment that four more councilors should be enabled to sit on thecommittee.

JAMNADAS MEHTA'S COMPLINT

Further amendmes of Mr. Jamnadas Mehta soughtestriction of the meeting place of thmanaging committee to the premis of a Corporation-owned buildingsubordination of the General Manage status to that of the Municipal Commissioner and designating him as Deputy Commissioner for Transportgrant of powers to the Corporation the matter of fixing rates and farinstead of their being vested in the naging committee, and asked for cain stipulations regarding the budgef the company, its funds, etc.

"Every ingenuity being employed to keep the Corporation out of the BEST organisation. t is a humiliation that we cannotid five members out of the total strth of 117 to serve on the manag committee" said Mr. Naushir C. Bharucha and asked, "Should we consider ourselves incompetent to run this service when we are called upon to administer big departments like health and sanitation?"

Moving an amendment that not less than five members of the BEST managing committee should be members of the Corporation, Mr. Bharucha said that unless the draft ordinance was sufficiently modified to invest the Corporation with definite controlling powers over the municipalised tram and bus services, "municipalisation would be a farce and a mockery." "By these ruses, does the Congress Party here want to rule both the Corporation and the BEST from the Congress House," he asked amidst opposition cheers.

He also asked that Corporation should have powers in making appointments in the BEST organisation carrying salaries over Rs. 700. (The ordinance says that this power would extend only to those jobs with salaries under Rs. 700).

AMENDMENTS LOST

Two amendments moved by Mr. M N. Talpade were declared as having "dropped out" because no member came forward to second them.

Mr. S. K. Patil, answering allegations against the Congress Party, said that they had no hand in framing the draft ordinance. But they considered it fair and proper. The municipalised BEST organisation would be run with public money and so the major voice in its administration should rightly go to them. By giving undue representation to the Corporation on the managing committee, they would be bringing in political influences to bear on the organisation and "reduce it to a debating society." Referring to the demand for changing the status of the General Manager of the organisation, Mr. Patil said that the existing machinery would have to be retained for some time to come at least before instituting revolutionary changes.

All the amendments were declared lost and the draft ordinance was passed by a majority.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

BOMBAY—2

SATURDAY, July 12

244 metres (1,231/s) 7-30 a. m. Swar Kalika Orchal composition by D'Amel 7-40 ws in (M) 7-50 News in (G) 8-0 ws in (E) 8-15 News in (H) 8-30 za Husain (Baroda) Jaltarang rec 8-45 Mohantara Talpade Maratsongs 9-0 Haribhau Ghangrekar lewal.

12-0 p.m. Nabhovchya Parisarat Variety programme Marathi 12-45 News in (M) 12-50 ws in (G) 12-55 Pad, Abhang Ani avgeet Bhalachandra PendharkaPad) Meenaxi (Bhavgeet) Inditi Khadilkar (Pad) Leela (Bhav) G. N. Joshi (Bhavgeet) V. G. Ekar (Bhavgeet) Master Watve (Bhet) Shamabai (Kolhapur) (Bhav) Vishnupant Pagnis (Abhang) 5 News in (H) 1-30 News in (E) 1You Asked For It, Listeners' reque

4-20 p.m. N. V. Sankar (Bhimpala) 4-35 Masternanath (Patdeep) 5-0 Raza Hu (Durge) 5-15 Bahuroopi for Primme in Gujarati for childen: Topic of the day 5-55 Local 6-0ws in (E) 6-10 News in (H) 6-15 skat Ali (Ghazal) 6-30 N. V. Sankar (Sham Kalyan) 6-45 Subai (Abhang) 7-0 Master Dinanathajan (Ratna Bhakta) 7-15 Raza ain (Jaltarang recital) 7-30 Replie listeners' letters in Marathi 7-4ria on clarionet L. K. Kunte Filmi Duniya Amir Bai Zeenat im ('Dhamki') Geet ('Gakul') 8-0 i in (M) 8-15 News in (G) 8-30 Rtion of poems from the works of Shankar Prasad 8-45 For the iversities New economic theories &concepts: The end of economic mtalk by Prof. C. N. Vakil. 9-0 Nin (E) 9-15 News in (H) 9-30 I C. 9-40 programme parade 6-Sundra Bai (Thumri) 10-0 Mara Talpade (Bageshri) 10-30 Hau Ghangrekar" (Emah) 11 Chown.

WEATHER NEWS R. FARMERS

FORECAST TILLE MORNING OF 13-7-47: Rll will be widespread in t Konkanpatti, Gujarat, Khandesand north Mawal. Rainfallll also be local in the HyderaState, south Mawal, Desh and tbmbay Karnatak. Scattered rs are likely in Kathiawar.

HEAVY RAINFAWARNING:—Locally heavy rain continue in the Konkanpatti duthe next 48 hours.

Outlook for subse 2 days:—Rainfall will incren Khandesh, north Mawal, Gujai Marathwada and eastern Telungi

DOCKYARD WORF PROTEST AGAINST RETHMENT

The following tele is sent to the Vice-President, m Government, Defence Mir and the Chief Labour Comner, Government of Inida by tneral Secretary of the H. M. Lyard Workers' Union.

Government of Immodified retrenchment orders unacceptable to the Union. Whinking the Government for pement of skilled and semi-skibrkers' retrenchment and acc the principle of seniority in lled workers retrenchment, the reiterates the demand for pment of all retrenchment pendimplimentation of the Pay Cion's and Pradhan Committeecommendations. Any retreat without fulfilling past assu regarding demands are looked by workers as a grave breach dh. They urge reconsideration he latest decision and postpnt of unskilled workers retient. The Union is anxious to stoppage of work. But if the i just demands are rejected s will be forced to go on strike. Request immediate intervention.

"WE SHALL CONSIDER OURSELVES AS FREE MEN"

Exiled Afghan Sardars' Intimation To Viceroy

Sardars Hafizullah Khan, Inayatullah Khan, Habibullah Khan and Syed Mohommed Yaqub Khan have addressed a letter, dated 16th June 1947, to H. E. the Viceroy and Governor-General of India, in which they say as follows:

"May it please Your Excellency,—We, the abovenamed four Afghans are in India under Government detention for eight years. Several times we appeal to the British Government of India that keeping us in such a detention is quite illegal and against the Inter-National Law, but invain. We also appealed that the meagre allowance of Rupees Eighty per head per month is quite in-sufficient to meet our expenses, specially now-a-days, and moreover the said allowance is far less in comparison to our dignity, therefore it may kindly be increased to Rupees three hundred per head, but that too invain.

Now, as reported in the Press that "Britain is going to transfer Power" to the people of India by the 15th of next August 1947, we, the abovenamed Afghan Sardars in India declare that from the 15th of August 1947 onward, we shall consider ourselves as "Free Men", like the foreigners of other countries residing in India, with full liberty to move in any part of the world when and as we like, with necessary Pass granted by the British Government to cross the Indian border and Pakistan Border.

We pray Your Excellency for a favourable reply".

MILITARY TRAINING FOR STUDENTS

Munshi's Plea To Cultivate Spirit Of Heroism

(From Our Correspondent.)

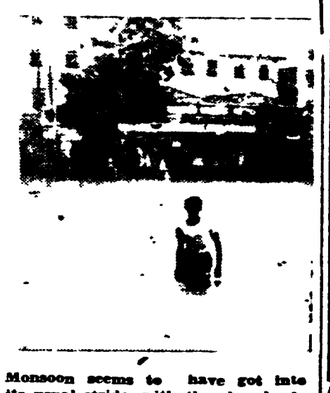
VILE PARLE, Friday.

Addressing a large gathering of students of the Meghji Mathuradas College at Nav Gujrat, Andheri on Monday, Mr. K. M. Munshi advised the students to remember the ideals of Bharatiya Vidya for which the College stood. He reminded them that they were living in stirring times where values were changing with unusual rapidity. It would have been impossible to imagine two months ago that an Indian national would become the Governor-General of India. They were on the verge of an independent India. He exorted the students to remember that the gaining of independence was not so important as the cultivation of capacites and qualities which would enable the people to retain it. Non-violence was a very good principle of life, but, as he had always preached, non-violence could be truly practised only by those who were trained to defend themselves in an effective manner by, if necessary, violent means also. He was very anxious that students of the College, boys as well as girls, would gain military training which would teach them not only discipline but would also cultivate in them the spirit of heroism which was absolutely necessary in the present times.

BHARAT NATYA DANCES

The dance recital presented by the Art Coteric at the Sunderbai Hall on Sunday had an interesting programme of Bharat Natya dances. Kumar Jayakar, who is an able dancer, gave a good account of the training received by him in the Bharat Natya Technique in the South. He rendered, with confidence and firmness, Allaripu, Jatiswaram, Varnam, Padam and Tillana in the traditional technique and, thereby, contributed maximum to the programme.

Miss Medha Yodh had two items to her credit. She is already known for her proficiency in the Manipuri technique. She has now taken to Bharat Natya and should claim the same as her additional accomplishment. Miss Usha Vyas executed one item—"Padam" and acquitted herself creditably "Ras" by Nagada Brothers and party provided a pleasing diversion.



Monsoon seems to have got into its usual stride, with the sky cloudy throughout the day and pouring intermittently. Picture shows a boy in knee-deep water near the G.P.O. on Friday.

CITY GETS HEAVY RAINS

Nearly 3 Inches Fall In The Catchment Area Of Tansa

BOMBAY, Friday.

After several days of sultry weathere the city has once again been favoured by rain and plentiful too.

Since last night it has been raining almost continuously with occasional heavy showers accompanied by thunder and lightning.

Many streets in the city, particularly in the north, were flooded, and people had to wade through knee-deep water.

According to weather experts the present monsoon is a vigorous one, and is expected to last for a few days more. They say that it is associated with the depression in the North Bay of Bengal with its centre at about 250 miles north of Calcutta and is likely to carry the monsoon into Western India.

Men in the Hydraulic Engineer's Department are satisfied that nearly three inches of rain had fallen in the catchment area of the Tansa Lake which is the principal source of the city's water supply.

The Colaba Observatory recorded 2.35 inches of rain in 24 hours ending with 8 a.m. to-day, and another 1.65 inches in the two hours that followed. The total rainfall recorded so far is 11.96 inches which is 17.5 inches below normal. At Juhu 4.21 inches of rain have been recorded in 24 hours ending 8 o'clock this morning.

"INDIA WILL BE NEUTRAL IN NEXT WORLD WAR"

India will be neutral in the next world war, according to a "balance sheet of disaster" drawn up by a writer in the "United Nations World". The writer puts Denmark, Holland, Norway, Sweden, Switzerland, Portugal, Belgium and Luxembourg and Eire among neutrals. These countries have a total population of 435 million.

Rear-Admiral Ellis M. Zacharias, who is regarded as an authority on international intelligence, is the writer of the article, and puts 414 million population as constituting the Western Bloc led by the U.S. as against 293 million in the Soviet Bloc. But he anticipates considerable unrest in Britain, Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Egypt, New Zealand and Philippines in the Western Bloc. Similarly in the Soviet Bloc he predicts considerable unrest in Czechoslovakia, Finland, Hungary, Poland, Rumania and Yugoslavia.

Western Bloc

In the Western bloc again, Greece would be a centre of "grave trouble". Among countries in the western bloc which cannot put modern armies into the field are Colombia, Egypt, Iran, Iraq Philippines and Saudi Arabia. In the Soviet bloc Albania and the Mongolian People's Republic would not be in a position to put modern armies in the world.

The countries which would unhesitatingly support America are: Canada, South Africa and Turkey. Similarly, Bulgaria would support Soviet Russia without experiencing any internal trouble according to the Rear-Admiral.

The countries which would be torn by a Civil War are: China, France, Italy, Spain. They have a total population of 570 million.

Rear-Admiral puts as uncertain which side they would take. Afghanistan, Africa, Burma, Chile, Dutch East Indies, Indo-China, Lebanon, Malaya, Mexico, Siam, Syria, Venezuela, Yemen—having a total population of 259 million.

A special category is assigned to Germany (69 million) and Austria (7 million) which are considered by the writer to retain pro-Western underground after quickly being overrun by U.S.S.R. Also Japan (73 million) which is thought "ex-enemy state but probably in Western line-up".

The Rear-Admiral concludes by making a rather weak plea in favour of U.N., which seems to lack the force with which he had predicted disaster. It is a pity that such articles which encourage war-mongering are printed in magazines like the "United Nations World".—CENTRAL FEATURES.

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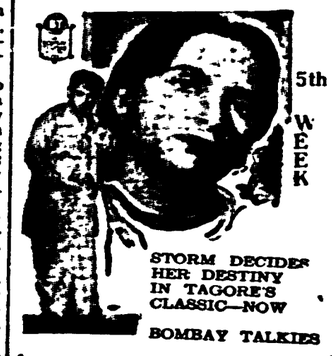

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ALL-INDIA WEATHER SUMMARY

POONA, July 11, (A. P. I.): Following is the weather summary for Friday, July 11, 1947.

The Bay depression has intensified and is centred this morning near latitude 19°N and longitude 88°E. It is likely to move north wards during the day and thereafter move north-west wards. Rainfall has been widespread in Orissa, the Konkan, Mysore, Malabar and the North Madras coast and local in Bengal, the East Central Provinces, the Bombay Deccan, South Hyderabad and the Madras Deccan. A few showers have also occurred in Assam, Chota Nagpur, Gujarat and South-East Madras.

FORECAST UNTIL THE 12TH EVENING:—Rainfall will be widespread in Gujarat, the Konkan, the Bombay Deccan, South Hyderabad, Mysore, Malabar, the North Madras Coast, Orissa, South Bengal and the East Central Provinces. Showers will occur locally in the East United Provinces, the Kumaon Hills, Central India, the West Central Provinces, North Hyderabad and at a few stations in Kashmir, East Rajputana, the rest Madras Presidency, and the rest North-East India.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING:—Locally heavy rain will occur in Orissa and the Central Provinces with isolated heavy falls in and near South-East Gujarat and the Kumaon Hills within the next 48 hours.

WEATHER CHART

POONA, July 11, (A. P. I.): Following is the weather chart showing maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from 1st June, 1947 and departure from normal recorded at 8 a.m., on 11th July, 1947:—

Ahmedabad 96 77 0.7 3.7 minus 3.9, Allahabad 97 83 0 8.3 minus 1.1, Aurangabad 87 71 0.1 2.7 minus 4.5, Bangalore 81 67 0.2 7.5 plus 3.1, Baroda 93 75 0.6 3.8, Benares 93 81 0 6.1 minus 2.4, BOMBAY 89 75 2.3 10.3 minus 19.0, Calcutta 95 79 0.9 12.2 minus 4.1, Cawnpore 97 84 0 7.6 plus 1.8, Cherrapunji 75 67 1.6 170.1 plus 25.6, Colombo 87 75 T 12.2 plus 2.1, Darjeeling 70 60 0.1 24.2 minus 12.0, Dehra Dun 90 60 0 4.9 minus 12.1, Delhi 104 88 0 0.2 minus 5.7, Hyderabad (Dn.) 85 73 0.3 5.0 minus 1.2, Hyderabad (Sd.) 104 81 0 0 minus 1.2 Karachi 84 78 0 0 minus 1.4, Lahore 107 87 0 0 minus 3.5, Lucknow 95 83 T 6.6 minus 1.9, Madras 97 77 T 2.1 minus 1.0, Mahabaleshwar 65 62 3.3 29.4 8.7 14.0, Multan 106 88 0 0 minus 1.2, Mussoorie 73 63 0 13.4 minus 2.3, Mysore 83 69 0.3 3.6 plus 0.3, Nagpur 94 80 0 12.0 minus 1.8, Pachmarhi 79 70 0 20.6 plus 3.4, Peshawar 106 80 0 0.1 minus 0.5, Poona 84 71 0.9 1.3 minus 5.3, Quetta 94 60 0 0 minus 0.2, Shillong 76 66 0.2 36.4 plus 12.9, Simla 77 65 0 6.7 minus 5.5, Srinagar 91 60 T 2.0 0.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

"I cannot but pity the man who recognizes nothing God-like in his own nature. I see the marks of God in the heavens and the earth, but how much more in a liberal intellect, in magnanimity, in unconquerable rectitude, in a philanthropy which forgives every wrong and never despairs of human virtue".

—Dr. W. E. Channing

The Bombay Chronicle

INDIA'S GESTURE

Moving the second reading of the India Independence Bill, Mr. Attlee said in the Commons: "This Bill brings to an end one chapter in the long connection between Britain and India, but it opens another. British rule, which has endured so long, is now at the instance of this country coming to an end". Mr. Attlee, as was rather natural, claimed that it was generally a record of which the British could be proud, although he did admit that it had not been without faults and blunders. India will not agree with that claim. British rule has not been exactly a boon to this country and its people in spite of a number of advantages which India gladly acknowledges. But this fact need not be laboured. British rule is coming to a close and coming to a close peacefully—an undoubtedly rare fact in history—thanks first to Mahatma Gandhi's unique leadership of India's struggle for freedom and secondly to the realistic wisdom and statesmanship of the British Labour Government which faced inescapable facts, and liquidated the "Indian Empire", a decision far more beneficial to Britain than would have been any disastrous attempt to "hold what is ours." For their choice, Mr. Attlee and his colleagues deserve general commendation and are entitled to the gratitude of their fellow-countrymen.

Two features of Mr. Attlee's speech are strikingly noteworthy. To take the less spectacular first, Mr. Attlee repeated the old arguments justifying British attitude towards the States after the lapse of Paramountcy. Those arguments are as unconvincing as they ever were, and, indeed, they vindicate British sense of obligations to pledges and commitments less than they emphasise British disregard of a sense of obligation to the people of the States and to the basic principles of democracy. But this failure need not be emphasised here because general agreement between the parties has already been arrived at on the British attitude. Moreover, the British have at least made the welcome statement that they recognise the racial, geographical and economic facts, in relation to India, of those of its parts which happen to be the "Indian States". They have also very clearly expressed themselves as advocates of the unity of India and the States. They have gone even further and, as in the latest speech of Mr. Attlee, warned the States against the disastrous absurdity of cutting themselves adrift from the country. States with a total population of 65 out of 93 millions have already responded to the realities of time and circumstances. The Rulers and Advisers of those among the rest who would rush towards the attractive mirage of independence would do well to heed Mr. Attlee's advice to pause and "think again." But while Mr. Attlee's statement is commendable enough, it is in its nature, merely negative. The British have a positive duty to their own point of view. And they must discharge it by a caterogical statement that "independent" states must expect no assistance from, or association with, Britain, direct—or indirect. There is, incidentally, an omission in Mr. Attlee's speech which must be noted. He said nothing about the anomalous position of Berar. It may be argued that so far as the British are concerned, Berar is a part of India since, for instance, it is represented in the Constituent Assembly and remains so represented even under the revised scheme of June 3. But this is not enough. The position should be made clear under the Independence Bill in order to avoid future complications and difficulties. This can, and must, be done in the Committee stage on Monday.

The most spectacular and dramatic point in the Premier's speech relates, of course, to the appointment of the two Governors-General. It is noteworthy that according to Mr. Attlee's authoritative statement, the Muslim League insisted upon two Governors-General as an afterthought. It is not yet clear why Mr. Jinnah subsequently decided to withdraw his approval to Lord Mountbatten and, moreover, to nominate himself for the Governor-Generalship of Pakistan. It may be that, apart from other personal considerations, he wanted to be a member of the important joint Defence Council too. Be that as it may, the Congress position is clear enough. So far as the Indian Union is concerned, there is little point in having a new Governor-General for the short period during which it is, of necessity, to be a Dominion. Notwithstanding the earnest and friendly sentiments expressed by Mr. Attlee, it is not possible for India to remain inside the British Commonwealth. India's place is outside of it. But this decision involves no unfriendliness in the slightest degree. The choice by Congress of Lord Mountbatten as the Governor-General of the Dominion and as, more or less, India's representative on the Defence Council along with the Defence Member, is more than a personal tribute to the Viceroy and his qualities. It is, in fact, a symbolic gesture to Britain. It means that the Congress, the only organisation that has struggled for freedom from British domination and the only organisation that has suffered at the hands of Imperial Britain and its representatives in India—need one relate the story?—is gladly willing to forget the past and that in freedom and complete independence it will give friendship for friendship and trust for trust. The old chapter, as Mr. Attlee said, has ended. India has made a gesture of assurance that the new chapter of relationship between Britain and independent India can easily be one of co-operative friendship and trust as valuable, if not more, than Commonwealth relationship.

Frankly Speaking

Terrible Prospect

A vast tragedy, unpredictable in its scope, hangs like a vicious fog over India. While the moves and counter moves on the rapidly changing political stage, hold attention, there is some danger that the world may fail to grasp the true urgency of the situation arising out of the shortages in the elemental needs of food and clothing. The disturbance caused to India's economy as a result of the war may not be so plainly visible as in war-wrecked countries and bomb-devastated cities. But despite its being subtle and intangible, the impact of war and its aftermath, in terms of the sufferings of the people and their unsatisfied needs, has been indeed tremendous. The position in India was presented in its correct perspective at Paris by Dr. Kailas Nath Katju, leader of the Indian delegation to the world cereals conference. Before the war, he revealed, India was self-sufficient in food, except for rice. In fact we exported some wheat. But today India is unable to maintain even the hopelessly reduced, dangerously low standard of a ten ounce ration without importing the colossal and unprecedented quantity of 450 million tons of grains from abroad.

Voice Of Reason

It was a matter of great luck that the entire spirit of the Indian administration under the Interim Government had undergone a complete change. When the Bengal famine took a toll of nearly a million lives in 1943, the situation, in terms of the total available quantity of food in India, was far better than it is today. It is only by enforcing an equitable distribution of whatever is available, even at the cost of giving grave offence to the surplus areas, that Government has been able to avoid a large-scale calamity. And in order to do this the Government of India had to spend fifteen crores of rupees as subsidy on imported food grains last year. And this year, India cannot do with less than double the quantity of grains imported last year. It was this point that Dr. Katju rightly emphasised when he said that food must be made available for deficit countries at reasonable prices. He entered a caveat against what he termed "Black marketing" in international food dealings. India as well as other needy countries must not only get food but get it at prices which they can afford. Will the nations of the world heed this appeal, abandon their predatory capitalist tendencies, and resist the temptation to exploit the needs of a fellow nation? The answer to that question can be a fair pointer to the future world order.

Penal Reform

Sociologists and social reformers have been stressing for long that the criminal should be regarded as a diseased limb of society and that intelligent treatment can cure the disease. The world, of course, has come a long way from the inhuman and barbarous treatment meted out to offenders in mediaeval times. The prison system was itself a reform. But that system has been far from perfect. It has been infected with the same virus of looking upon all offenders as less than human. Prisoners are herded together in an unhealthy manner, treated with contempt, often with cruelty, subjected to all manner of meaningless rigours and discipline and made to put in hard unpalatable work. But Congress governments are pledged to a reform of the prison system, although the matter has not received much attention so far, thanks to other more pressing and immediate issues. Both the Government of the United Provinces and that of Bombay have appointed committees to go into the question and recommend changes. The U. P. committee has already submitted its report and the Bombay committee is about to do so. Judging from an advance summary provided by a member of the committee the Bombay report appears to be more comprehensive, thorough and in some respects more progressive. The Bombay committee calls for the abolition of the present system of classifications. It stresses the reformatory aspect of jail life and emphasises the need to try and wean back the offender to a decent life. In this attempt he is to be taught crafts and given work which will enable him to earn an honourable living after release. These are sound principles and the recommendations of the committee deserve to be examined early with a view to implementation by Government.

End This Shame

If the treatment of a single offender found guilty, after due process of law, as a social outcaste is reprehensible, it follows that the treatment of a whole group of human beings as criminals even when no specific act can be charged against individuals of the group, is nothing short of barbarous. Yet in India, a large number of poor and backward people living in wild, inhospitable areas, in primitive conditions are grouped as "criminal tribes" and subjected to all manner of vexatious restrictions. The conditions of life of some of these tribes in the "settlements" where they are forced to live in dirt, misery and squalor, and denied every opportunity of advancement, really called for quick and positive action. We wholeheartedly welcome, therefore, the declaration made by Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, while addressing a conference of one of these tribes at Sholapur, that in future there would be no criminal tribes, but only individuals committing crimes, who would be reformed in course of time. Mr. Kher also stated that the Government of Bombay was considering fresh legislation applicable to habitual offenders and also that the existing "settlements" would be replaced by labour colonies. All these are desirable reforms; but we appreciate that they involve time and money. The stigma of calling a whole community "criminal" can and must, however, be abolished at once.

FUTURE OF TRADE UNIONISM

Jagjivan Ram Fears Division Will Adversely Affect Cause Of Labour

LONDON, July 11 (U.P.I.): Mr. Jagjivan Ram, Labour Member of the Government of India takes the same view as Gandhiji on he immediate prospects for India. He expressed this personal view at a Press Conference held today at the "India House", exclusively for the members of the Indian Journalists Association.

He curtailed his stay in Geneva in connection with the I.L.O. Conference as he is urgently required to be in Delhi on July 17.

In reply to questions, he stressed that the Indian National Trade Union Congress was not a Government sponsored body. In fact, he added, as the Member-in-Charge of Labour, he was recognising only A. I. T.U.C. even after the formation of the All-India National Trade Union Congress. The question of the official recognition of more than one Trade Union Congress would be seriously considered if and when rival organisations could claim the allegiance of a substantial number of trade unions, he said.

Concluding the Labour Member of the Government of India said that he thought that the cause of trade unionism would suffer adversely by the creation of two Dominions, as Pakistan most likely would not allow organisations on an all-India basis.

Towards A Beggarless Society

(BY AMBAT J. MENON)

Beggars are a tribe by themselves and a burden and blot on society. They have the sympathy of all, yet no one can afford to be charitable for ever, much less can a beggar expect to thrive on public charity alone.

Poverty is the cause of beggary, but charity is not the remedy. Charity encourages them to continue their career and profession.

Quite a few are itinerant beggars who can be seen in abundance in the suburban trains — they are yet to open their branches in trams and buses.

There are mendicants with a flair for music — if prosaic recitation of songs can be termed music. Their music more often than not drives their audience in despair to bribe them to silence.

Again, there are those who mutely walk between the rows of benches of the suburban trains, leaving the travellers unmistakably to guess them to be grateful solicitors of voluntary contributions. They, however, by the poise of their palms, their tattered dress and the pitiable countenance, leave one in no difficulty to guess correctly. Many in this category, their dress and histrionic abilities apart, are generally physically 'conscriptionable'.

Then one meets beggars claiming influence over the Almighty, who unhesitatingly would recommend to God to bestow on one the bliss of heaven and bless with 'quite a few children' all for the nominal price of a copper.

Yet another type, persistent like the spider in the Bruce story, are those who so untiringly try to grasp one's feet, despite hints of disapproval, that if they do it with a little more rhythm and regularity they could give us a short course on 'tap-dancing'.

There are yet other varieties of beggars as well. Some are found under bridges, on shaded foot-paths, at busy street corners, railway termini and at entrances to restaurants. They are generally invalids, lepers and very old persons. Some lie prostrate on foot-paths and wail and beat their chests to "extract" sympathy out of passers-by. Most of this species are cases deserving sympathy, but alas, they prefer to beg than be taken away and taken care of by charitable institutions.

"THE CHOSEN OF GOD"

There are the 'saintly beggars', the chosen men of God. One cannot help noticing them, for they paint themselves with ash, dress in the skin of leopards or deer and consider themselves to be the direct apostles of Lord Shiva. They administer small doses of superstitious threats into the ignorant minds of illiterate people and collect ransom promising amnesty for their past sins and immunity from future evils. Extermination of these blackmailers masquerading as the chosen men of God will not be moaned by any.

Others there are who practice the maxim of making hay while the sun shines. They would say, they come from Bengal or Bihar (depending on where the would-be victim appears to hail from) and always narrate how happy they were before the communal riots started, before they lost their all and were just able to escape with their lives. If sympathy is expressed with a monetary contribution he would chuckle at the thought that his story was not altogether ineffective.

Lastly, there are the 'streamlined' ones. They are literate idlers and will generally be found at a bus stage or on a railway platform. They come and smile with a touch of intimacy that would make one curse himself for not being able to recognise them. If the smile is returned, they come and whisper they had been without a meal for the last two days (for they either 'lost their purse' or 'are stranded') and would be very grateful if you could spare anything between a "chip" and "eight annas". They, and deservedly, receive a polite refusal. The bus or train may move on, but they hang around.

REMEDY

Beggary is not a new problem and many a remedy has been prescribed by eminent authorities of this subject. In England this problem first raised its head in the days of Queen Elizabeth. In 1603 A.D. steps were taken to discourage beggars by rounding them up and lodging the physically unfit in infirmaries and workhouses. Physically fit beggars were branded on their foreheads with a suitable mark thus helping the public to distinguish them as "healthy idlers" and enabling them to avoid committing the mistake of 'misplaced sympathy'.

In America beggary has never been tolerated, and the result is evident in the form of the progress and prosperity of the nation.

All agree that charity by drops and dribblets is not the remedy. From the fact that none of this class has ever reported 'begging' for a job it can be conded that they prefer to beg rather than work. To cure this malady, employment should be found for all. This is a problem more of the State than of the public.

The States in a better position to tackle this problem, because it has the machinery and facility to prepare statistics of beggars; it has the power and sources to raise funds (for the initial expenditure to feed, clothe and alter them) either by taxation or by levying a "Society Betterment Tax"— or by setting apart a portion its revenue. It has further the legislature to ascertain popular opinion on this subject.

With all is and the co-operation of the public and donations from the wealthy both of which will be unstintedly forthcoming — it should be comparatively easy for the State to round up the beggars, purge the unfit in unstinted forthcoming — it infirmaries employing the rest in nation-building activities such as irrigation, agriculture, road-construction, etc or any other useful avocation, dealing on the skill or aptitude of each. It is also the duty of the State to teach them the advantages of honest labour by driving out their bigotry, ignorance and superstitions, without the foundation of bigotry and 'education' no edifice of society can be strong and enduring.

For this degree of compulsion may be necessary, for to remove the rust of idleness from beggars more than sensing is essential. Only the State employ this compulsion without abuse.

NEED FOR CONCERTED ACTION

If every city, town and village in India makes concerted action on these linese numberless beggars of India can be rescued from the abyss of misery and India can almost overnight get rid of being a "beggar-less" nation.

If, unfortunately, the State leaves the problem to be solved by the 'charitably' and the sympathetic public India will for ever have to exhibit before the world the avoidable stigma of poverty and its manifestations in human form—"The Beggar."

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Scout Movement In India

Sir,—I am sure that those who have the interest of scouting at heart will agree with the Hon. Mr. Kher that there should be a single scout movement in India and the Hindustan and All-India Scouts Associations be merged into one. As a matter of fact, scouting in our country was a single movement until some years back when a split occurred following resentment caused by a remark made by the late Lord Baden-Powell to the effect that scouting was needed here more than anywhere else to raise the general level of Indian character. Objection was raised also to the pledge of loyalty to the King-Emperor contained in the "Scout Promise". Now, however, there is a complete transformation of the political scene, and there can be no sense in perpetuating the obviously undesirable split. As "union is strength" division can only bring weakness. If the potentialities of scouting are to be fully realized in our country, the workers in the field, who are now working in two separate batches, should join their forces, and all the scouts should fraternize with one another. The scout huts and other properties and amenities should be available to all (as was the case before the split), and not to the members of the one or the other Association only (as has been the case since). The Government grant would also be more profitably used when it is not divided.

For all these reasons, it is high time that the leaders of the two Associations should meet to bring about a union of the two organisations.—Yours, etc.

P. J. TALEYARKHAN.

Surat.

B. M. S. U. & Mobile Squads

Sir,—We are surprised to read in the Press that the 12 mobile squads that have been organised by Bombay Medical Stuudents' Union are organised by the Communist Party. I may make it clear that our B.M.S.U. has got no concern with any political party. It is true that there is one communist party member, but he is the only communist amongst 30 to 40 people so far sent for the above relief work—Yours, etc.

H. L. KHANCHANDANI
Jt. Secy, B.M.S.U.

ghan Princes

Sir,—Iur Sunday Issue dated 6th July the dak edition (daily) of the July it is mentioned that the fournan Princes are sons of the forming Amanullah. They are the of Prince Ali Ahmed Jan, late governor of Kabul and cousins to former King Amanullah.—Yo etc.

JKUNDALAL SIRCAR

Mership Of Congress

Sir,—/ days back there was a press re regarding a breeze between m and Shri S. K. Patil, President the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee. Shri Patil ruled me out order when I wished to raise o issues and as I expressed my lity to accept the President's I. I was, unfortunately, asked tout which I refused to do. The meeting was adjourned and threat of disciplinary action held out against me and I being a seasoned Congressman and having regard for the Chair I thou fit to express regret and close a chapter once and for all. The in at that time is closed. Howeve matter has not received sufficient publicity nor do the Congress at large know the real issue wh wished to raise at that time at which I was prevented by the dent, Shri Patil, from expressing views frankly and fully to the Committee.

I, th, propose to give briefly the salatures of the issue which I wish raise at the said meeting. Was regarding the enrolment of Congress members. From December 1946 to 30th April 1947, 80,000 ress -members were enrolled. Shri Patil decided that these members, who were enrolled Decembr to April will be deemed members of the Congress for previous year 1946 only. I further suggested at the meetin the new members who will billed hereafter will be entitled voters only if they happen to ose of 80,000 who renew their ership.

In nnection I desire to draw the ion to the Constitution of Indian National Congress and tual provision made in the Bombay meeting of the A.I.C.C. in September 1945. Article III of the said Constitution deals with membership and the relevant clause III(1) reads as follows:—

"Unless otherwise directed by the Working Committee the year for the membership fee shall be reckoned from January 1 to December 31 and there shall be no reduction in the subscription to be paid by members joining in the course of the year."

For the purpose of the Article III(1), the year of membership of persons enrolled in the year 1945 shall continue up to December, 31 1946. (Resolution of the All India Congress Committee held at Bombay from 21st to 23rd September 1945.

During the year covered by this resolution, the Congress had enrolled in Bombay 1,52,000 members.

Due to the abnormal circumstances prevailing in the country the application of the rule of renewal of membership (Indian National Congress Constitutional, Article IV) was waived for the year 1945/1946, but I would respectfully submit that as far as 1947 is concerned the abnormal conditions have ceased and it is incumbent upon the present Congress Committee to stick to all the provisions of the I.N.C. Constitution. It would be necessary to remember that according to the Constitution only those members who are on the Congress register for full period of 12 months will be entitled to vote, and only those who have been for three consecutive years can stand for election. The latest A.I.C.C. Circular also deals with renewal of 1946 membership and the time for it is given till 31st August 1947. The right and privilege of the 80,000 members are at stake, and my efforts have been to the arbitrary ruling of Shri Patil.

In brief I wanted to show that Shri Patil was disregarding by his ruling the sacred provisions of the Constitution, and I therefore wished to raise my humble protest against the same. This is not an isolated instance but is the culmination of a series of conflicts that have taken place between Shri Patil on the one side and some of the members of the B.P.C.C. on the other. These conflicts have arisen not out of any disrespect for the presiding authority, but out of the chronic habit of Shri Patil to function simultaneously as the Chairman of the meeting and as the Executive Head of the organisation. He has made it a practice to give a lead to his followers on every issue before voting takes place and he insists on speaking on every occasion. This dual functioning of Shri Patil has made the position of these members of the B.P.C.C. who are not in agreement with him very difficult and awkward. If conflicts have arisen between him and members of the B.P.C.C., the root cause has been this dual functioning of Shri Patil.

Finally, if smooth functioning of the B. P. C. C. is desired and there is none who desires it more than myself because of my total loyalty to the organisation—either Shri Patil should function as the Chairman, or should permit somebody else to preside, and take on himself the responsibility of the Leader of the House. I am very anxious that the presiding authority should receive the unquestioned loyalty from the members and to enable people like me and some of my colleagues to do so spontaneously and willingly, I would request Shri Patil to select one of the two functions.

C. V. VARAD,

Attitudes And Latitudes

By BIRBAL.

AJANTA IN PURDAH!

The National Geographical Magazine has sent out a special cameraman to take some good photographs of India. This cameraman landed in Hyderabad to take colour photographs of Ajanta caves which the Hyderaod State is fortunate to have within its territories. The application for permission was duly filed. The gracious reply from H.E.H. the Nizam's Government was that he could take six photographs and no more! On his protesting he was told that he could take six more, but the negative must remain the property of the Nizam's State! The photographer is at his wit's end because not only would 12 snaps be wholly inadequate for an important subject like the Ajanta caves, but he cannot make coloured prints here even so as to hand over the negatives to the State Government. I am sure if the cameraman went back to the States and told his boss that he could not take more than six photographs of Ajanta because he was not allowed to do so, they wouldn't believe him.

* * *

IN THE MIRROR

"There is no short cut to an understanding of India, no easy political Whose Hue"—writes Douglas Wilkie in an Australian newspaper. Read what he has to say about us:

"This is clear today—perhaps the one clear thing in the Indian tragedy. Nevertheless there are well-defined pressure groups. They are the:—

Plutocrats—who've used Indian nationalism as a means to mazing money.

Politicians—the crafty careerists who've thrived by fawning on the British or by pretending to fight them.

Patriots—the exceptions among the politicians,—who are trying to keep their idealism clean in the dirty struggle for power.

Priests—who fear social change.

Princes—nearly 600 of them, some very powerful, only a very few progressive. (Average 11 titles each, 5.8 wives and 3.4 Rolls Royces).

Paupers—nearly all of India's 400,000,000 peasants who've nothing to lose whoever rules them, because more than half die, anyway, of famine or disease before they turn 25.

Some things about India cannot be simplified.

For instance, volumes have been written trying to explain Gandhi, the world's only politician-cum-saint-cum-shyster.

But our list helps to explain why Britain is anxious to stand aside. For centuries she's been sitting on top of various forces in India, damping down some, letting in the draught on others, and balancing all. Now that the lid has lifted, as it were, Britain's best course is to step back swiftly and hope that the blow-off will be short and sharp".

* * *

FISTS OR RIFLES?

The Bombay Home Guards are going to be issued with rifles. The fact is being proudly advertised. In the past our complaint has been against the police using their rifles too often. Now the Home Guards will join the police ranks. It is a fact, though absurd, that the Indian police uses its firearms more easily than probably the police in any western country where the mobs can be much more violent than the unarmed Indian crowds.

BIRBAL feels that the Home Guards should be trained in boxing first and hand to hand fight. They would disdain to touch a fireman then and yet be confident of saving themselves and others in the face of any danger. A man who can use his fists can any day face anything from knife to revolver so long as it is at close quarters. He will require his rifle only to silence another rifle.

* *

DIPLOMACY PLEASE!

The newspapers today have become a battleground royal for wordy warfare between the recalcitrant States and the leaders of the Union Government. It strikes BIRBAL that the leaders do not seem to realise that times have changed and that irresponsible statement must be stopped irrespective of how strong the provocation is.

If an Indian State like Travancore or Hyderabad declares its independence it cannot be handled by making public statements in the press. The people as such, who have no Government responsibility may discuss the problem as such, or the people of the States themselves may agitate or protest, but the members of the Indian Government may only act on the diplomatic level. The days are gone when their platform was only the press and their media only public statements. For example, Mahatma Gandhi gave out a statement regarding Afghanistan discriminating against the Hindus at his prayer meeting. In any other part of the world such an allegation by such an exalted personality would have caused an international 'incident'. The very next day the Afghan Government contradicted Mahatma's statement. Had the Mahatma any doubts about Afghan action—they should have been conveyed and checked up only through the External Affairs Department and not announced at the prayer meeting.

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TETE A TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

LAKE SUCCESS, July 10: M. Andrei Gromyko, the permanent Soviet representative on the United Nations Security Council, said to-night he had not seen one of the flying saucers, and added: "I should like to see one—in technicolour.

"Some attribute it to the British for exporting too much of their whisky into the United States.

"Some say it is a Russian discus-thrower training for the Olympic Games, who does not realise his own strength."—Reuter.

* * *

The highest and most dazzling highlight of Mr. Attlee's Indian Independence speech is, of course, that Mr. Jinnah himself would be the Governor-General of Pakistan.

It's so dazzling that we just—er—blinked and turned to the rest of the speech.

* * *

By the way, however, a contradiction is immediately necessary.

We haven't yet been able to find confirmation of the Junior Colleague's report that the new Governor-General will be known as His Excellency Viscount Mountpleasant of Bombay.

* * *

Introducing the Bill, Mr. Attlee explained how a new chapter was opening with the end of "British rule, which has endured so long ....."

And which has been endured so very very long.

* * *

This "voluntary" surrender of authority, said Mr. Attlee was rare in history, the nearest parallel being Henry Campbell-Bannerman's great act of faith re the Boers of South Africa, which, the Premier said, "that great South African, statesman, General Smuts" had frequently described as "marking the end of imperialism."

And the beginning of White racialism, Heil Smuts.

* * *

"Looking back over the years, we may", declared Mr. Attlee modestly, "well be proud of the work our fellow citizens have done for India."

We too looked back and searched anxiously all over when Mr. Attlee himself came to our assistance with his reference to "a great succession of Viceroys, who made their particular contributions...."

There immediately arose the years of Linlithgow and Willingdon on which our gaze rested, stuck and fascinated until it had to be pushed back further.

Mr. Attlee again did it

"...the only major difficulty", he recalled, "which faced all of us.... has been the communal issue."

And the mind's eye immediately reached the "particular contribution" of Minto.

We didn't feel the necessity of straining it farther.

* * *

Addressing the Rulers of States who want to cut adrift from India, Mr. Attlee said "take your time and think again."

The suggestion being that Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Aiyar is incapable of thinking once? A statement from Trivandrum please.

Colonial Proprietorship No Basis For Membership

Plea For Including All Asiatic Nations In U.N.O.'s Economic Commission

LAKE SUCCESS, July 11 (Reuter): The meeting of the Economic Commission for Asia and the Far East opened last night with an Indian objection to the moving of the meeting place from Shanghai to United Nations Headquarters. Mr. R. K. Nehru said "If our object is to build uup a strong regional organisation which will command respect in the countries of Asia we must insist that all important meetings should be held at our regional headquarters or elsewhere in Asia."

On the work achieved, Mr. Nehru said "We in Asia are not looking for palliative and short term remedies, for our problem is not one created by war, but one of longer standing. The reconstruction problem is an integral part of the long term problem of national development and any measures taken to solve this must be such as are designed to promote conditions of economic and social progress and larger political and other objectives of the United Nations."

Mr. Nehru re-emphasised India's view on the question of membership of the commission saying that it was not their present suggestion that the European precedent should be followed, and that membership of the Commission should be confined strictly to Asian countries. However they did feel strongly that colonial proprietorship should not be accepted as a basis for determining the membership of the Commission for Asia and the Far East. Countries within the region should be represented by nominees of their own national governments who should have the same status and rights as the existing members of the Commission. The national representatives of the countries of Asia should be in a clear majority.

Philippine's Representative Carlos Romulo said that of the ten members of the Commission only five were from Asia.

The peoples of Burma, Ceylon indonesia and the Indo-Chinese Federation, representing a hundred million peoples, had no real representation in the Commission. "We consider it a sheer necessity that the Commission should plan for the economic development of Far Eastern countries in conformity with the wishes of the people of the region concerned, and not of the wishes of governments, 10,000 miles away."

Russia's representative Pavel M. Chernyshev supported the Indian objection saying "the problems of Asia should be solved in Asia."

Regarding membership the Soviet Delegation considered that all Asiatic countries who are members of the United Nations should participate at least in a consultative capacity.

The British delegate Andrew Clow said he would submit at a later stage a proposal to include all Asiatic countries in the Commission.

The Commission's present agenda calls for consideration and reference to the United Nation's Economic and Social Council questions on membership, its geographical scope, "any other changes in or additions to its terms of reference" and the meeting place for the next session of the Commission. The Commission adjourned until tomorrow.

U. P. NAWABS' CLAMOUR

Restore Kingdom Of Oudh To "Rightful Owners"

LUCKNOW, July 10. (A.P.I.): A movement for the restoration of the eighteenth century Kingdom of Oudh which comprises twelve districts of the present United Provinces, "to its rightful owners" was launched here on Tuesday last when a section of United Provinces Nawabs, who claim to be the direct descendants of the late Nawab Waji Ali Shah, the last King of Oudh, made their claims public before a public meeting held in the Ganga Prasad Memorial Hall.

The meeting adopted a resolution warning the British Government that, in terms of International Law, it had no right to transfer territories of Oudh to any other Government. The meeting also resolved "to take proper and necessary action if the British Government fail to restore Oudh to its rightful owners before the date for the transfer of power to Indian hands."

SOVIET REPLY TO CHINA'S CHARGE

MOSCOW, July 11 (Reuter): A statement by the Soviet News Agency 'Tass', in reply to a recent Chinese accusation that Russia had refused China facilities for setting up a civil administration in Port Arthur and Dairen, denied that China had the right to quarter troops in the Port Arthur Naval District and added: "The Soviet Government, for defence purposes of the naval base, is erecting necessary constructions there."

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

CALCUTTA, July 11.

The Calcutta stock exchange today ruled steady and active and a fair volume of business took place at gradually hardening rates. The following are today's final transactions up to 2 p.m.

BANKS: Calcutta national 18/8 Imperial Bank County 535 Exdiv Reserve Bank 112 United Commercial 78/8 sl.

COTTONS: Cawnpore Textiles 11/10 Kesoram 23 New Victoria 5/14.

COALS: Bhalgora 18/8 Bharat 10/1 Burrakur 36/4 Bengal 630 Equitable 54/8 Pench Valley 51/10 South Karapura 38/13 Cum Div.

JUTES: Anglo India 432 Auckland 350 sl. Velvebe 615 Howrah 80/4 Kanknarrah 540.

ENGINEERINGS: Iron 35/12 Indian standard Wagon 110 Jessop and Co., 22/14 Kumardnubi Eng. 11/9 Marshalls 6/14 Steel Corporation 28/14 Textile Machinery 11/-.

MISCELLANEOUS: Burma Corporation 4/14 Indian Copper 3/10 Karanpura Dev 43 Tavoy Tin 1/14 Dalmia Cement 12/10 Sone Valley 11/3 Alkali and Chemical 25/12 Indian Alluminium 260 Indian Rubber 20/10 Indian National Airways 12/8 Jardine Henderson 193 sl. Martin Burn 21/2 National Tobacco 49/6 Rohtas Industry 13/10 B. B. Petroleum 3/14 Indo Burma Petroleum 88/8 Shree Gopal Paper 14/14 Star Paper 11 Titaghur Paper 42/7 Midnapore Zemindary 128/8 India General Navgn. 178 sl. India Steamship 15 3.

SUGARS: Balrampore 11/12 Carew and Co., 18/1 Cawnpore 35/4.

TEAS: Central Cachar 139 East India 22/4.

MADRAS SHARE MARKET

MADRAS, July 11.

The market was sluggish and dealings were on a sullen scale. Mysore shares in general were easier as also banks and textiles plantings were dull.

The market closed quiet. Following are today's quotations:—

SUGARS AND BREWERIES: Deccan 18/12 do 50 India Sugar 18/8 Mysore Sugar 53/14 Tranvancore 14/12.

PLANTINGS: Cochin Malabar 10/1 Chembra Peaks 9/10 Devasnola 15 Fringfords 11/8 Kalpettas 26/12 Kalasa 12/15 Malankara 54/8 Manalur 4/1 Midland 8/4 Nellithanam 11 Pullangodes 6 Per Cent Cd. 2/1 Thirumbadi 3/1 Woodlands 8/-.

TEXTILES: Bangalore Wol. 275 B and C ordy 334 Cambodia 25 Coimbatore Murugan 235 do new 131 Coimbatore C. M. 265 Dhanalaxmi 212/8 Janardhana 120 Kaleeswarar 585 Kothari Tex 40/8 Laxmi New 24 Per Cent 116 Meettur 17 Per Cent C D 319 Madura 87/4 Pankaja 242/8 Radhakrishna 364/8 Rangavilas 139/12 Sitaram Spg. 165/8 Trichinopoly 21/8 Vasantha 317.

MISCELLANEOUS: And cement 92 Bruntons 8 5 Hind Trust 17/8 Ind St. Roll 11/4 Mysore Chem and Fert 14/12 Mysore Chem Mfrs. 16/8 Mettur Chem 13 Prithvi 12/1 Singareni XD 13/8 Spencer 12/-.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.

Statement of the Affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 4th July, 1947:—

LIABILITIES.

	Rs.
CAPITAL:—	5,62,50,000
Reserve Fund	6,17,50,000
Fixed Deposit, Savings Bank, Current and other Accounts	267,86,63,000
Sundries	3,58,58,000
Total Rs.	283,25,21,000

ASSETS.

	Rs.
INVESTMENTS:—	
Government Securities	147,51,56,000
Other Authorised Investments	5,51,41,000
ADVANCES:—	
Loans	22,59,20,000
Cash Credits and Overdrafts	47,06,61,000
Bills Discounted and Purchased	5,19,17,000
Dead Stock	1,53,90,000
Sundries	3,38,21,000
CASH:—	
In hand and with the Reserve Bank of India and with the Central Treasury in Rangoon	48,08,52,000
Balances with other Banks	2,36,54,000
Total Rs.	283,25,21,000

Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit who arrived in Bombay by air on Friday was given a reception at the Juhu aerodrome.

CITY RECEPTION TO MRS. PANDIT

Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit, India's Ambassador-Designate to Soviet Russia, arrived in Bombay on Friday afternoon from Lucknow by air.

Leading Congressmen and other prominent citizens of Bombay welcomed her on arrival at the Juhu aerodrome. Among them were Mrs. Mithan Lam, Sheriff, Sir Harshidbhai Divatia, Lady Thackersey, and Mr. S. K. Patil, President of the B.P.C.C. A guard of honour was provided by the Congress Sevika Dal.

Mrs. Pandit is staying with her sister, Mrs. Krishna Hutheesingh and Mr. G. P. Hutheesingh.

POLITICAL AND ECONOMIC CONTROL OF JAPAN

11-Nation Far Eastern Commission Reach Agreement

WASHINGTON, July 11. (Reuter): The Eleven-Nation Far Eastern Commission announced to-day that it had finally reached agreement on its basic policy for the political and economic control of Japan—a policy, in fact, which was almost identical with the rules laid down by General Douglas MacArthur, the Supreme Allied Commander, after the Japanese surrender.

The text of the decision was sent to General MacArthur for implementation.

The Commission empowers him to take decisions in consultation with the Allied Council for Japan concerning the removal and replacement of individual members of the Japanese Government. The report disclosed that the eleven nations had not yet agreed on the handling of Japanese foreign assets and property abroad. The statement declared that exports other than those directed to be shipped on reparations account or as restitution may be made only to those recipients who agree to provide the necessary imports in exchange or who agree to pay for such exports in foreign exchange usable in purchasing imports.

MYSORE LEADER IN JAIL

State Congress To Lodge Protest With Consembly President

(From Our Correspondent.)

BANGALORE, (By Mail)

The Mysore Congress Working Committee, it is learnt, has decided to lodge a protest against the action of the Mysore Government in not allowing the President of the Mysore Congress to secure the assent of Mr. K. Hanumanthiah, Leader of the Congress Party in the Assembly, who is now in jail, for the latter's candidature to contest the election for the Constituent Assembly. It is further learnt that the Working Committee will impress upon the President of the Constituent Assembly the undemocratic and unconstitutional character of the elections held and seek for its redress.

Delay Inevitable In Secondary Schools Committee Report

The Secondary Schools Committee was originally expected to submit its report by the end of June 1947. The Committee, soon after appointment, issued an exhaustive questionnaire to all Associations of teachers and to managing interests. It became apparent, however, that the replies to the questionnaire could not be submitted in the extremely short period available. Many Associations also expressed a desire to be heard in person.

The Committee has, accordingly, decided to visit some important centres and hear the evidence of representatives and individuals. This has necessarily meant that there will be some delay in the submission of the report which the Committee is anxious to make a comprehensive one. The Government agrees that an important report like this should not be hurried as the recommendations will be the foundation for action for many years to come in the field of salaries of teachers, school fees, and Government Grant-in-aid. The Government trusts that all persons interested in this matter will appreciate the position.

Govt. Sanctions Increase In Coal Prices

NEW DELHI, July 10. (Reuter): The Government of India has decided to sanction an increase of Rs. 3/8 per ton over existing prices for all grades of coal, it is officially announced today.

A press note says: in asking the coal industry to implement the main recommendations of the Conciliation Board regarding wage increases and other concessions for colliery labour in Bengal and Bihar, the Government of India had announced that the consequent increase in the cost of production would be taken into account in re-fixing coal prices.

The matter has now been considered by Government in consultation with the Commodities Prices Board, and it has been decided to sanction an increase of Rs. 3/8 per ton over existing prices for all grades of coal.

PEERAGE FOR JINNAH?

LONDON, July 11, (API).—Some informed British sources speculated tonight, however, that Mr. Jinnah's appointment—probably to be followed by a Knighthood or even a peerage—might enhance the chances that Pakistan would remain within the Commonwealth regardless of the choice by the Dominion of India.

The honour of Governor-Generalship for its own silver-haired lawyer leader was a high one for Pakistan, these sources pointed out, and Dominion Status carries all the rights of independence plus the advantages of membership in the British Commonwealth.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Vice-President of the All-India Interim Government under Lord Mountbatten, is regarded as a certainty for the Premiership of the new Dominion of India.

Mr. Jinnah had been expected to fill the same role in Pakistan. But his appointment as Governor-General bans him from the post.

Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, Finance Minister, who visited London earlier this year with Mr. Jinnah for conferences with Mr. Attlee's Cabinet, was regarded in London as the Muslim League's most likely choice for the Prime Ministership.

ZAFRULLAH PLEASED

The first to congratulate the Prime Minister Mr. Clement Attlee on his India speech was Sir Mohammed Zafrullah Khan, Legal Adviser to the Bhopal Group of States. Later he expressed to Reuter's correspondent his great pleasure at the announcement that the Muslim League President, Mr. Mohammed Ali Jinnah, was to be the Governor-General of Pakistan. "This is a guarantee of the fact that Pakistan will make every effort to live up to its ideals", he declared.

SORENSEN SURPRISED

Mr. Reginald Sorensen, Labour Member of Parliament, described Mr. Jinnah's nomination as Governor-General of Pakistan as "surprise."

He added: "There will be many who nevertheless will extend to Mr. Jinnah the most earnest hope that he will be able to exercise his new power and authority wisely and generously.

Describing the Bill as "a masterpiece", the "New Statesman and Nation" states: Mr. Jinnah's sudden and unexpected decision to nominate himself as Governor-General, made doubtless to maintain himself on the same elevated plan as Mr. Gandhi, will neither affect the terms nor rule out the possibility of initial co-operation between the two Dominions, particularly as Lord Mountbatten will remain Chairman of the Vital Defence Committee.

(See Page 6)

Changes In Central Secretariat

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, July 11.

A number of changes are expected to be made in the central secretariat on Aug. 8

With the abolition of civil branch of the Indian Medical Service, the directorate of the I.M.S. will also be abolished. I.M.S. personnel now employed in the provinces or under Centre will be either asked to continue in civil employment under provincial or central Governments or retire on terms recently announced by the India Secretary.

Central Government I learn, has already enquired of I.M.S. personnel what their future plans are.

500 Municipal Teachers Dismissed

MADURA, July 11 (A.P.I.): The Commissioner of Madura Municipality has intimated over five hundred Municipal elementary school teachers who are on strike that they stand dismissed from service with effect from June 25, the day on which they went on strike.

To replace the dismissed teachers, the Commissioner has already called for applications from men and women willing to work as teachers in elementary schools of the Municipality. He will also consider applications from persons who do not have teachers' qualifications but who have the capacity to work as teachers.

INDIA RESPONDS TO LIBERIAN INVITATION

NEW DELHI, July 11 (API).—The Republic of Liberia has invited India to participate in the centenary celebrations to be held in the Liberian Capital of Monrovia from July 24 to August 11 in commemoration of her independence. The Government of India have accepted the invitation and have deputed Professor Mohammad Mujeeb of Jamia Millia Islamia, Delhi, to represent India at the forthcoming celebrations.

Professor Mujeeb will leave Delhi on July 20 for Monrovia, where delegates from other nations have also been invited.

Agreement On Division Of Army & Navy

NEW DELHI, July 11 (API).—Final decisions have now been reached by the Partition Council regarding the allotment of units of the armed forces between the future Governments of India and Pakistan, says a 'communique.'

IN TWO STAGES

The reconstitution of the armed forces will proceed in two stages in accordance with the terms of the 'communique' issued by the Partition Council. The decisions now arrived at refer to the first stage of reconstitution namely, "a rough and ready division on communal basis."

These decisions will in no way prejudice the second stage namely, "combing out of units on a basis of voluntary transfer of individuals."

The decisions are based on the unanimous recommendations of the armed forces reconstitution sub-committees and of the armed forces reconstruction committee. A marked feature of the deliberations of these sub-committees has been the spirit of goodwill and co-operation.

Recommendations regarding the reconstitution of the Royal Indian Air Forces and some units of the Indian Army have not yet been made to the the Partition Council.

DIVISION OF R.I.N. SHIPS

The following will eventually be the division of the ships of the Royal Indian Navy:

INDIA

Sloops: Sutlej, Jumna, Kistna, Cauvery.
Frigates: Tir, Kukri
Minesweepers: Orissa, Deccan, Bihar Kumaon, Khyber, Rohilkhand, Carnatic, Rajputana, Konkan Bombay, Bengal, Madras.
Corvettes: Assam.
Survey Vessel: Investigator.
Trawlers: Nasik, Calcutta, Cochin, Amritsar.
Motor Minesweepers: Four in number.
Harbour Defence Motor Launches: Four in number.
All existing landing craft.

PAKISTAN

Sloops: Narbada, Godavari.
Frigates: Shambher, Dhanush.
Minesweepers: Kathiawar, Baluchistan, Malwa, Oudh.
Trawlers: Rampur, Baroda.
Motor Minesweepers: Two in number.
Harbour Defence Motor Launches Four in number.

SHARING THE ARMY

Indian Army: Fifteen Infantry regiments, 12 Armoured Corps units, 18-1 2 Artillery regiments, 61 Engineer units have been allotted to India.

Eight Infantry regiments, Six Armoured Corps units, eight and a half Artillery regiments and 34 Engineer units have been allotted to Pakistan.

In allotting the ships, etc., the requirements of each Dominion have been kept in view and care has been taken to see that the actual allotment results in each Dominion getting its fair share. Similarly, in allotting Infantry, Armoured Corps, Artillery and Engineer units the same considerations have been borne in mind.

PARTITION OF I.C.S. PERSONNEL

(From Our Correspondent.)

LAHORE, June 11.

The Punjab Partition Committee held its important meeting in the Civil Secretariat when the Governor, Sir Evan Jenkin, presided. This meeting decided the fate of about seventy-four Indian Civil Service Officials now serving in the Punjab governed under the Government of India Act 1935. These Officials were given a questionaire whether they would like to serve under Hindustan or Pakistan Governments. Out of these nineteen British I.C.S. Officials have replied that they should be relieved and were not prepared to serve any Government. This list includes Abel, Secretary to Lord Mountbatten, who is on deputation to the Government of India, S. E. Abbot, Secretary, Governor of Punjab, A. A. MacDonald, Home Secretary, Punjab Government, K. H. Henderson, former Deputy Commissioner, Lahore, Williams and Eustace Booth, Deputy Commissioners of Lahore, Fraser, Deputy Commissioner of Amritsar, Brander, Deputy Commissioner, Gurgaon, Goston, Secretary, Public Works Department, Kennady, Rationing Controller, Lahore.

According to the decisions of Partition Committee, both Eastern and Western Punjab Governments will have twenty-seven I.C.S. Officials each. Western Punjab which will be under the Pakistan Government includes five European Officials and while the list of twenty-seven I.C.S. who have offered to serve under the Hindustan Government in the Eastern Punjab include one Muslim Official. Those nineteen I.C.S. have expressed their willingness to be relieved before transfer of power.

Division Of Files

KARACHI, July 11, (A.P.I.): One of the biggest problems, namely, division of the files between Hindustan and Pakistan has been solved to some extent by an American firm which has offered to microphotograph all files according to reliable information received from Delhi.

In Western Pakistan, five out of the seven divisions of the North-Western Railway, it is learnt, will be the property of the Pakistan Government.

Sixteen special trains will leave Delhi daily by the end of the month to transfer Pakistan Government officials from Delhi to Karachi.

Jt. Cabinet Meeting For Bengal Jail Delivery

CALCUTTA, July 11 (A.P.I.): The release of political prisoners is engaging the attention of the West Bengal Cabinet.

There are at present over 300 political prisoners in the whole of Bengal, of which seven or eight are in West Bengal jails, and the rest in east Bengal. With a view to ensuring simultaneous release of all prisoners, attempts are being made to arrive at a joint decision by both the Cabinets.

Bengal Boundary Commission Report

CALCUTTA, July 11. (A.P.I.): Sir Cyril Radcliffe, Chairman of the Bengal and Punjab Boundary Commissions, who, arrived here yesterday, will leave for Delhi to-morrow. Sir Cyril will spend to-morrow night at Delhi and will then proceed to Lahore.

Sir Cyril told the Associated Press of India that the report of the Bengal Boundary Commission was expected to be ready by August 15.

Replying to an enquiry how he would guide the work of both the Bengal and Punjab Commissioners, Sir Cyril said that it would be impossible for him to attend sittings of the commissions since both must proceed simultaneously. He would, of course, keep himself informed of the proceedings at every sitting, and would have the opportunity as soon as the sittings closed, of discussing with his colleagues the appropriate conclusions

SIKHS AND BOUNDARY COMMISSION

Sardar Baldev Singh Clarifies Attitude

NEW DELHI, July 11 (A.P.I.). Sardar Baldev Singh, Defence Member, has issued the following statement:—"I have noted that different papers have given different versions of my speech at Gurdwara Sisganj on July 8. I am reported to have said that if the Sikh demands are not accepted by the Boundary Commission they will resist and fight for their rights. This is quite incorrect. What I said was that the Sikhs should not get unnecessarily worried and should be patient and use their energies for putting their demands before the Boundary Commission. One of the main reasons for the division of the Punjab was to accommodate the Sikhs so that they could feel secure in that part of the country. The demands of the Sikhs are so reasonable that anyone will find it difficult to reject them."

BR. EXPERTS FOR KARACHI'S NEW SHIPYARD

GLASGOW, July 11 (Reuter).—Messrs. John Brown and Company Limited, the Clydebank Shipbuilders who built the "Queen Elizabeth" and "Queen Mary", are to give technical aid in the construction of a new shipyard at Karachi, it was announced here today.

Associated with the work will be the equally famous firm of Sir William Arrol and Company, Engineers and Bridge-builders.

The yard is to be built within two years at an estimated cost of Rs. 5,00,00,000. It will have three or four berths and be capable of producing ships of up to 15,000 tons.

"Cats' Eyes"

They can see a night and thus stalk their prey—as they did during the war. In fact the eyes do not belong to pussy at all: they refer to a most secret weapon of the last war. But now "cats' eyes" are being utilised in industry, medicine and even crime detection Read all about them in the next issue of the "Bombay Chronicle Weekly."

What a Frenchman learned about America. It is Andre Maurois, the famous litterateur, who sums up his impressions of the States as he returns home after six years

Blue-Print for the Perfect Marriage: There isn't any, but an institution in London is trying to guide people into stable matrimony. Their methods will be of interest to all those about to marry.

Going to the Dogs?—Don't! But no harm in reading about Britishers who go to the dogs. This is Between Ourselves!

Reserve your copy of the

Bombay Chronicle Weekly

Sunday, July 13.

JINNAH URGES RELEASE OF KASHMIR MUSLIM LEADERS

States Welcome To Join Pakistan Consembly: No League Pressure To Force Choice

NEW DELHI, July 11. (A.P.I.): Chaudhary Ramidullah Khan, Acting-President of the All-Jammu and Kashmir Muslim conference and Mr. Mohammad Ishaque Qureshi, member of the Conference Working Committee had an hour's interview with Mr. M. A. Jinnah this morning regarding the present political situation in Kashmir.

After the meeting Mr. Jinnah issued the following press statement:

"The Jammu and Kashmir Muslim Conference leaders, Chaudhary Hamidullah Khan and Mr. Mohammad Ishaq Qureshi had an interview with me to-day and they informed me of the situation there which is making the people restive. They placed before me the question of the detention of the Muslim Conference leaders who have been in jail now for nine months without trial. Their only offence was that they held the Muslim conference session inspite of prohibitory orders of the Government. But they soon dispersed and did not proceed with their business. Only six leaders were arrested to which no resistance was offered and everything went off peacefully.

DETENTION UNJUSTIFIED.

For such a technical offence they have already suffered nine months and I see no justification for their continued detention. I hope that the Maharaja and the Prime Minister of Kashmir will realize the fast changing circumstances and wisdom demands that feelings and sentiments of Muslims who form eighty per cent of the population should not be ignored much less hurt.

"The second question that is engaging the attention of the Muslims of Kashmir is whether Kashmir is going to join the Constituent Assembly of Hindustan or the Constituent Assembly of Pakistan. I have already made it clear more than once that the Indian States are free to join either the Pakistan Constituent Assembly or the Hindustan Constituent Assembly or remain independent. I have no doubt that the Maharaja and the Kashmir Government will give their closest attention and consideration to this matter and realize the interests not only of the ruler but also of his people. We have made it clear that we are not going to coerce, intimidate or put any pressure on any State making its choice. But those States who wish to join the Pakistan Constituent Assembly will find us ready and willing to negotiate with them agreement for the mutual advantage of both. Those who wish to declare their complete independence may be beneficial for both and secure mutual and reciprocal interest.

"Lastly, I hope that the Muslims of Kashmir will organize themselves and create complete unity and solidarity among the Mussalmans under their wise leadership".

SECRETARY OF STATES' SERVICES

Home Department Urges Officers To Send Replies By July 15

NEW DELHI, July 11, (A.P.I.): The Home Department of the Government of India recently addressed a letter to all officers of the Secretary of State's Services enquiring whether they wish to continue in service after the transfer of power and regarding other connected points, says a press note. Replies from a number of officers have not yet been received.

The Government of India will take up the final readjustment of the provincial cadres of these services very soon and the officers who have not yet been able to reply should send in their replies at once so as to reach the Home Department by July 15 at the latest.

Second Member From Deccan States To Consembly

SANGLI, July 10 (A.P.I.): Mr. B. N. Munavalli of Ramdurg has today been declared elected to the Indian Constituent Assembly as the representative of the subjects of the Deccan States Group.

It is recalled that the Deccan States Group, who is entitled to send two representatives to the Constituent Assembly, one on behalf of the Rulers and the other on behalf of the people in the group, had already selected Mr. M. S. Aney as representative of the Rulers.

R

HAVE YOU OBTAINED the necessary declaration forms from your ration shop? For each set of cards, registered at a particular ration shop under the same head of family, as shown on the cards, a separate declaration has to be made.

Collect all the permanent foodgrains ration cards in your household and see if all of them bear the name of same person as head of the family, if so, then see if all of them are registered at the same ration shop. In that case you have to fill in only one declaration form.

If, however, there are more than one person, as heads of family, separate declaration forms in respect of each head of family would be necessary even though the cards are registered at the same ration shop.

And if the cards are registered at more than one shop, even though the head of family is the same, separate declaration forms must be filled in in respect of cards registered at each ration shop.

4389

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CURRENT PHOTOPLAYS

New West End
PSYCHOLOGICAL NIGHTMARE

You have probably heard of the Oedipus complex. The theme of RENUKA is a distant cousin of it, for it revolves round a lecherous old man who casts his sensual eyes on a girl adopted by him and who also happens to be his brother's widow. In an attempt to be original, Ramesh Saigal has presented us with complex-ridden characters and complex situations. All much of a muchness.

Of course Mubarak is in his element as the doddering old incestuous parent, while Hemavati tries hard to be attractive as the pawn in the game.

Like visiting a psychiatrist.

*

Novelty
ROYAL ROMANCE

The love that found perpetuation in the most beautiful tomb in the world, is brought to the screen in Kardar Films' SHAH JEHAN. The magnificence of the most extragavant of Moghuls is depicted with due reverence and the photoplay becomes more like a succession of lovely paintings than a great pictorial narrative.

Ragini is supremely dignified as the queen who inspired so great a love.

*

Every now and then one hears of some Indian producer selling his pictures to an American distributing concern or exhibiting them in some corner of the West. SHANTARAM started the ball rolling by selling to Arthur Mayer and Joseph Burnstyn Inc. of New York, the distribution rights for the U.S.A. of "Dr. Kotnis", "Parbat Pe Apna Dera" and "Shakuntala". Since then, Mehboob and Vijay Bhatt have made hurried excursions to the land of the Almighty Dollar and one hears vague reports of "Humayun", "Ram-Rajya" and "Vikramaditya" being shown, or about to be shown, to the American public. Not to lag behind, Jamshed Wadia seems to be circulating the information that his "Court Dancer" has been packed off to the West.

FACTS OR PUBLICITY STUNT?

I should be amongst the first to advocate the placing of our films on the foreign market. But what I feel the public have a right to know, is whether these films have REALLY been shown in the U.S.A. and HOW they have been received. One gradually wearies of being fed regularly with large doses of what appears to be merely publicity dope. It is up to Messrs. Shantaram, Bhatt, Wadia and Mehboob to enlighten us on what may, otherwise become a huge joke or even a scandal. The public do not like the wool pulled over their eyes too long.

It would be happy news to us that the films which their makers claim to have sold for exhibition abroad, have actually reached foreign audiences. It is immaterial whether they have a good or a bad reception. After all none of our films can hope to vie, technically, with Western products. Besides, our way of life and the themes of our pictures being so vastly different, we cannot expect foreign spectators to take to them at once. But it would be encouraging to know that Indian films were being ACTUALLY flashed on foreign screens.

Having personally read in the New York papers of Shantaram's American venture, I have no doubt as to its authenticity. I hope the news of the other producers' excursions into the foreign film domain, are likewise based on facts. It would be poor taste on their part if the reports of the sale of their films abroad, turned out to be merely publicity stunts!

GOOD OF THE WHOLE

By all means let us show our films abroad. But let us take care that

Suraiya in the forthcoming "Do-Dil"

"SARDI" REVIEWS HAMARA SCREEN

Vijaya Dass and Shashi Kapoor in "Renuka"

*

Poor Saigal had to bear the burden of playing a demented poet so as to be given chance to sing.

Pleasing, lavish historical.

*

Royal Opera House
CHARACTER STUDY

It has fallen to the lot of Yakub to portray in Prakash's SAMAJ-KO-BADAL DALO, a man with the contradictory elements in his nature ever at strife. Now the orthodox part of his nature gains supremacy, now the radical. His dream of a home always remains an illusion, the three women with whom he attempts to find happiness, all coming to an untimely end.

This picture was made under the baton of Vijay Bhatt.

Melodramatic madness.

*

Imperial
TAGORE MASSACRED

The age-old triangle that Rabindranath Tagore freshened with his touch in "The Wreck", is brought to the screen in hackneyed manner in Bombay Talkies' MILAN. Noteworthy, in the original, for its character delineation, the film utterly fails to achieve this, as it depends on the comparatively raw talents of Ranjana, Dileepkumar and Mira Misra.

One can but sympathise with the producers for undertaking so difficult a task.

*

Selling Films—Or Themselves?

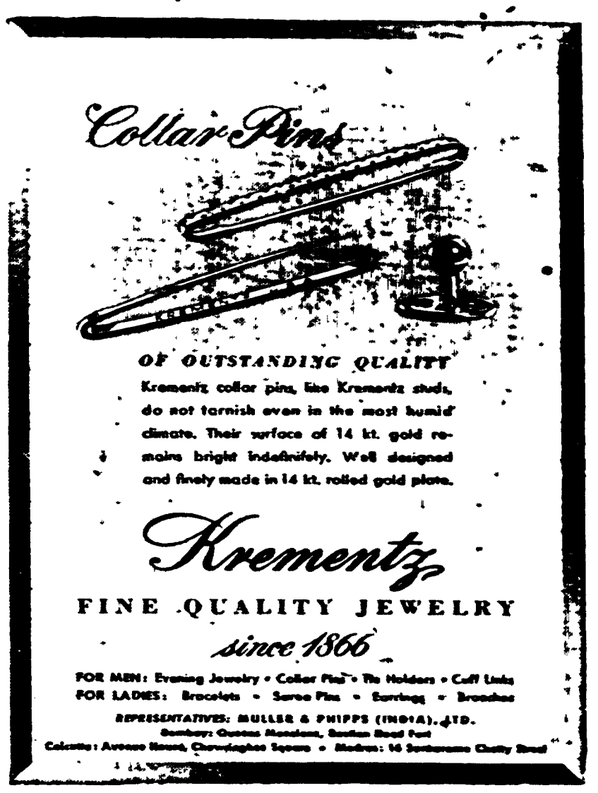
A Question To Producers Seeking Foreign Markets

BY "SARDI"

publicity alone is not the prime motive behind the foreign exhibition of our products, which should be carefully selected so as to impress the rest of the world with our output. Only the best efforts should be sent to foreign lands.

Not so long ago, NEECHA NAGAR was exhibited, along with DHARTI-KE-LAL, at the Cannes Festival. The latter certainly deserved to be shown out of India; but the same cannot be said of the former, the exhibition of which gave the impression of pre-release publicity stunt. From the rushes I have seen of "Necha Nagar" and the reports I hear of the completed product, this film should never have left our shores, as it happens to be an amateurish affair, poorly edited and conspicuously "arty", thanks to the highbrow and inexperienced methods of its director.

It is to be sincerely hoped that our producers will look to the good of the entire industry when they exhibit their films abroad, rather than strive for personal aggrandisement and publicity 'hallyhoo.'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The Soviets And The Marshall Plan

Why Russia Refuses To Co-operate

(BY W. N. EWER)

The issue of the Paris meeting of the three Ministers was hardly in doubt after the opening day, when M. Molotov made it quite plain that he was not prepared to discuss any proposals for anything in the nature of a common economic plan for Europe; in fact, that he was not prepared to discuss the proposals that had been made by Mr. Marshall at Harvard, but only something radically different.

The rest of the time was spent in a now too familiar process—of making sure that the Soviet Foreign Minister really meant his refusal, that he intended to adhere rigidly to his first position, that there was no possibility of adjustment or compromise. And when M. Bidault's effort to meet the Soviet arguments had failed—since the arguments were unconnected with the real objections—there was nothing for it but to abandon hope of Soviet co-operation and go ahead without the Soviet Union; and probably without her close associates in Eastern Europe.

The Soviet attitude has caused surprise as well as disappointment in many quarters. Yet it seems to link logically enough both with Communist theory and Russian practice.

INFLUENCE OF COMMUNIST THEORY

The theory indeed becomes less important as years pass. And Soviet policy seems to be concerned less and less with revolutionary ideals than with the national interests of the Soviet Union. In M. Stalin's phrase its "orientation is towards the U.S.S.R. and towards the U.S.S.R. alone." But the Communist theory still has influence: it, and even its terminology, while they may not determine purposes, still conditions the thinking of the Soviet leaders: and in particular their view of any proposals by the Capitalist Governments for any form of international co-operation.

Now the classical Communist theory is very definite upon this point. "The programme of the Communist International" (adopted in 1928 and still doctrinarily binding) lays down that "The capitalist world is powerless to eliminate its inherent contradictions and strives to establish international associations, the main purpose of which is to retard the inevitable growth of the revolutionary crisis and to strangle the Soviet proletarian republics."

FUNDAMENTAL SUSPICION

Now it is true that despite this the Soviet Union did later join the League of Nations—to which the "Programme" referred specifically, and which Lenin had termed the "Thieves' Kitchen"—and that it has joined the United Nations. But its adherence to the League was hesitant—admittedly a diplomatic move.

The old doctrinal suspicion still existed; while Soviet membership of the United Nations has been carefully conditioned. The insistence on the veto, the constant emphasis of M. Gromyko on 'National Sovereignty", the refusal or reluctance to take part in any of the constructive economic and cultural work of U.N.O. are all evidence of the fundamental suspicion about the real purpose of the organisation: and that suspicion springs directly from the mental processes conditioned by the Communist dogma.

It was inevitable that the "Marshall Offer" should be regarded in Moscow with suspicious eyes. The offer of American aid was more than tempting to a Government coping with a terrible economic crisis. Nor could the East European States, which are closely associated with the Soviet Union, possibly be asked—or even ordered—to reject it out of hand. American aid, without conditions of any kind, was plainly to be desired—though notably it was at once analysed as an attempt to stave off the "inevitable" crisis in American economy—in fact "retard the inevitable growth of the revolutionary crisis."

THEORY AND POLICY

But the association of the offer with the suggestion of economic planning, of some kind of economic organisation for all Europe, at once aroused subconscious fears. Here was a new form of "International Association," sponsored by the strongest capitalist power in the world, at once welcomed and endorsed by the two capitalist great powers of Europe. No mind trained in Communist thinking could fail to react by almost automatic and reflex suspicion.

But "history teaches us"—as the Russians say—that if the immediate Russian policy conflicts with the Communist theory, orthodox policy is apt to prevail. In this case, however, the two are in harmony.

For the main purpose of Soviet policy in Europe at the present time is plain enough. It is to form in the East of Europe a group of States with Governments "friendly" to the Soviet Union, closely associated both with each other and with the "mighty Soviet power." And that close association is to be economic as well as political. There is to be a network of trade treaties, of economic planning. In the case of states like Rumania and Hungary, their economic systems are to be brought under something very near to complete Soviet control. In the case of Poland, Czechoslovakia, Jugoslavia and Bulgaria, the racial doctrine of the Slav is invoked. Even the Orthodox Church is made an instrument of Soviet policy; and the Communist ministers make speeches at festivals commemorating the orthodox saints as champions of Slavdom.

THE EASTERN BLOC

This conception of the Eastern European economic and political bloc closely associated, almost "integrated" with the Soviet Union, and as far as possible independent of the West, both politically and economically (for (Russians are vividly aware that the two are inseparable), is the key to all Soviet policy in Europe. One may add in passing that the creation of a similar system in the Middle East—though recognised to be impracticable at the moment—is in mind for "future planning."

Now, quite clearly, if there were successful attempts to produce any work common to the recovery programme for all Europe, economic links between East and West European States would be renewed and strengthened. The natural economic tendencies now held in check by political pressure would reassert themselves. And the dream of building up a closely knitted bloc of East European States, economically and politically linked with each other and with the Soviet Union, economically and politically "independent" of the West, would be shattered.

Our Persian Letter

THE FLYING SHAH OF IRAN

28-Year-Old Reza Pahlavi Braves Dangers In the Air Which Few Monarchs Would Face

(From Our Correspondent.)

TEHERAN, June 27, (By Air Mail.)

Young (28 year-old) Shah Mohammed Reza Pahlavi of Iran is perhaps the only monarch who airs himself in a B 17. When he feels like a diversion, he jumps into his Fortress and zooms through the clouds, diving down to earth at intervals and scuttling between house tops, an aerobatic here and there. The Shah likes his flying so much that he does not think twice before he makes for his plane—any odd hour would do for him: seven in the morning, two in the afternoon—even eleven at night is not too late.

Since last year, when the Shah first took to a plane, he has done 300 flying hours, generally cross-country flights. He knows his Iran probably better than any pilot alive, having scanned every interesting navigable mile of the country. He knows the territory so well, he now often flies blind. During the recent scuffle between the Russian sponsored Azerbaijan "Democrat" regime and the Central Government, the Shah often hovered for hours above the "front", in spite of repeated requests and advice from his Persian and Foreign friends not to endanger himself thus.

His Majesty has two planes of his own, both of U.S. manufacture: the B 17 four-engined flying fortress, which is his favourite, and a twin-engined Beachcraft Expediter. He also has priority to three British made single-engined planes, a Tiger Moth (in which he started his flying career), a Hind and a Percival Proctor, and an American single-engined Rearwin. The other three twin-engined planes he flies are the British Anson and the new Dove and an American DC3. Recently, he has been flying the British Hurricane fighter aircraft brought to Iran (thirty in number) by Wing Commander Gibb of the R.A.F.

A Dangerous Feat

The Shah, very keen and quick to grasp special aerobatic angles, was once watching his personal pilot, Persian Captain Jowhari, doing a dangerous inverted loop in a Tiger Moth, when the latter, eager to whet the Shah's interest, tried a second one sufficiently close to the ground to crash to his death before the eyes of the Shah, who was so affected by this that he nearly gave up flying. He knows that if his nation sense any real danger to their rather popular Shah, they can prevent this hobby of his, even, if necessary, by an act of Parliament.

But the Shah himself is generally careful—he's got to be, or, otherwise, how else could he spend those weekends!

MARTIAL LAW IN IRAN

(From Our Correspondent.)

TEHERAN, June 27.

Choice selectees of Premier Ahmed Ghavam's Democrat Party of Iran deftly armed with clubs, automatic pistols and fierce countenances, forcibly broke into the printing presses of three opposition morning newspapers in the wee hours of today when all but the type-setters of these papers were deep in converse with Morpheus. Pointing minatory pistols at the compositors in the printing rooms of these newspapers, Democrat Party foremen ordered them to break up and scatter the type-sheets laboriously set all evening. The Democrats were even considerate enough to help the compositors in the job of scattering the type in all visible corners and niches of the respective press buildings, and when their chore was finally accomplished, they asked the press employees to take the rest of the night off, and left with the terse warning: "So long as our beloved Prime Minister and leader is alive we shall tolerate no further nonsense!"

Thus "Atesh" (anti-Russian, generally in favour of the Shah and Army), "Dad" (moderate left), and "Eghdam" (moderate right) explained in an Extra issue to their subscribers why their morning editions had not come out. They vowed that they would not abandon the "struggle for democracy in Iran" and appealed to the Big Five to fulfil their wartime pledges of guaranteeing freedom of thought and speech to all peoples when peace should dawn. They also reminded Ghavam that, "banking on the misty international situation", he could not "for ever maintain a reign of terror and unprecedented despotism against the will of the people.

Charges And Counter-Charges

The "nonsense" referred to by the Democrats was a sustained attack by the major part of the Iranian press against the alleged high-handed and corrupt practices of the Government and the Democrat Party, ever since the latter came into being at the heads of its self-appointed vice-chief Muzaffar Firuz, a year ago. This opposition press alleged, inter alia, that the Democrat Party Government had embezzled public funds, rigged the protracted elections, mismanaged Iran's internal and foreign affairs, infringed the constitutional laws of the country on several counts, and permitted no freedom of action and expression to anyone outside their own party.

Opposition's only expressed hope was that the Majlis (Persian Parliament) would early convene, when, they believed, the power of the present Government would be curtailed, and the few non-Democrat deputies who had managed to slip through the Democrat gauntlet could expose the Party's unorthodox activities of the past year.

When Premier Ghavam last week annulled martial law, which had been in force ever since the entry of British and Russian troops into Iran in 1941, the press of the opposition, fearing no drastic "security action" against them took no pains any longer to mince their words. The Government was treated to a choice volley of unmitigated abuse. When Ghavam tried to appease the leonine press by reshuffling his cabinet and assuring his compatriots that the oft-promised program of reforms would now be implemented, it was too late.

He now threatens his opponents with reimposing martial law, but it seems rather late to stem their fury—the Shah has ordered the inauguration of the Majlis on July 17, when, it seems, that Ghavam will face a rather uncomfortable situation.

MR. B. G. KHER

The Premier of Bombay, Mr. B. G. Kher, will leave for Delhi by air on Sunday (July 13), to attend the forthcoming session of the Constituent Assembly.

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Active Buying In Kohinoor Shares

SILVER DECLINES ON PERSISTENT LIQUIDATION

Cotton Market Quietens After Early Steadiness

BOMBAY, July 11.

Short covering and selective buying pushed up quotations on the Bombay Stock Exchange this morning but the rise attracted moderate realising. However the undertone was good and as pointed out before market is gradually working for higher prices. After yesterday's sharp rise in Bombay Dyeings, to-day Kohinoors were in keen demand. This way one by one speculative counters are steadily moving up with 9 more disposition to buy on declines than to sell on upswings.

At the moment traders are cautious over somewhat disappointing situation at Calcutta.

Tata Steel Dfds. opened at Rs. 2090/- and after advancing at Rs. 2110/- reacted at Rs. 2085/-. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 408/- and after advancing at Rs. 410/- returned back to the opening level. Bombay Dyeing Shares opened at Rs. 1192/- and reached Rs. 1210/- when realising sales brought down the quotation at Rs. 1190/-. Kohinoor opened at Rs. 672/- and rose to Rs. 680/-. Central Bank Shares also after touching Rs. 100/- reached at Rs. 99/- and Scindia Shares after improving at Rs. 33/- steadied at Rs. 32/12.

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing 1195 Kohinoor 688 Swadeshi 668 Nagpur 328 Simplex 373 New Great 416 Gc 358 Indore 635 Century 982/8 Co 260 I. Bleaching 157 Swan 362 day 325 Morarji 612/8 Edward 735 Meyer 237/8 Apollo 4/9 I. U. Ordinary 17/3 I. U. Defd. 3/4/6 Madhusudan 300 Podar 356/4 Khatau 317/6.

STEEL SHARES

Tata Steel Ord. 408 Tata Steel Defd. 2095 Second 166/4.

CEMENT.

Associated Merger 176/8.

INDUSTRIES

Burma 505 Bellapur 276 Shivrajpur 39 Scindia 32/14 Construction 310 Tata Chemical 14/12 Tata Oil 7/4 Indian Iron 35/8 Bengal Steel 29.

ELECTRIC SHARES

Tram Ordinary 116/12 Tata Hydro 178 Andhra 1625 Power 1752/8.

MILLS (CASH).

Elphinstone 93 Phoenix 1177/8 India Manufacturing 3700 Koorla 290 Dawn 1602/4. David 155 New City 222/8 Minerva 211/14 Bradbury 605 Bharucha (Dfd.) 8 Bharat 54/8 Mysore 252/8 Madhavji 17 Model 197/8 Laxmi 1813 Vishnu 632/8 Western 3600 Standard 505 Sholapur 6125 Sassoon Cotton 17/8 Hindustan 4125 Tata 83 Ahmedabad Advance 460 Sassoon Silk 78 New Union 17/8 Shrinivas 350 Raja Bahadur 116/4 Berar 253/12 Victoria 425 Kohinoor Cpn. 74.

ELECTRIC SHARES (CASH)

Ahmedbad 156/4 (New) 116/4 Surat 243/12 New Prem. 171/4 Karachi 145 Ajmer 13 Amalgamated 20/4 Nagpur 56/8 Poona 205 Bombay Suburban 158/12 Bombay Suburban (New) Prem. 90.

BANK SHARES

Reserve 117/8 Imperial 2300 P. P. 572/8 Central X. R. 99/8 Coupon 22 India 242/8 Union 11/2 Baroda 168 Habib 159/8 Dena Bank 60 United Commercial 78 Jaipur 60 Hindustan Com. 47 Mysore 390 Exchange (Ord.) 53 Eastern 105

INSURANCE.

Oriental 5650 Empire 790 New India 80 Jupiter 32/2 Vulcan 15/4 Indian Mercantile 57/8, Universal Fire 18, British India General 22, Industrial Prudential 40 Neptune 13/6 New Great 27 All-India General 32.

RAILWAYS.

G. P. 108/8 Mymensing 113 Guaranteed 113 Pachora 101.

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock X. D. 617/8 Steamer 565 Burma New 175 Burma Petrol 3/12/3 Mackenzie 150 Curt Canning 76/8 Kemp 471/4 Zandu Pharmacy 203/8 Indian Investment Trust 105 Wimco 293/12 Dharmsey Chemical 38/4 Mukund Iron 11/4 Dena Trust 18 Alembic 310 Supreme India 180 Jamwire 110 Bombay Uganda 85 Bombay Motor Cycle 37 India Cement 35 Walchand Nagar Industries 325 United Motor 65 A.C.C. New 54/4 Bombay Safe Deposit 635.

PREFERENCE SHARES.

Tata Steel (1st Pref.) 211/4 Tram 50 Andhra Valley 1395 Tata Power 1440, Hydro 137, Bombay Steamer 315, Nagpur 697/8 Swadeshi 146/4 Vishnu 320 Laxmi 307/8 New Great 268/12 Poddar 115 Shrinivas 101 Elphinstone 122/8 Bradbury 550 Surat Elec. 211/4 Premier Construction (1st Pref.) 123 Amalgamated 156/4 Habib 72 Tata Chemical 115 Walchand Nagar Industries 250 Jupiter 18 Supreme 120 Meyer 125 Mackenzie First 127/8 Mackenzie Second 125 Ahd. Advance 150.

OUTSIDE SHARES

Indian Copper 3/7/6 B.I.C. 9/12 Burma Corporation 4/13 New Victoria 5/8 New Victoria Preference 7 Raja 35 Phalton 110, Gold Mohor 370, Kaiser-i-Hind 400, Sajjan 290 Osmanshahi 297/8, Ajamshahi 265, Air Services 15 Air India 185 Birla Motor 8/4 Marshal 7/4 I. Steam 15/4.

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GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, July 11

The local Bullion market was quietly steady to-day with moderate business passing. Ready Silver opened at Rs. 171/4 and declined at Rs. 171 on scattered selling but later improved on short covering and Silver was quoted at Rs. 171/12.

Forward Gold opened at Rs. 113/8 and declined at Rs. 112/12 on long liquidation but steadied at Rs. 113/1 on scattered buying. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 113/7.

Later on Silver declined at Rs. 169/14 and finally closed as under:—

	Rs. as. p.
Ready Silver	170 12 0
Ready Gold	113 6 0
Forward Gold	113 0 0
Sovereigns	74 8 0

PRODUCE MARKET

Bombay, July 11

The produce market was influenced by beneficial rains and opening quotations were lower but later improved on short covering.

Castorseeds September opened at Rs. 152/8 and improved at Rs. 154 May delivery opened at Rs. 135/8 and declined at Rs. 134/4. At this level there was active buying and May delivery improved at Rs. 136/4 but declined at Rs. 135/8. Ready Castorseeds were quoted at Rs. 34 and Cawnpore Bold were placed at Rs. 31/4. Groundnuts Khandesh were quoted at Rs. 34/12 and Coromandal and Bold were placed at Rs. 33/10. Groundnut Oil July was quoted at Rs 20/1, August Rs. 20/4 and September Rs. 20/6. Linseed Ready was quoted at Rs. 30/6. July August after declining at Rs. 29/10 improved at Rs. 30 while September October after touching Rs. 29/8 improved at Rs. 29/13.

It is said that about 40 to 60 thousand tons of Groundnuts and 30 thousand tons of Oil is in the hands of holders. This being a semi-food, the Government may clear the position that future exports will entirely depend upon prospects of new crop.

Towards the close Castorseeds September were done at Rs. 154 and May delivery at Rs. 136.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, July 11

The local cotton market was expected to open to-day at Rs. 452/8 *but the market opened better at Rs.* 453/4 for September delivery. At the start there was scattered selling and September was quoted at Rs. 452/12 *but soon firmed up at Rs. 454/12 on* active buying by professional operators and short covering. The market was influenced by a further sharp *rise in American cotton prices.*

Thereafter there was moderate realising and September quietened at Rs. 453/4 and July was quoted at Rs. 440.

The market finally closed at 4-30 p.m. as under:—

I.C.C. July	440	0	0
I.C.C. Sept.	452	8	0

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton September Contract is 1643 cent points below New York October at Exchange rate 331.

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES
BOMBAY, July 10.

	Highest	Lowest	Closing
July	438-16	434-1/2	438
Sept.	451-1/2	449	450-3/4
Karachi 4 W July	49/8/0	48/12/6	49/6/3

COTTON TENDERS

On Thursday 3300 bales were tendered against July contract. So far total tenders amount to 16,250 bales.

NEW YORK COTTON
New York, July 10.

July	38.91+73
October	33.87+69
October Highest	33.87+69
October Lowest	33.19+01
December	33.00+70
January	32.54+70
March	32.73+69
May	32.55+120
Middling Spot	38.95+72

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
New York, July 10

July	38.89+79
October	33.89+73
December	33.07+80
March	32.69+86
May	32.45+105
Middling Spot	37.85+70

CHICAGO WHEAT
Chicago, July 10.

July	2.30-1/2 to 2.30-3/4
September	2.26-3/4 to 2.27
December	2.25-1/4 to 2.25-1/2
May	2.22-1/2 to 2.22-3/4

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES.
BOMBAY, July 11.

MILLS

Apollo 4/9/6 4/12 4/9/6 4/10 4/9 Bharat 53/8 55 54/8 B. Dyeing 1135 1210 1200 10 1/4 5 1190 1200 1191/4 92/8 87/8 1205 1195 C. India 325 30 26 27 26 28 Century 982/8 Colaba 260 E. Textiles 700 40 35 Elphinstone Ord. 92 93 Finlay 328 32 25 35 24 26 25 Gokak 256 59 58 60 55 59 56 58 I. U. Defd 3/4/5 3/5 3/3/6 3/4/6 I. U. Ord. 17/6 17/8 17/2 17/3 Indore 630 40 30 35 Khatau 320 17/8 Kohinoor 674 82 84 79 82 79 35 Madhusudan 300 Meyer 237/8 40 36/4 37/8 Model 196/4 97/8 Morarji 610 15 12/8 New Great 421 16 17 16 New Union 1717/8 David 155 Podar 352/8 56/4 Simplex 374 73 76 69 72 Swadeshi 668 75 73 74 63 68 Swan 362 65 61 62 Tata Mills 82/8 83 Vishnu 640 41/4 32/8

BANKS

Central 190 88/8 Habib 168 68/8 Imperial Oil 2275 2325 2200 Imperial New 565 72/8 India 242 43 42/8 Reserve 117/8 Union 11/2 11 11/2 U. Commercial 77 78/8 78

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 158/2 56/4 Andhra Valley 1625 B. Tram Ord. 116/8 16/12 16/8 16/12 Hydro 178 Power 1740 55 40 52/8 New India Ass 80/8 79/12 80

STEAMER

B. Steam 560 65 Scindia 32/14 33/4 32/15 33/1 32/10 32/15 32/11 32/14

STEEL

B. Steel 29 29/4 28/14 29 I. Iron 35/8 35/14 36/8 Tata Defd 2095 87/8 2115 2/8 18 2095 2102/8 2085 90 80 95 Tata Ord. 408 12 10 11 8 9 5/8 6/8 6 8 Tata 2nd Pref. 164/8 66/4

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 620 25 17/8 A. C. C. Old 175 76 73/12 75/8 74/8 75 74/8 76/8 A. C. New 54/8 55 54 54/4 Belpur 277 74 76 B. B. Old 500 7/8 500 1/4 497/8 5C5 B. B. New 175 72/8 75 Dharamsey Ch. 33/6 B. B. Petrol 3/11/6 3/12/6 3/12/3 Kemp Co. 471/4 I. Bleaching 156 55 57 P. Construction 210 12 6 10 P. Construction 2nd Pref. 122 21/8 Shivrajpur 40 39 Tata Chemical 15/2 15/4 14/8 14/12 Tata Oil 73/8 74 73 73/4 Wimco 286/4 92/8 90 93/12

SPECIAL

Kohinoor Coupon 73 75 74 Central Coupon 22 23 22 Central Bank New 100 Ahmedabad Elec. New 116/4

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
New York, July 10.

American Telephone and Telegraph	157-3/4
Amerex Holding Co.	29-1/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	37
Chase National Bank	34-3/4 exdividend
Sinclair Oil	16-1/4
Firestone and Rubber Co.	52
General Electric Co.	37-3/8
General Motors	59-7/8
Ingersol Rand	121-1/8
International Nickel	31-5/8
National City Bank of New York	ex.div 39-3/4
New York Central Rail Road Co.	15-7/8
Socony Vacuum Corporation	16-7/8
Texas Corporation	63-7/8
Union Carbon and Carbide	108-1/8
U. S. Smelting Refining Mining Co.	50
U. S. Steel Corporation Common	72-3/4
Western Union Telegraph	23-1/8

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE.
BOMBAY, July 11.

Tata Ordinary 408; Tata Deferred 2095; Indian Iron 35/8; Steel Corp of Bengal 29; Bombay Dyeing 1195; Central India 328/2; Gokak 358/2; *Kohinoor 686/2; Simplex 371/14;* Swadeshi 666/2; Tata Power 1752/8; Associated Cement 176/4; Belapur 276/4; Bombay Burma (Old) 505; Scindia 32/14; Central Bank 99/6; New India 80; Tata 2nd Pref. 166/4.

TATA IRON MONTHLY PRODUCTION.

Messrs. Tata Industries Ltd., Managing Agents for the Tata Iron Steel Co., Ltd., report that the total approximate production of Iron and Steel at the Steel Works at Jamshedpur during the month of June, 1947, was:—

	Tons.
Pig Iron	77,600
Steel Ingots	71,900
FINISHED STEEL.	
Steels for sale	9,900
Finished	44,100
Total	54,000

WHEAT STRONG ON CHICAGO.

NEW YORK, July 10, (U. P. A.): Wheat futures remained strong during today's session of the Chicago Commodity Exchange, following reports of higher flour prices and increased demand with the list finishing 2-1/4 to five cents over the previous closing levels.

HAPUR MARKET.
HAPUR, July 10.

Bullion on profit coverings later Bardana continues steady rains pulses Oilseeds steady weather extremely unkind no rains so far. Gur 17/10 Shakkar 16, Mustadseed 24, Bardana Asuj 83, Silver Forward 171/5, Opened 172/8, Highest 173/7, Lowest 170/8, Gold Ready 112/12, Highest 113/2, Lowest 112, Khatti Pees 13/10, Arhar 13/12.

Active Mill Buying Pushes Up Cotton Three Dollars Per Bale

BOOM IN TEXTILE TRADE

NEW YORK July 10, (UPA): Quiet trading and firm prices featured today's session of the New York Cotton Exchange. Cotton registered small gains immediately after the opening, seven to 13 above the previous close. However, mill buying against textile sales, which is booming at the present time, lifted the price over three dollars per bale. Traders still view that the Government acreage report on cotton is still the dominating factor in a higher market, although the belief is growing that the decline in cotton distribution next season will be less than previously estimated owed on continued buyer interest for textiles. Also influencing the market was the factor of the report from Washington that there is the possibility of another lend-lease programme to Europe. Near the close, the prices smashed forward closing at the best levels of the day as reports spread that the demand is soon likely to exceed supply and the list finished 69 to 120 points above the previous close. Throughout the session, limited profit taking and liquidation was evident but short covering and new buying more than offset the lower tendencies.

YEARLY NEEDS

The need for the coming marketing season was placed at about 8,755,000 bales for domestic use and 3,600,000 bales for export when the planting goal was set last winter, but since then there have been indications that the domestic consumption will be slightly more than 10,000,000 bales and exports 3,500,000 bales. According to an unofficial statement from the Bureau of Agriculture, the outlook based on a long term average yield of 250 pounds per acre is for a crop of nearly 10,500,000 bales. The acreage and supply conditions are now very similar to those in 1923 when cotton rose to very high levels owing to small supply and large demand.

It is understood around trade circles today that a large house agreed to accept October contracts in cancellation of July commitments at a differential of slightly above 500 points per pound or just over five cents. The July open contract position at present is 104,000 bales compared with 130,000 bales yesterday.

Traders believe that the market is headed for higher prices in the near future and for the entire season.

NEW YORK SEEDS.

NEW YORK, July 10, (U. P. A.): Prices of seeds remained unchanged on the New York market today.

In the black pepper market, futures finished unchanged to 200 lower with no sales reported. According to cables from Netherlands East Indies to the New York Produce Exchange, it appears likely that at least 30 per cent of the former acreage in Lampong district was lost during the Japanese occupation. However, it is estimated that in 1946 around 12,000 metric tons of old stock pepper were shipped out of Lampong clandestinely, mainly by junks and the produce this year was taken to Singapore for shipment to world markets. Since the Dutch have no control over shipments to from Southern Sumatra and because of the fact that a large percentage of the stocks are mouldy and dirty. Dutch exporters have been more inclined to ship their pepper to markets which have less rigid standard requirements than the United States. At present, it is estimated that there are about 2,000 tons of pepper in Batavia of which 1,500 tons comprise black pepper. However, the cable intimated that hidden stocks were also around but dealers were reported to be holding back anticipating higher prices.

Closing prices included: July 32 nom.; September 30 nom.; October, December, January 29 nom.; March-May 27 nom.

NEW YORK SILVER.

NEW YORK, July 10, (U. P. A: The price of silver remained unchanged on the New York market today at 64/3/4 cents per ounce. Traders reported that the volume of business done was small, probably a little more than 100,000 ounces.

LONDON SILVER UNCHANGED.

LONDON, July 10, (U. P. A.): *The price of silver remained* unchanged on the London market today at 39-1/2 pence per ounce for both spot and forward.

Brokers said that there was very *small amount of business done* and the market was steady.

LONDON BULLION.
London, July 10.

Silver Spot 39-1/2 d., Silver Forward 39-1/2 d. Gold £8/12/3.

LONDON WHEAT.
London, July 10.

Australian Wheat (bulk) F. O. B. 103 July-August.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.
London, July 10.

	£
Consols 2-1/2 pc	31-1/2
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 pc 1961	110-3/8
War Loan 3-1/2 pc 1952 and after	105-1/8
Funding Loan 4 pc 1960/90	116-3/8
Victory Bonds 4 pc	118-5/8
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	12-9/16
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	119-1/2
National Bank of India	38-1/2

NEW YORK SILVER.
New York, July 10.

U. S. Price of Foreign Silver 64-3/4 cents.

LONDON PEPPER PRICES.

LONDON, July 10, (U. P. A.): White pepper was quoted on the London market today at two shillings and three farthings. Black pepper was quoted at one shilling and four and a half pence.

Brokers said that some Australian buying was in evidence but there was no buying by London.

CALICUT MARKET.
CALICUT, July 11

Coiryarn Beypore 170/180, Quilandy 200/210, Fibre Garbled 157/8, Ungarbled 150, Cocoanuts Raw 135, Dry 225, Cocoanut Oil 610, Copra Office 400, Dilpasand 420, Madrasuottam 475, Pepper Wynaad 555, Country 545, Dry Ginger Chernad 300, Ernad 280, Coffee Robusta 90, Timber Pali 50/55, Junglewood 28/29, Vellapine 40/45, Benteak 48/55, Teak 75/90, Mangoplanks 3/8, Teak 12/18, Rosewood 12/17/8.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, July 11.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/8 15/16 Ready.

B. C. Rates T T D D. 1/8 29/32 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1 5 31/32 Ready

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/8 15/16 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 to 9th Months.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Months.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/16 to 4th Months.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Months.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/8 7th 8th Months.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Months.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Months.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th and 8th Months.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st. 1/6 5/32 to 4th months.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st. 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Months.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7 32 7th and 8th Months

NEW YORK & MONTREAL RATES.

B. C. Rate T. T. Rs. 332 1/4.

Banks Selling T T. D D Rs. 332 1/4.

Banks Buying T. T. Rs. 330

Banks Buying D. D. N. T. Rs 329

Montreal Rs 328 3/4 under L/C.

Banks Buying D D N T Rs. 328 3/4

Montreal Rs 328 1/2 not under L/C

Paris Banks Selling T. T. Fcs. 3550

Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs 3550

Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T. D D Fl 79.

Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D. nil.

Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 84

Singapore Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 157 1/4

Burma Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 100 1/2

New York/London Cross Rate 4.02 5/8 to 4.02 3/4.

London Discts. 3 mos 17/32%

London Discts 6 mos. 9/16-5/8%

Reserve Bank Rate 3% Bank of England Rate 2%.

Money:—Call 1/4 pc, 3 Months 1/2 pc, 6 Months 3/4 pc. 12 Months 1-1/4 per cent

Tone: Easy

POSITION OF SCHEDULED BANKS.

Statement of the position of Scheduled Banks as at the close of business on the 4th July:—

	Rs
Demand Liabilities in India	668,18,71,000
Time Liabilities in India	343,71,16,000
Cash in India:	
(i) Currency Notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes	38,39 76,000
(ii) Rupee Coin	2,57,95,000
(iii) Subsidiary Coin	59,10,000
Balances with Reserve Bank	21,17,87,000
Advances in India	413,96 61,000
Bills discounted in India	15,96,29,000

WORTH STREET STUDYING RAW COTTON PRICE SITUATION.

NEW YORK, July 10, (U. P. A.): The recent upswing in raw cotton prices absorbed the attention of dealers during today's session of the Worth Street Cotton Cloth Market.

Some printcloth mills were reported to be keeping out of the market temporarily to study the raw cotton price situation.

AUGUST 15, HOLIDAY

(From Our Correspondent)
LAHORE, July 11.

It is understood that instructions are being issued to both the Hindustan Government and the Pakistan Government to observe the 15th of August as a public holiday for 'transfer of power.' Both the Hindustan and the Pakistan Governments will hoist their respective flags over Government buildings and Government Houses.

Russia Will Not Get Oil Concession

But Iran Will Be Prepared To Sell Oil To Her

(From Our Correspondent)
TEHERAN, June 23.

It now seems practically certain that Russia will not get Persian oil. In recent weeks that I have interviewed a fairly representative cross-section of the people of Iran, ranging from high-ranking Government officials to the average man in the street, this opinion has been confirmed.

The Persian Government has employed every possible ruse to postpone the completion of the general elections of the country so as to preclude an early Majlis (Persian Parliament) convention and consequent discussion of the proposed agreement granting oil concessions to Russia, tentatively signed by Premier Ahmed Ghavam on his return from a visit to the Kremlin early last year.

Even after the Majlis convenes—which is not expected before another two to three months—so many items of prior urgency will take the time of the new deputies that the question of oil will possibly not come up before another six months. These urgent items include, first of all, the question of the ratification of the credentials of every individual deputy by the entire Majlis: it is easy to guage how long a period this can be made to cover if desired when one takes into consideration the fact that the full Majlis comprises 136 deputies, each of whom can speak in his own defence or in favour of or against another deputy when the question of ratification or rejection of the "bona fides" of each deputy is under consideration. Filibustering deputies, with a fixed purpose, can easily extend this period into several months.

IRAN WILL SELL OIL

After the Majlis really sits down to work, it must, at the very beginning ratify some very important laws and bills tentatively passed by the present Cabinet and awaiting the final blessings of the Majlis. These include, "inter alia", the salaries to be paid to Government employees, some payments of which are long overdue; the confirmation of new ministries only recently created, etc. etc. When, finally, the matter of the concessions to the Russians figures on the agenda of the Majlis after an expected period of discussion of at least six months, the general opinion is that Iran's deputies, who are, with very few exceptions, wealthy and prosperous landlords and business men, and who can count on the end of their luxuriously easy lives once Soviet influence makes a headway again in this country, will finally excuse themselves to their Northern neighbours on the score that *Iran has, by now, her own* technicians and oil experts competent to exploit their own country's oil resources, and if Russia were urgently in need *of this vital fluid, Iran could then sell* her product at a very favourable price to the Soviet Union.

A few Iranians who pride themselves on being versed in international politics express the belief that the United States and Britain will never countenance a Russian re-entry into this country, and that Britain, if necessary as a last peaceful resort, would even be prepared to pay Russia annuity in good gold cash the value of the oil Russia could expect to draw out of the potential North Iranian oil wells rather than to have to face a major rival, whose brand of ideology does not quite conform to her own. Persians believe that the Anglo-Iranian Oil Company has not yet forgotten its costly labour troubles of a few months back, allegedly engineered by local Communist elements under the aegis of the Soviets.

TUDEH PARTY'S ATTITUDE

Iran's left wing party, the Tudeh, who are rather popular with the Moscow and Baku radios, and who boycotted the elections on the ground that they were rigged in favour of Premier Ghavam's own party—the "Democrat Party of Iran"—clamour for an early Majlis and subsequent ratification of the oil concessions to Russia, in the belief that once Soviet personnel crossed Iran's northern borders in appreciable numbers to settle here for any length of time, they would, at the very least, give them moral support and make feasible their assiduously nurtured slogan: "Toilers of Iran unite against all manner of exploitation to attain your inalienable rights!" A considerable number of the deputies elected so far are not unmindful of the distasteful fact that they have often been dubbed "reactionaries" by the Tudeh Party and Moscow and Baku radios alike, and it is quite likely that they shall continue bearing this in mind when the oil Bill comes up for discussion in the Majlis.

Opponents of the Soviet system of life overtly state that Soviet Russia has anyway lost the political battle over this country due to her alleged indiscretions of the past few years when her troops were stationed in Northern Iran, and to such an obvious extent that Iran's present Government, who, earlier, had always been extremely chary in doing things even remotely unsavoury to the Soviets, now made no bones about meeting out "just punishment" to Iran's "traitors"—professed protagonists of the Soviets.

Ghavam's principal opponents believe that the main reason why the aged Premier is still confidently and comfortably holding the treacherously slippery reins of Iran's impetuous Horse of State in spite of innumerable and repeated attempts to dispossess him of these is probably due to the fact that while the Russians have *been made to believe that they will* eventually get Iran's oil, the Anglo-Americans have, at the same time, been assured that Persian oil will *never be exploited by Russian experts.*

The Iranian cynic merely says: "We can only wait and see—anyway, all this soiey depends on the international situation.

Hollywood Passing Through A Crisis

HOLLYWOOD, July 10. (A.P.A.): These are parlous times in Hollywood. Twice as rich as it was a year ago, the fabulous American film industry nevertheless is suffering strange symptomatic aches and pains.

Producers are discussing dubiously a sudden decline in theatre admissions, doubled labour costs, an uncertain world market, jurisdictional strikes, foreign competition, frozen profits in war-shattered countries, export quotas, a shortage of dollar exchange and an abundance of criticism from abroad.

Some refer to this condition as a state of flux. Others consider it an economic illness induced by too much prosperity.

A high executive says current earnings are 22 per cent. below the first three months of 1946. And yet information assembled from studio spokesmen and the Motion Picture Association (M.P.A.) discloses that the domestic movie business is still fantastically lucrative despite reduced Box Office receipts and the dire predictions of alarmists.

But the same sources, together with the Motion Picture Export Association (M.P.E.A.), substantiate a growing anxiety here concerning overseas markets, which normally yield 40 per cent of the industry's gross profits. Foreign competition and trade barriers are rising.

Hollywood produced 397 feature-length films last year, against 566 in 1936. The war, however, was a factor in this decline. Although several large studios announced economy programmes a few months ago, this year's schedules call for a total of 420 films, 23 more than last year. The average number of films in production during the first sixteen weeks of this year was 40.5, compared with 42.81 in the same period of 1946.

Film players in high earnings classifications are accepting fewer roles, to avoid excessive income taxes and to safeguard themselves against loss of prestige through being seen too frequently on the screen. Many have formed their own producing units, some of them to get more suitable parts or scripts, and several major studios are worried by the declining number of exclusive contracts.

An imposing roster of stars who, for one reason or another, are producing their own pictures includes Joan Bennett, James Cagney, Douglas Fairbanks Jr., Orson Welles, Gene Autry, Bing Crosby, Rosalind Russell, Mary Pickford, Buddy Rogers, William Boyd and Robert Montgomery.

These are the problems of the major studios multiplying at home.

KORDA-GRANT FILM VENTURE

HOLLYWOOD (A.P.A.):

Screen actor Cary Grant and Sir Alexander Korda, the British screen Producer-Director, are planning the organisation of a new motion picture company, says Grant who intends to go to England late this year to complete the arrangement.

It is understood that the company contemplated by Grant and Korda would travel from country to country over the world, making pictures designed to help Americans understand foreign culture and customs.

"The pictures," said Grant, "would be comedies built around a young middle-class college graduate travelling abroad. He gets into amusing situations because he doesn't know foreign customs. The plot will be of a boy-chases-girl nature."

Grant is now completing his role in the film "The Bishop's Wife" for Samuel Goldwyn, and will next star in "Mr. Blanding builds his Dream House," an R.K.O. film.

INDO-CEYLON PROBLEMS

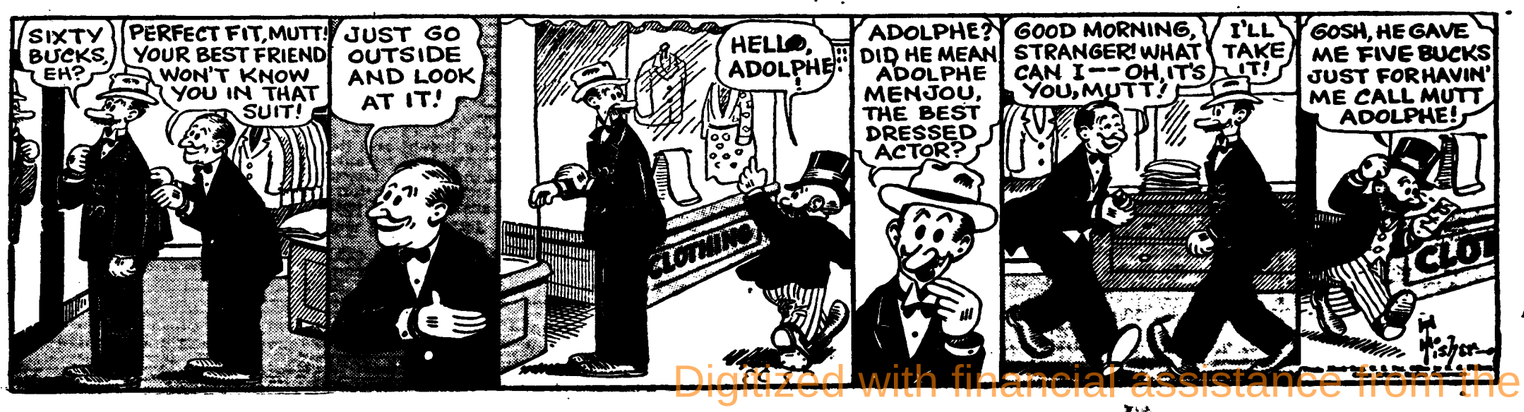
Easy Of Solution When Both Countries Are Free, Says Giri

COLOMBO, July 10. (Reuter): Once the accredited representatives of free India and free Ceylon, backed by public opinion in both the countries and inspired by goodwill, sat at a common table, the problems between the two countries could be solved satisfactorily without any difficulty, said Mr. V. V. Giri, Representative of the Government of India, speaking at a reception this evening at the Indian Mercantile Chamber.

KRISHNA MENON LEAVES FOR LONDON TODAY

KARACHI, July 11. (A.P.I.): Mr. V. K. Krishna Menon, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's personal representative, arrived in Karachi from New Delhi this evening and is leaving early tomorrow for London.

MUTT AND JEFF—It's Okay With Me If It Is With Adolphe Menjou — By BUD FISHER


SIXTY BUCKS, EH?
PERFECT FIT, MUTT! YOUR BEST FRIEND WON'T KNOW YOU IN THAT SUIT!
JUST GO OUTSIDE AND LOOK AT IT!
HELLO, ADOLPHE!
CLOTHING
ADOLPHE? DID HE MEAN ADOLPHE MENJOU, THE BEST DRESSED ACTOR?
GOOD MORNING, STRANGER! WHAT CAN I — OH, IT'S YOU, MUTT!
I'LL TAKE IT!
GOSH, HE GAVE ME FIVE BUCKS JUST FOR HAVIN' ME CALL MUTT ADOLPHE!
CLO
Fisher

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD.

MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-.

To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL

A Sikh (shaven) Army Major, Pre-war Regular King's Commissioned Officer, age 28 wants immediate marriage, pretty educated girl. Write Box No. 6379 "Bombay Chronicle".

Nurse, Virgin, 32, C.K.P., Invites Correspondence for Marriage. Preferably C.K.P., Dr. Bhavalkar, Near Portuguese Church, Girgaum Bombay 4. (6485)

Wanted a highly educated Bhatia Virgin, Age 24, must be from respectable Bhatia family for my unmarried cousin brother, well settled in life earning Rs. 800/- per month. Reply Box No. 6411, "Bombay Chronicle".

Young Muslim bachelor of good family, desirable in education, culture, profession, earnings, physique and appearance wants to marry a young girl. Must be beautiful, healthy, educated and of good family. Orphan or poor girl preferred. All communications guaranteed strictly private. Apply Box No. 6447, "Bombay Chronicle."

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted for Attorneys Office, Short-hand Typist. Apply Box No. 6480, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted a smart Compounder. Apply personally Dr. Divgi, Sunkersett Block, Tardeo Road, between 9 a.m. and 12 noon. (6484)

Wanted a Mechanical Engineer in Bilimora with experience of manufacturing novelties of steel and brass and sheet metal—State experience and pay expected. Apply Box No. 4285, "Bombay Chronicle."

Applications are invited for a temporary post of Assistant Secretary District Local Board, Ahmedabad, in the grade of Rs. 100-5/2-125. Only qualified persons with at least 5 years' experience in independent correspondence, accounts, and office routine of Local Board work need apply with copies of testimonials to President District Local Board, Ahmedabad, before 25-7-47. 4391

Wanted—For a Gujerati family of three a Gujerati or Deccani lady one for cooking and another for helping lady of the family. Apply Box No. 6481 "Bombay Chronicle".

Applications are invited for clerical posts from graduates in Arts or Commerce. Special grade of Rs. 100-20-200, plus usual dearness allowance for candidates of outstanding merit. Only those who have secured good class may apply in the prescribed form which can be had on payment of annas eight only from the Employment Officer, Calico Mills, Ahmedabad. 4365

Wanted a competent Accountant to take charge of Accounts Department of a Bombay Firm of Solicitors. Apply stating experience, qualifications, salary, required, etc., to Box No. 6450, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Graduate Teachers to teach French, Physiology and Hygiene and Science and Maths. in High School Standards. Scale of pay Rs. 75-5-125-10-180. Benefit of Provident Fund and Dearness Allowance. Apply personally or write to Principal, Matunga Premier School, Matunga G.I.P. (6452)

If you want any kind of employment in India or abroad, apply (stating qualifications) for our "Terms". Hastings & Co., Employment Agents, Cloth Market, Delhi. 6461

SITUATIONS WANTED

A Law Graduate efficient and disciplined with experience of a solicitor's firm, management of estate and public institution and financial investment, seeks employment. Write Box No. 6457. "Bombay Chronicle."

Experienced and efficient Stenographer free for immediate part-time employment. Apply Box No 6482, "Bombay Chronicle".

Young experienced Stenographer seeks employment. Write to Box No. 6483 "Bombay Chronicle".

(HOTELS IN HILL STATION)

Deolali Grand Hotel Good Rooms available with Baths. Terms Moderate. Phone No. 12. Apply Manager. (6401)

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Alexandra Commercial College: Specialised training offered for Cost Accountants, Accountants, Secretarial, Banking, General Commerce Diploma courses. Prospect Chambers Annexe, Hornby Road. Branch at Poona at 588, Sachapir Street, Camp. (4390)

Admissions—Davar's College of Commerce—Enrol immediately for Specialised Professional Diploma Courses for Bank Officers; Company Secretaries; Accountants and General Commerce, etc., Tuition personal or through post. Call or write for Prospectus, 51, Esplanade Road. 6456

Homoeopathy. Easily learnt by Post. For Particulars See Grace Mission's Display Advt. on page 2 this issue. (197)

PERSONAL ADLETS

You'll Enjoy This Mouthwash: Keep your mouth fresh and your throat protected against infection. Dettolin, containing the active germicidal principle of Dettol, is nice to taste and refreshing to use. Obtainable at all good Chemists and Stores. (3888C)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

FOR SALE: English Spot Welder, powerful to weld two pieces of M. S. 1/8" thick English shafting of 2" and 2 1/2" diameter, SKF ball bearing hangers, ring oiling hangers, pulleys, etc. at Bilimora. Apply Box No. 4286, "Bombay Chronicle."

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY

APPOINTMENTS OF EXAMINERS AT THE UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR 1948.

APPLICATIONS ARE HEREBY invited for the appointments of Examiners at the University Examinations to be held during the calendar year 1948 and should be sent in to the Registrar in the prescribed form so as to reach him NOT LATER THAN THURSDAY, 31ST JULY, 1947. APPLICATIONS RECEIVED AFTER THE 31ST JULY, WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED.

Forms of application regarding the appointments may be obtained on application to the Registrar. There are two kinds of the forms of application, viz., (a) for Matriculation Examination and (b) for Examinations OTHER THAN Matriculation. No one should apply for appointments in more than two subjects at Matriculation, and in more than one subject or a group of allied subjects at Examinations OTHER THAN Matriculation. Candidates should state in their requisition for forms whether they desire to be supplied with a form of application for Matriculation or for Examinations other than Matriculation, or for both.

Applicants are particularly requested to specify at the top of their applications in a bold hand the serial number of the appointments for which they apply. Members of the Teaching Staff of affiliated colleges and teachers of recognised schools desiring to apply for Examinerships are requested to put the Serial Number of appointments on reference to Particulars regarding examinations, copies of which may be inspected at the office of the University, the affiliated Colleges and the recognised schools. Such applicants as are not on the staffs of affiliated Colleges and recognised schools should apply to the Registrar for a copy of the Particulars also.

For each appointment a separate form should be used. Incomplete applications for want of particulars will not be entertained.

Canvassing, direct or indirect, will disqualify an applicant for appointment as Examiner.

Applications on old forms (supplied in previous years) will not be considered.

By order
S. R. DONGERKERY,
University Registrar.

Bombay, 4th July, 1947.
(4318)

SOCIAL

Make Friends: For Hobbies, Educational, Business, Professional, Social and such other connections. Particulars from: The Universal League of Introduction, 5, Hamam St., Fort, Bombay. (6420)

Pen, personal friends introduced for social contact, arts, hobbies business. India, abroad Prospectus free. Aesthetic Society, Post Box 5531, Bombay (5731)

For personal affairs, either sex, contact Dr. Bhavalkar, Girgaum Naka, Bombay 4. (6486)

PROPERTIES FOR SALE

A one storied commodious Bungalow with out-houses and garages, with all modern conveniences for sale at Versova, Sea Shore, Rare chance. Unique situation. Land about 4,400 Sq. yards. Immediate vacant possession. Apply Dady-Burjor & Co., Solicitors, Rustom Building, 29, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay. (4305)

AGENTS WANTED

Agents Stockists Wanted for Barbers' Sprays, Razors and Scissors. "Orientrade", Daska. (Punjab). (6478)

Wanted Respectable Agents throughout India to secure orders for Nipani Tobacco. Apply:—K. B Ghatage Tobacco Commission Agency, Prop. V. K. Ghatage B Sc Nipani (Belgaum). 1412

Wanted—House and Property Agents in Bombay to please correspond with the Chief Minister. Malhar. 4358

MACHINERY WANTED

Wanted a Friction Clutch, brand new or Second-hand in working order to drive 7 bowl Mather & Platt Calender. Apply the Hirjee Mills, Ltd., Fergusson Road, Bombay 13. (4388)

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Wanted Offers to prepare two marble busts of Bhaishankar Nanabhai Bhatt and his wife. Size 2 feet high including the base of about 6 inches, and the marble pedastal of about 4 1/2 feet in height for the said busts. Marble white. Apply to President District Local Board, Ahmedabad, before 25-7-47. 4392

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Available ex-Stock American Electric Gramophones from Rs 180/- Fluorescent tubes and reflectors Electric lamps all standard voltages and types from 15 watt to 1000 watts. C.T.S cables all sizes, good discounts for quantities. Apply Box No. 3985, "Bombay Chronicle".

PUBLIC NOTICES

POST GRADUATE TRAINING OF EX-SERVICE MEDICAL OFFICERS.

APPOINTMENTS of Housemen are available at the Government Hospitals for ex-service medical Officers. Pay Rs. 150 p.m. for graduates and Rs. 100 p.m. for licentiates plus house rent allowance. Tenure 6 months. Intending candidates should obtain immediately application forms from the Officer i/c, Bombay Medical Employment Bureau, Surgeon General's Office, Ballard Estate, Bombay 1. Last date of receipt of applications is 23rd July, 1947. (4399)

THE INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

NOTICE.

INTIMATION having been received of the loss of Policy No. 79639 issued to Mr. RAMANIKLAL JETHALAL GHIA, a duplicate policy will be issued to the assured unless objection is lodged with the INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO., LTD., at its Head Office in Industrial Assurance Building, Fort, BOMBAY, within thirty days of this notice.

K. C. DESAI,
General Manager

Dated 12th July, 1947. 6454

THE CRESCENT INSURANCE CO., LTD.

BOMBAY.

Notice to Policy-Holders

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the MEETING of the Policyholders of the Company will be held on THURSDAY, the 16th day of October, 1947 at 3 P.M. (S.T.) at the Head Office of the Company (Lalgir Chambers, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay) to elect two Policyholders' Directors as per Sec. 48 of the Insurance Act, 1938 and rules made thereunder as per notices sent to Policyholders individually.

By the Order of the
Board of Directors.

For THE CRESCENT INSURANCE CO., LTD.,
P. R. BHATT,
Managing Director.

Bombay, 10-7-1947.
(4386)

NOTICE.

QUOTATIONS are invited for supplying three-3-Ton Motor chassis for the Baroda Municipality. The quotations should reach the undersigned on or before 31st July, 1947. Further particulars and specifications will be supplied if asked for.

C. M. DIGHE,
Municipal Commissioner.
Baroda Municipality.

Baroda, dated 9th July, 1947.
(4380)

THE J. N. TATA ENDOWMENT FOR THE HIGHER EDUCATION OF INDIANS, BOMBAY.

APPLICATIONS are invited for Foreign Studentships for advanced study in Scientific and Technological subjects. The Foreign Studentships are in the nature of LOAN Scholarships.

Applications should be sent in on a special form, which will be supplied on payment of Re. 1/-. Such applications will be disposed of in accordance with the provisions of the Scheme sanctioned by the High Court of Bombay.

Only applications of students, who have graduated with conspicuous distinction, will be considered and will be received not later than 4th August, 1947, by the Director, The J. N. Tata Endowment, Bombay House, Fort, Bombay.
(4343)

NOTICE

AUCTION SALE of (i) large quanties of different kinds furniture empty drums at M.E.S. office Lake Beale on 15th July 1947 at 10-00 hours. Transport for bidders arranged at 8-30 hours at G E. Deolali Office.

(ii) Large quantities of furniture, coal dust, coal ash, etc. at the old office of the G. E. Nasik Divn. on Nasik Road on 16th and 17th July, at 10-00 hrs.

(iii) Coal dust, coal ash, Bricks. Brickbats, Chimneys and a shed with corrugated iron sheeting at Chedi Kiln situated 3 miles from Nasik Road Railway Station on Nasik Poona Road on 18th July at 10.00 hrs.

(iv) Furniture of different kinds in large quantities at Haig Lines and at Welman Road Hospital Deolali. on 21st and 22nd July at 10-00 hrs.

MAJOR R.I.E
Garrison Engineer, Deolali.
4371

PUBLIC NOTICES

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE DY. GENERAL MANAGER (Grainshops), G. I. P. Railway, Bombay V.T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 3 P.M. on 21-7-47 for the supply of Vegetables at the Railway's Grainshops at Poona and Sholapur. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office. (4393)

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE DY. GENERAL MANAGER (Grainshops), G. I. P. Railway, Bombay V.T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 3 P.M. on 21-7-47 for the supply of Milk from 1-8-47 at the Railway's Milk Shops at Igatpuri, Nasik, Deviali, Nandgaon and Bhusaval. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office. (4394)

G.I.P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE DY. GENERAL MANAGER (Grainshops), G. I. P. Railway, Bombay V.T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 3 P.M. on 23-7-47 for the supply of Groundnut Oil from 1-8-47 at the Railway Grainshops at Manmad, Igatpuri, Nasik and Nandgaon. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office. (4395)

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE DY. GENERAL MANAGER (Grainshops), G. I. P. Railway, Bombay V.T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 3 P.M. on 24-7-47 for the supply of Milk at the Railway's Milk Shops at Dhond and Sholapur from 1-8-47. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office. (4396)

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE DY. GENERAL MANAGER (Grainshops), G. I. P. Railway, Bombay V.T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 3 P.M. on 24-7-1947 for the supply of Groundnut Oil from 1-8-47 at the Railway's Grainshops at Foona, Lonavla, Dehu Road, Ahmednagar and Sholapur. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office. (4397)

G. I. P. RAILWAY MECHANICAL DEPARTMENT

WANTED CANDIDATES to fill four temporary posts of 'B' grade workmen (Moulders) grade Rs. 140 fixed (New Scale) subject to revision on the recommendations of the Central Pay Commission's report, in the Foundry Shop, Parel, of the Mechanical Department.

Candidates possessing the following qualifications need only apply:—

(i) AGE—Between 20 and 25 years on 1-8-47.

(ii) EDUCATION—Matriculation or Junior Cambridge certificate minimum qualifications.

(iii) EXPERIENCE—Must have served an apprenticeship in a recognised foundry and have at least 2 years' experience as a journeyman, must have a good knowledge of moulding practice and also a knowledge of sand mixtures for different classes of work. Experience in metal mixtures melting practice and machine moulding will be an asset.

Candidates must be physically fit generally and have the following sight standards:—

Distant vision as tested with Landolts split rings must not be less than 6.9 in one eye and 6.12 in the other eye with or without glasses and the admissible myopia not more than 4-D.

Candidates desirous of offering their services for the above posts should submit their applications together with copies of their testimonials to the Works Manager, G. I. P. Railway Workshop, Parel, upto 31-7-1947. Candidates called for interview should attend entirely at their own expense. A call to attend interview will not imply offer of definite employment. Candidates belonging to scheduled classes, Muslim, Anglo-Indian and Domiciled European, Indian Christian, Sikh and Parsee communities who attain the qualified standard will be shown some preference. 4381

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for a post of ASSISTANT PROFESSOR of Anatomy in the Topiwala National Medical College affiliated to the Bombay University for M.B.B.S. courses. The pay will be Rs. 400/- per month in the scale of Rs. 300-25-500 plus Dearness Allowance of Rs. 70/- per month. The pay scale and allowances are subject to revision by November, 1947. The Provident Fund and leave benefits will be as per Municipal rules.

Candidates must possess either a post-graduate degree in the Surgical Faculty or an equivalent qualification together with a Medical degree. Preference will be given to those having previous teaching experience and have done post-graduate work in Anatomy.

The selected candidates will have to join duty on 1st August, 1947 or as early as possible thereafter.

Applications should reach the Dean before 20th July, 1947 be registered letter marked "APPLICATION FOR ASSISTANT PROFESSOR OF ANATOMY"—with a self-addressed stamped envelope.

By Order of the
Municipal Commissioner.
DEAN.
Topiwala National Medical College.
Lamington Road, Bombay 8.
(4384)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED for Waste Cotton from the Hirjee Mills. Intending parties may have the necessary forms from the Office at Lower Parel earliest. (4387)

NOTICE

Applications are invited before 31-7-1947 for the following posts in the B. Y. L. Nair Ch. Hospital

1. One Hon. Radiologist.
2. One In-Door Pathologist.
3. One Matron.
4. One Asst. Matron.
5. Qualified Sisters and Prob. Nurses.

Details may be obtained from the Office of the Superintendent.

By order of the
MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER.
Lamington Road.
Bombay 8. (4385)

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, BOMBAY-SIND

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED before 15-8-1947 for post of Personal Assistant to Director of Fisheries, Bombay, in General Provincial Service, Class II. PAY:—Rs. 170-500 PLUS Bombay Compensatory Allowance and Cost of Living Allowance admissible under the rules. AGE:—Not more than 35 years on 1-11-1947 but may be relaxed in a suitable case. QUALIFICATIONS:—Honours degree of a recognised University and not less than five years practical experience of drafting and general office administration, preferably in a Government Office. Application form supplied on receipt of large addressed envelope with 3½ annas stamps and CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1/- payable to the "Secretary, Bombay-Sind Public Service Commission", Bombay, who will also supply full details on request. CANVASSING IN ANY FORM WILL DISQUALIFY THE CANDIDATE CONCERNED. (4382)

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, UNITED PROVINCES

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from British subjects of Indian domicile and subjects of Indian States for the post of Assistant Professor of Horticulture at the Agricultural College, Cawnpore. Other things being equal preference will be given to a bona fide resident of U. P. Post temporary till February 28, 1950 in the first instance. Pay Rs. 250-850. Candidates must possess I or II Class M.Sc. degree in Botany, with Plant Physiology as one of the special subjects of a recognized British or Indian University and three years' experience of advanced research in the subject. Preference will be given to candidates having some experience of teaching the subject to post-graduate classes. Candidates must be between 23 and (i) 30 years if in Government service and (ii) 28 years otherwise on August 1, 1947. Maximum age limits for Scheduled Caste candidates will be greater by three years and may be waived in special cases. Requisitions for application forms and other particulars will be entertained and supplied upto August 9, 1947, and applications on prescribed forms will be received upto August 16, 1947. War Service candidates may also apply.

Dated Allahabad, June 30, 1947.
(4383)

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY
TESTAMENTARY & INTESTATE JURISDICTION

Petition No. 313 of 1947

GEORGE VI, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of FAKHRUDDIN MAHOMEDALLY ARSIWALLA (also known as FAKHRUDDIN MOHAMEDALY ARSIWALA, FAKHRUDDIN MAHOMEDALLY ARSIWALLA, FAKRUDIN M. ARSIWALLA, FAKRUDIN MOHAMEDALLY ARSIWALA AND FAKRUDIN MAHOMEDALLI ARSIWALA) of Bombay, Shiah Borah Mahomedan Inhabitant, a Manager in the firm of Karimji Ebrahimji Arsiwala, residing at Pakmodia Street, outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Deceased

AHOMEDALLY EBRAHIMJI ARSIWALA of Bombay, Shiah Borah Mahomedan Inhabitant, a Merchant, residing at Pakmodia Street, outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Petitioner

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness, Sir LEONARD STONE, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this 2nd day of July in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and forty-seven and in the Eleventh year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

(Sd.) S. J. RAHIMTOOLA.
Prothonotary and Senior Master.

(Sd.) A. R. NARAYANA AYYER
Sealer.

The 2nd day of July, 1947.
Messrs. JEHANGIR & SEERVAI,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
(4401)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that DEVIDAS RAGHAVJI and LAXMIDAS DEVIDAS, both of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client free from all encumbrances.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property or any part thereof by way of inheritance, possession, mortgage, sale, exchange, gift, lease, lien charge, trust, maintenance, easement, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay, within fourteen days from the date of publication hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of Pension and tax land or ground together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Cavel Street, without the Fort of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 673 square yards as per Conveyance and 678 square yards as per Cadastral Survey Number and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 246, New No. 1795, Old Survey No. 256, New Survey No. 234 and Cadastral Survey No. 1936 of Bhuleshwar Division assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Ward 'C' No. 3718-3722, Street Nos. 114-118 and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East by the Cavel Street aforesaid, on or towards the West by the property formerly of Querobin Vas and now of Jevraj Shamji, on or towards the North partly by the property of Bhansilal Amirchand and partly by the property of Padamsi Liladhar and, on or towards the South partly by the property of Mathuradas Nensey and partly by the property of the Confraternity of Rosery of the Church of N. S. De Esperanco and which premises are now in the occupation of the Vendors and their tenants and delineated in the plan.

Dated this 10th day of July, 1947.

MAZAGONWALLA & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
4398

NOTICE OF SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that GHANASHYAM PRAHLADJI BHAT has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to Meherbanoobai Akber Mahomed who in her turn has contracted to sell the said property to our client free from all incumbrances. Any person having any claim in, to or upon the said property, by way of sale, mortgage, exchange, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lease, lien, easement or otherwise is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office, 98, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be treated as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY:

ALL THOSE pieces of Khoti and/or Government Non-agricultural land with the messuage, tenement or dwelling houses thereon, situate on the West side of Ghodbunder Road at Vile Parle in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra, District Bombay Suburban, containing by admeasurement 2,838 Square Yards or thereabouts bearing Survey No. 214, Hissa Nos. 14, 15, 19, 20, 21, 22 (part), 23, 24 and Survey No. 214, Paini No. 4 of Vile Parle New Non-agricultural Survey No. 214D, Notified Area Andheri Circle House No. 99A, Murzbanabad Road, and Survey No. 214A, Hissa No. 1.

Dated this 12th day of July, 1947.

SHAH AND CHINUBHAI,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(4400)

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
SUMMARY SUIT
Suit No 342 of 1947

NATVARLAL DWARKADAS and Ors. ..... Plaintiffs

Versus

RAICHAND PANACHAND SHAH, formerly carrying on business at Shaikh Memon Street, Bombay.

and

JUBILEE STORES, a firm. ..... Defendants.

To,
RAICHAND PANACHAND SHAH,
1st Defendant abovenamed.

TAKE NOTICE that the Plaintiffs have filed this suit against you for vacant possession of the shop, bearing Street Nos. 42-44 at Shaikh Memon Street, Bombay and for Rs. 2,353 for compensation and or mesne profits and for further compensation till possession is delivered to Plaintiffs.

You are hereby summoned to file an appearance within 10 days from the service hereof and in default the Plaintiffs will be entitled to obtain a decree for possession and Rs. 2353 for compensation and further compensation and costs.

Dated this 14th day of February, 1947.

THAKOREDAS & CO.,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.
4402

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT GHOD BUNDER ROAD, KHAR.

M/s. GANDHI & CO will under instructions from Sheth Ramnivas Kanaiyalal Poddar the Mortgagee and on account and at risk of Legal Heirs and representatives of the estate of Amiadi Vithalrao (now deceased) the Mortgagors, in pursuance of power of sale under Mortgage dated 28-6-46, sell by Public Auction undermentioned very valuable immovable property on Saturday, 19-7-47 at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) on premises.

All that piece of Land together with messuage, tenement at Ghod Bunder Road, Khar, admeasuring 580 Square Yards or thereabouts being Plot No. 1153 of Scheme No. VII of the Suburban Scheme No. VII Khar.

For particulars apply to M/s. Ambubhai & Diwanji, Solicitors or to the undersigned.

Under instructions from Govt. of India, Office of the A.D.L.H. & D. Service, S.Q.B., Area, Bombay, M/s. Gandhi & Co. will sell by Public Auction on Tuesday, 15th inst. at 11 A.M. (S.T.) at C. K. S. Depot, Plots Nos. 52, 53, 54, half a mile away from Kingsway Station and near Dharavi Hospital, West of Sion-Matunga, Bombay:—

Building materials of structures including 3 manglore tiled roofs, bricks, masonry walls, concrete floor, fencing wire, iron gate, steel angles, flats, etc.

Terms: 25% cash deposit.

AUCTION SALE OF tantage about 45 tons and a big lot of niwar on Thursday, 17th Inst. at 12 Noon (S.T.) at the factory of the Vendors on Bombay Agra Road, near Jain Derasar, Bhandup, under instructions from M/s. Goenka Trading Co., Bombay.

Terms: 25% cash deposit.

GANDHI & CO.

BONAFIDE SALE

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW (SUNDAY) at 10-30 A.M. Property of C. West, Esqr., and others, at Chowpatty sea face, near Vianelli's Restaurant of complete household and office furniture, glass door steel almirah, safe, typewriter, Singer machine, Zoola sofa, cabinet, Zoonda almirah, Vono bed, dining, writing and dressing table, chairs, show case, Chesterfield, almirah, bed, Hall, carpet, etc. (Sales Tax). T 40213 EASTERN AUCTION CO

AUCTION SALE OF 10 TRUCKS & 8 MOTOR CARS.

Under instructions from the Government Transport Service, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will on SUNDAY, 20th instant at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at G. T. S. Depot, Colaba, behind Strand Cinema:—10 Dodge, Chevrolet, Ford, Regal, Leyland and Cadilac Trucks, 8 Ford, Buick, Studbaker, Standard, Morris & Austin motor cars. Terms: 25 per cent Cash Deposit, Balance in 4 days and delivery in 7 days.

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The World's most famous fountain Pen
BECAUSE Platignum is built specially to withstand all climatic conditions — guaranteed not to warp.
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